## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report



Garland Independent School District
Garland, Texas



# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GARLAND, TEXAS

#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Prepared by: The Division of Finance

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

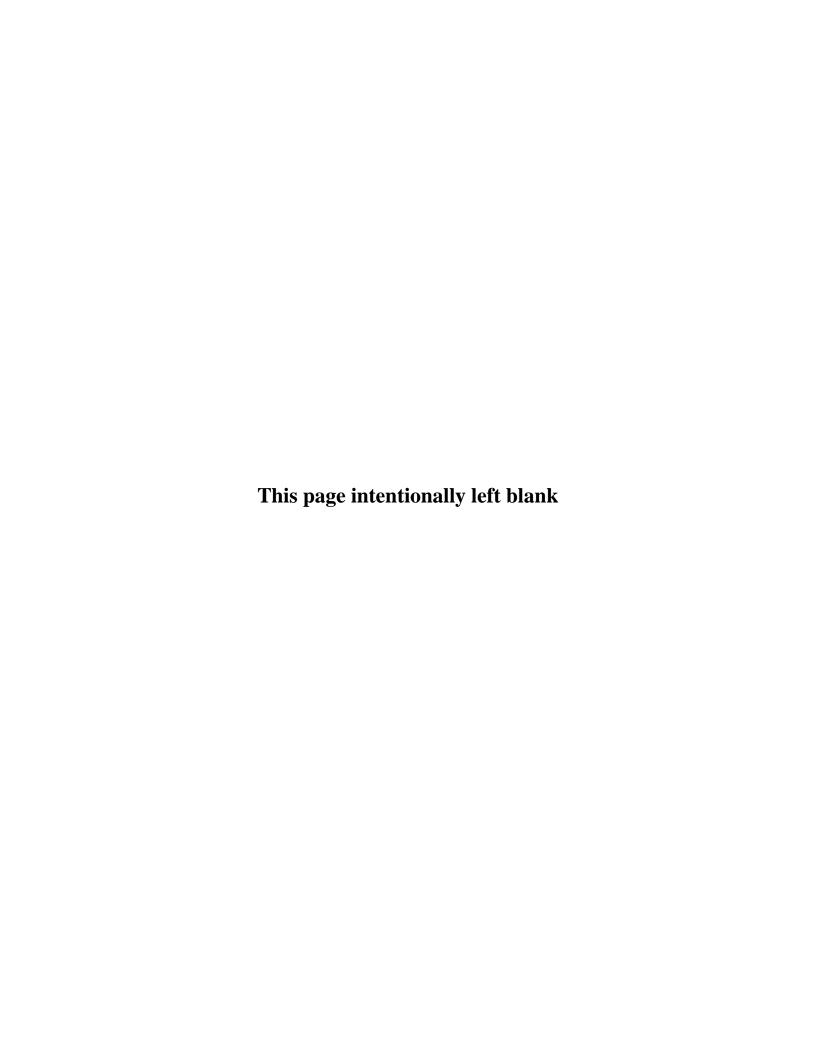
<b>Exhibit</b>		<u>Page</u>
	INTRODUCTORY SECTION (Unaudited)	
	Certificate of the Board Board of Trustees and Administrative Officials Organizational Chart Transmittal Letter GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting ASBO Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting	i ii iii iv xi xii
	FINANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	1 4
	BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
A-1 B-1	Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	12 13
C-1 C-1R C-2 C-3	Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statement of Activities	14 16 17 19
D-1 D-2 D-3	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	20 21 22
E-1 E-2	Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	23 24 25
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
G-1	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	63
G-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - National Breakfast and Lunch Program	64
G-3	Note to Required Supplemental Information Schedule of The District's Proportionate Share of The Net Pension Liability Teacher Retirement System of Texas	65 68
G-4	Schedule of The District's Contributions- Last 10 Fiscal Years Teacher Retirement System of Texas	68
G-5 G-6	Schedule of The District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of The District's Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Note to Teacher Retirement System and Post Employment Benefits Schedules	69 69 70

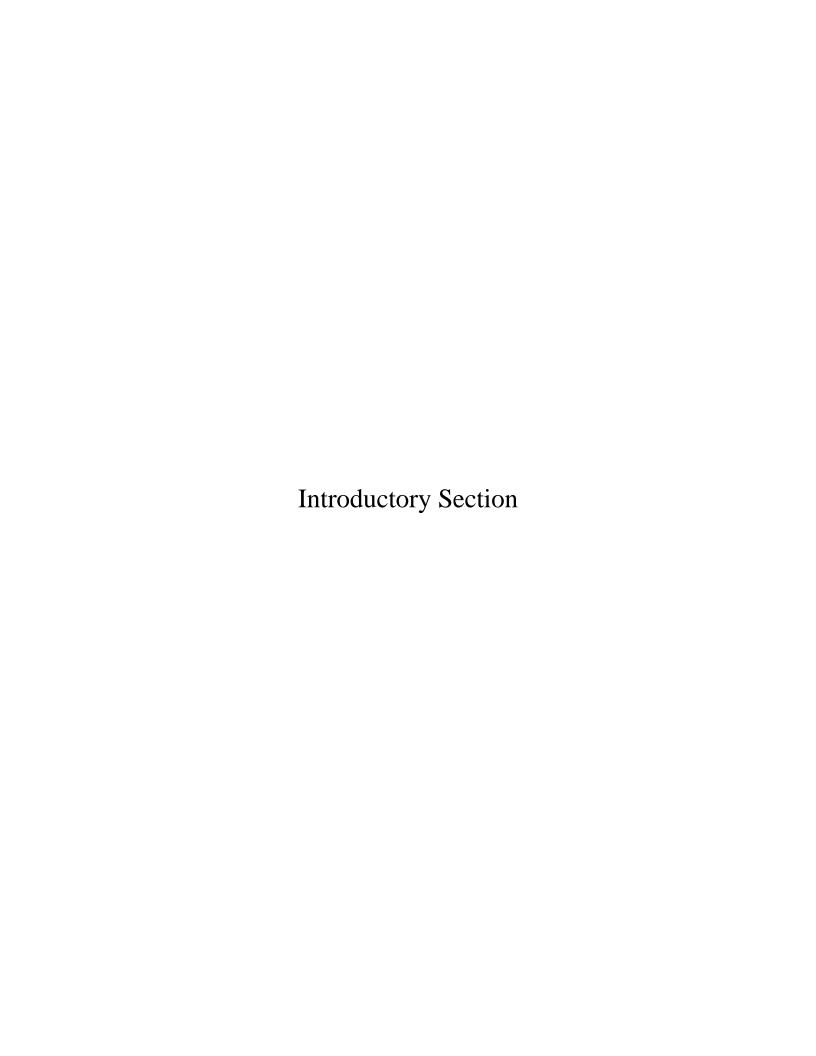
#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

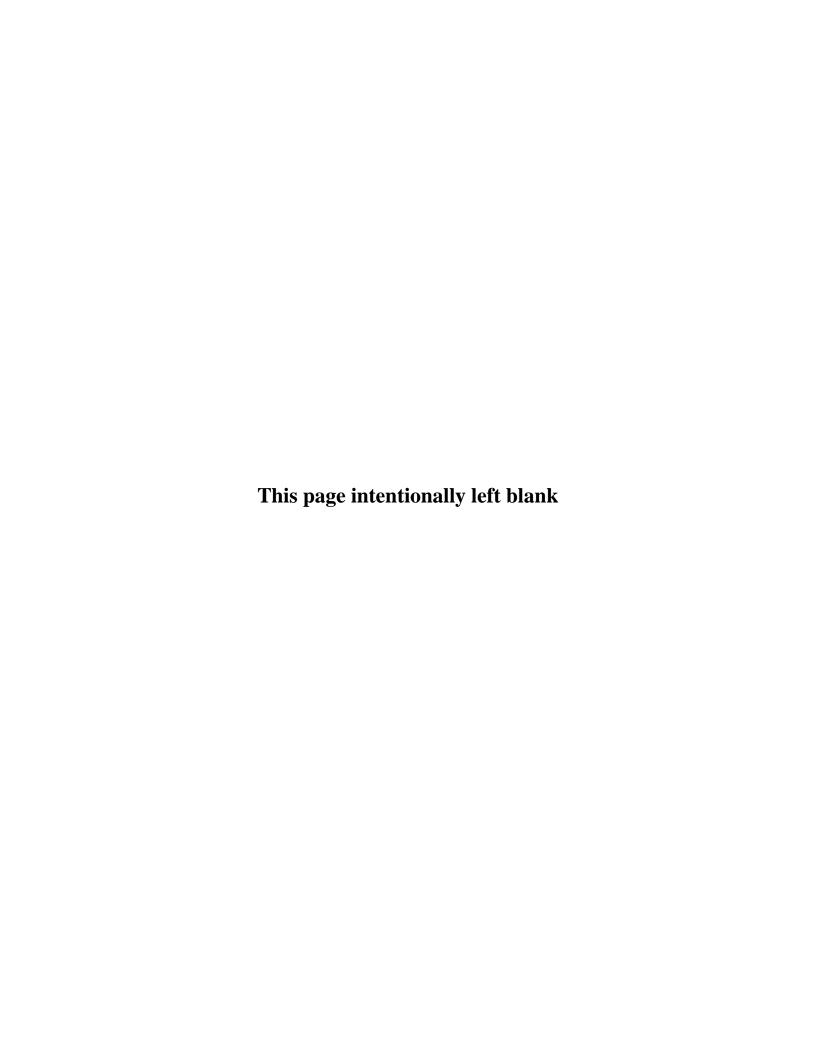
<b>Exhibit</b>		<u>Page</u>
	COMBINING STATEMENTS	
	Internal Service Funds:	71
H-1	Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds	72
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	74
H-3	in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds	76
11-3	•	
H-4	Fiduciary Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Custodial Funds	78 79
H-5	Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position	80
	REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES SECTION	
J-1	Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	81
J-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	83
	Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	
J-4	Compensatory Education Program and Bilingual Education	84
	Program Compliance Responses	
	STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED):	
	Table of Contents - Statistical Section	85
S-1	Net Position by Component	86
S-2	Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense) Revenue	88
S-3	General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position	90
S-4	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	92
S-5	Governmental Funds Revenues	94
S-6	Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio	96
S-7	Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances	98
S-8	Appraised Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property	100
S-9	Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	101
S-10	Principal Property Taxpayers	102
S-11	Property Tax Levies and Collections	103
S-12	Outstanding Debt by Type	104
S-13	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	105
S-14	Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	106
S-15	Legal Debt Margin Information	107
S-16	Demographic and Economic Statistics	108
S-17	Principal Employers	109
S-18	Full Time Equivalent District Employees by Type	110
S-19	Operating Statistics	112
S-20	Operating Indicators	113
S-21	School Building Information	114

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

<u>Exhibit</u>		Page
	FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial	115
	Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial	
	Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	
	Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program	117
	and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
K-1	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	120
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	122
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	124
	Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	126
	Corrective Action Plan	127







#### CERTIFICATE OF THE BOARD

Garland Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Dallas</u> County	057-909-10 County-District-Regional No.
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached		•
district were reviewed and (check one)	approved	disapproved for the fiscal year
ended June 30, 2023, at a meeting of the Boar	rd of Trustees o	f such school district on the <u>14</u>
day of November, 2023.		
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatur	re of Board President

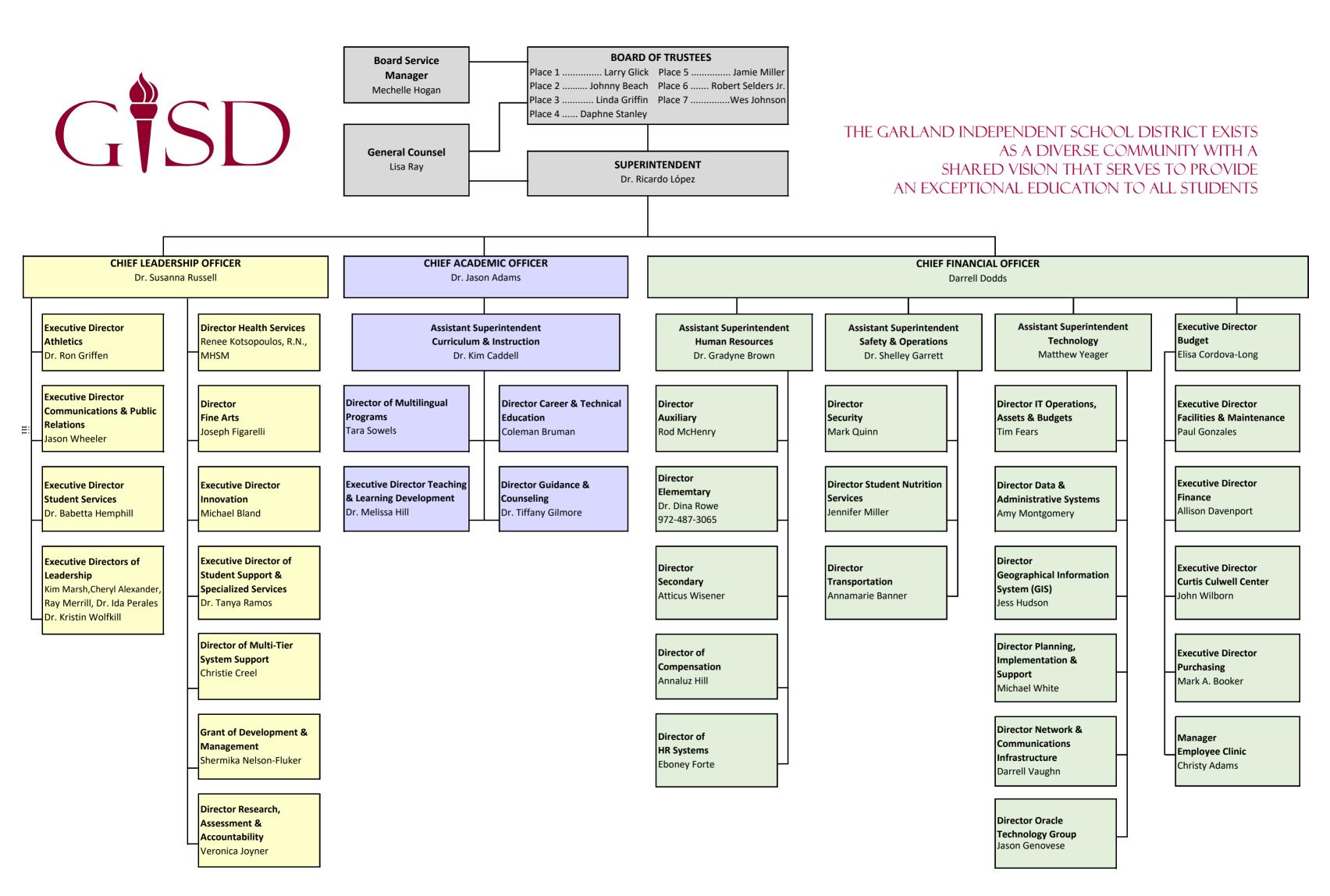
#### BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Name	Position	Place	Length of Service	Term Expires	Occupation
Larry Glick	Member	1	16 years	May 2025	Tax Attorney
Johnny Beach	Assistant Secretary	2	7 years	May 2025	Retired Educator
Linda Griffin	Vice President	3	25 years	May 2025	Consultant
Daphne Stanley	Member	4	2 years	May 2026	Senior Merchandise Planner
James Miller	Member	5	6 years	May 2026	Executive Vice President / Chief Lending Officer
Robert Selders, Jr.	Secretary	6	8 years	May 2024	Business Owner
Wesley Johnson	President	7	5 years	May 2024	Attorney

#### ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

	1121/111/12/1111111/2	
Name	Position	Length of GISD Service
Dr. Ricardo López	Superintendent	6 years
Dr. Jason Adams	Chief Academic Officer	24 years
Darrell Dodds	Chief Financial Officer	0 years
Dr. Susanna Russell	Chief Leadership Officer	5 years
Lisa Ray	General Counsel	5 years
Dr. Kim Caddell	Assistant Superintendent of Curriculum & Instruction	19 years
Dr. Gradyne Brown	Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources	22 years
Dr. Shelley Garrett	Assistant Superintendent of Safety & Operations	4 years
Matthew Yeager	Assistant Superintendent of Technology	5 years

# ORGANIZATIONAL CHART





#### **Garland Independent School District**

Division of Finance

Street Address

Harris Hill Administration Building 501 S. Jupiter RD Garland, TX 75042

**Phone** 972-487-3100

772 107 0100

FAX 972-485-4922

November 14, 2023

Board of Trustees and Citizens of the Garland Independent School District 501 S. Jupiter Garland, Texas 75042

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

The Texas Education Agency requires that all school districts file a complete set of financial statements with the Texas Education Agency (TEA). The financial statements must be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Garland Independent School District (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") is presented in five sections:

- 1. **Introductory Section**, which includes the Certificate of the Board, the Letter of Transmittal, the Organizational Chart, Board of Trustees and Administrative Officials, the Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the Association of School Business Officials ("ASBO") Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.
- 2. **Financial Section**, which includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"), the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information, Combining Statements and Supplementary Information.
- 3. **Required TEA Schedules Section**, which includes the Schedules of Delinquent Taxes Receivable, Changes in Fund Balance Budget, Actual-Debt Service Fund and Compensatory Education Program and Bilingual Education Program Compliance Responses.
- 4. **Statistical Section**, which includes financial and demographic information.
- 5. **Federal Awards Section**, which includes the Auditor's Reports, Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. In order to provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the District's assets from loss, theft or misuse. Additionally, the internal control framework is designed to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because costs of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance, rather than absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. To the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Whitley Penn, L.L.P., a firm of independent auditors, has audited the financial statements of the District. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involves examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The District is including all information required by the TEA as set forth in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. In order to comply with state-mandated audit requirements, data control codes are shown on all of the financial statements. The District is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Information related to this single audit, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, findings and recommendations, and independent auditor's reports on the internal control and compliance with applicable laws and regulations is included in this report and sent to the TEA.

GAAP requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

In 1901, Garland voters elected to incorporate as an independent school district. Facilities were remodeled and expanded over the years as needed to accommodate a growing population.

Garland ISD opened its first school for African-American children in 1922-23. Carver School served students in grades one through eight; high school students had to travel to Dallas to complete their education. Integration of the schools began in 1964 and was completed by 1970.

As the Garland area became more urban, the neighboring rural schools consolidated with the Garland school district. In its first 100 years, public education in Garland grew from a six-room building with enrollment of 130 pupils in 1901 to more than 60 campuses with an enrollment of approximately 51,000 students. As of 2023, Garland ISD has 72 campuses with an enrollment of 52,767 students.

Residents of the District elect a seven-member Board of Trustees (the Board), each of whom serves for three years. Semi-monthly meetings of the Board are posted and advertised as prescribed under state law so the Board may fulfill its charge to the students, parents, staff, and taxpayers of the District. Special meetings or work sessions are scheduled as needed. The Board has final control over all school matters except as limited by state law.

Serving the communities of Garland, Rowlett, and Sachse, the District's boundaries encompass approximately 93 square miles in Dallas County. The District provides a well-rounded program of public education for children from pre-kindergarten through grade twelve. In addition to basic instructional programs, the District offers special education, gifted and talented, bilingual/ESL, remedial, college preparatory, and career and technical programs. The District is fully accredited by the TEA.

The District has seven traditional high schools serving students in grades nine through twelve. The District has a nontraditional high school program serving students in grades nine through twelve and a high school offering advanced-level career and technical education classes. The District has twelve middle schools, forty-seven elementary schools, including two Montessori campuses, two Pre-Kindergarten centers, and two special learning centers.

The table below shows the demographic composition of the District during the 2012-13 and 2022-23 school years.

	2012-13	2022-23
Enrollment	57,914	52,767
African-American	17.2%	18.4%
American Indian	0.5%	0.3%
Asian	8.1%	9.6%
Hispanic	49.7%	54.5%
Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.1%
White	22.4%	14.0%
Two or More	2.0%	3.0%
Economically Disadvantaged	61.1%	71.5%
English Language Learners	22.0%	37.5%
Graduates	3,869	3,890

The District's total student population decreased over the past 10 years, averaging a loss of 515 student per year. The District has begun to see increases for Pre-K enrollment and looks for that trend to continue in the coming years. However, need for student academic support continues to increase, as evidenced in increases in student groups based on special program identification and the learning loss created by the pandemic. These changes require adjustments in the instructional programs. Educational research suggests economically disadvantaged students come to school with academic needs that should be addressed through early childhood programs, accelerated instruction, and extended learning time. The District is utilizing Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) funding to meet identified needs and learning loss for all students.

Another challenge facing many Texas school districts is the growing number of students who are learning English as a second language and do not currently possess grade-level appropriate English-language proficiency. While the majority of non-English speakers are Hispanic, the District serves students speaking more than 62 different languages. The most common languages are Spanish, Vietnamese, Amharic, Arabic and Malayalam. The District is continuing to expand and improve the bilingual and English-as-a-Second Language instructional programs. The growth, particularly in these two areas, is an ongoing challenge for the Garland Independent School District.

There are a number of charter schools that serve the same population as Garland ISD. These charter schools receive their charters from the state and are separate and apart from Garland ISD. The District competes with these charter schools for the same students. Similar to Garland ISD, these charter schools receive state funding based on their Average Daily Attendance and special population counts. However, unlike Garland ISD, they do not have the ability to levy local property taxes. As such, relative to Garland ISD, these charter schools are generally more heavily dependent on state revenues for their Maintenance and Operations funding.

A high degree of professionalism exists among the District's employees and an on-going recognition of student and staff excellence contributes to this environment. The instructional program is geared toward having the students meet or exceed grade-level expectations. Emphasis is placed on higher-level thinking skills, including research methodologies and independent, complex, and critical thinking skills.

The District attracts highly qualified personnel because of its commitment to excellence. The following table shows the employee composition of the District during the 2012-13 and 2022-23 school year.

	2012-13	2022-23
Total Staff	7,171	7,173
Teachers	3,636	3,476
Masters or Doctorate	29.0%	29.5%
Average Years of Experience	11.7	10.5
Student/Teacher Ratio	15.9	15.2

The District maintains budgetary controls throughout all of its financial systems. The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the official budget adopted by the Board. The Board adopts an official budget for the general fund, debt service fund, and student nutrition services fund (which is included in the special revenue fund). In accordance with procedures prescribed by the Texas Education Code, the Board must approve budget amendments that affect the total amount in a fund or functional spending category prior to the expenditure of funds. The functional level is specified by Board policy as the legal level of budgetary control.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION AND LONG-RANGE PLANNING

The information presented in the financial statements is best understood when it is considered within the broader perspective of the specific environment in which the District operates.

**Local Economy**. The District is located approximately fourteen miles northeast of downtown Dallas. The economic condition of the area within the District's boundaries has improved slightly from the prior year. The table below compares property values for the District.

	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24
Certified Market Value	\$29,074,711,260	\$35,599,044,760	\$39,956,884,430
Average Market Value of Residence	\$233,056	\$298,246	\$320,884

Housing in the District was marked by a continuation of elevated home prices driven by low inventories and high interest rates. The DFW housing market is dealing with the rise in 30-year mortgage rates. The 30-year mortgage interest rate was 6.27% as of April 2023, which is the highest mortgage rate since 2009. Pre-owned home sales began to slow down during the year as a result of the higher interest rates. Homebuilders are experiencing labor shortages and supply chain challenges which continue to elongate construction cycle times. However, housing demand remains exceptionally strong and corporate relocations to the DFW area are bringing plenty of buyers with large equities. The high demand for new homes has continued in the District. There were 164 new home starts and 359 new homes occupied in the District during first quarter 2023. Garland ISD currently ranks 27th in total annual new home closing compared to the other 90 DFW school districts. There are 910 single family lots under development with another 4,300 future lots planned as of March 2023. There are over 5,500 new apartments that are currently in-process or planned in the District. Residential growth is expected to generate 4,400 new students over the next 10 years. Due to large graduating classes and declining elementary enrollment, residential growth will likely only keep District enrollment on a flat-growth path over the next five years. As more residential growth occurs in 5-10 years, enrollment is expected to increase.

**State Funding**. In June 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature passed House Bill (HB3), which impacts funding beginning with the 2019-20 school year. The bill provides more money for Texas classrooms, increases teacher compensation, and cuts local property taxes for Texas taxpayers. The bill is broken down by four major areas: Supports Teachers and Rewards Teacher Excellence, Focuses on Learning and Improving Student Outcomes, Increases Funding and Equity and Reduces and Reforms Property Taxes and Recapture.

This bill supports teachers by increasing the Basic Allotment from \$5,140 to \$6,160. It also required districts to allocate 30% of new funding toward full-time employee increases when the basic allotment increases, with 75% of this going to teacher, counselors, nurses and librarians.

The 87th Texas Legislature committed to fully funding HB3 even in the wake of a global pandemic. HB 1525 is the major school finance legislation to come out of the session and it started as a HB 3 clean-up bill, but many additional provisions were added as it moved through the process. This bill addressed issues created by HB3 and instituted other new programs, funding changes and requirements not previously in statute.

The 88th Texas Legislature ended with no increase in per-student funding and no money designated for teacher pay raises, despite a \$33 billion budget surplus. Special sessions have been called with the potential to address these areas.

**Bond Election and Issuance**. Garland ISD voters approved a \$1.279 billion bond package on May 6, 2023. The bond included three propositions, Proposition A, Proposition B and Proposition C, to fund significant investments to address the following:

#### Proposition A - \$1,103,130,000

- Facility renovations & improvements at all campuses
- Safety perimeter fencing at all campuses
- Forced-entry-resistant film at all campus main entrances
- Classroom barrier improvements and library enclosures to enhance safety at 12 open-concept elementary schools
- Remove all portables from elementary campuses
- 4 replacement, energy-efficient elementary campuses
- 2 ADA-accessible playgrounds with canopies at all elementary campuses
- High school fine arts improvements
- New fieldhouses for all high schools
- Middle school boys and girls locker room renovations
- Turf fields, with bleacher canopies, for all high school softball and baseball fields
- New Memorial Pathway Academy/Student Services Center
- New Transportation Center
- New Network Operations Center (NOC)
- New Agriculture Sciences Facility
- Gilbreath-Reed Career and Technology Center expansion

#### Proposition B - \$135,910,000

• Multi-Program Activity Centers at all seven high schools

#### Proposition C - \$40,605,000

• Technology Device Refresh for students and staff

Management continues to evaluate the renovation and new facility needs of the District. The table below provides the average age of District campuses by type based on the year the campus opened.

	Number	Average Age
Pre-Kindergarten Centers	2	17 years
Elementary Schools	47	46 years
Middle Schools	12	49 years
High Schools	7	46 years
Other Learning Centers	4	38 years

**Fund Balance**. The unassigned fund balance in the general fund is 48.1% of general fund expenditures and 45.0% of the 2023 adopted general fund budget. This represents 5.8 months of operations in the general fund. The District has been aware of the possibility of fluctuations in state funding for several years and has taken steps to control expenditures and increase operational efficiencies, although we continue to address additional ways to further address cost savings measures.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES AND ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Garland ISD has been selected as one of Texas's top five Outstanding School Districts. This prestigious award, presented by H-E-B in their Excellence in Education program, recognizes school districts that have made a tremendous impact on their community through outstanding student achievement as well as parent and community involvement. Garland ISD demonstrates exceptional leadership dedicated to student achievement through innovative programs, engagement from families and the surrounding community, as well as professional development opportunities for teachers and administrators.

A dedicated educator from Sachse High School has been honored as the Region 10 Secondary Teacher of the Year. Mr. John Murray, an English teacher known for his innovative teaching methods and commitment to his students, has been recognized for his outstanding contributions to education. Mr. Murray, who teaches English at Sachse High School, has consistently demonstrated an unparalleled passion for the subject. His unique approach to teaching has not only inspired countless students to fall in love with the subject of English but has also helped them achieve academic excellence.

The Garland ISD Guidance and Counseling department, in collaboration with the SEL Steering Committee, created the SEL School of Excellence Award as a unique opportunity to recognize campuses based on the effectiveness of SEL implementation. 18 campuses across the district earned a gold, silver or bronze distinction. Our Schools of Excellence serve as model campuses in implementing SEL and we are excited to honor all the work that has been done on behalf of our students and families.

Residents of Garland, Rowlett, and Sachse approved \$1.279 billion on three propositions on the May 6, 2023 bond election. At a special meeting on February 14, the Garland ISD Board of Trustees approved calling for a bond election. The bond will modernize aging facilities, enhance student safety, and provide additional infrastructure upgrades for GISD students. Proposition A allocates \$1.103 billion for safety and security upgrades including forced-entry-resistant film at all campus main entrances, safety perimeter fencing at all campuses, removal of all elementary school portables, four replacement, energy-efficient elementary campuses, renovations and improvements to all existing schools, high-priority capital improvements such as two new ADA-accessible playgrounds with canopies at every elementary school, new Memorial Pathway Academy/Student Services Center, expansion of the Gilbreath-Reed Career & Technology Center, fine arts and athletics improvements, refreshed high school auditoriums, new athletic field houses for each high school, new turf baseball and softball fields for each high school, middle school boys and girls locker room renovations, new transportation center, HVAC and roofing, new Network Operations Center and a new Agriculture Sciences facility. Proposition B provides \$135.9 million for Multi-Program Activity Centers at all high school campuses. These centers will be utilized by marching bands, drill teams, cheerleaders, special education students, athletics teams, and many others during periods of rain, snow, extreme heat or cold and other weather concerns. Proposition C designates \$40.6 million for 1:1 student and staff device refresh.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards - The Government Finance Officers Associations of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District published an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report in which contents conformed to program standards. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. The District has received a Certificate of Achievement for thirty-four consecutive years. We believe our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The District was awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting by the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) stating that the District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, substantially conformed to the recommended principles and standards of financial reporting adopted by that organization. The District has received the Certificate of Excellence for thirty-five consecutive years. The Certificate of Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Excellence program requirements and we are submitting it to ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Texas Association of School Business Officials (TASBO) awarded the District the prestigious Award of Excellence in Financial Management and the Award of Merit for Purchasing Operations. The Award of Excellence is given to Texas school districts, open-enrollment charter schools, and education services centers that demonstrate professional standards, best practices, and innovations in the area of financial management and reporting. Award of Merit for Purchasing Operations recognizes educational organizations with the best practice in the area of purchasing.

**Acknowledgments** - The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the Division of Finance. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed.

We also wish to thank the Board of Trustees for their continued leadership and support and for planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

Ricardo López, Ed.D Superintendent

Ďarrell Dodds

Chief Financial Officer

Allison Davenport, CPA
Executive Director of Finance



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### Garland Independent School District Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

# **Garland Independent School District**

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



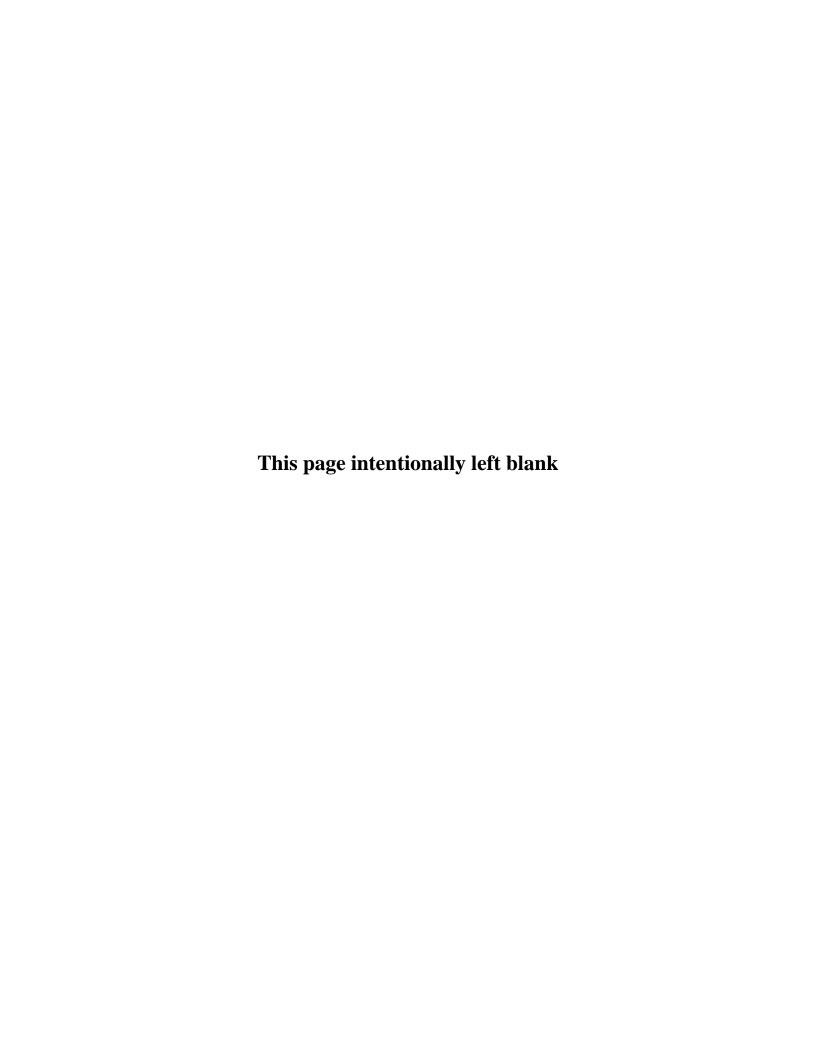
John W. Hutchison President

for W. Artchori

Siobhán McMahon, CAE
Chief Operations Officer/
Interim Executive Director

Sirkhan MMh







Dallas Office 8343 Douglas Avenue Suite 400 Dallas, Texas 75225 214 393 9300 Main

whitleypenn.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Garland Independent School District Garland, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Garland Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
  are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and other-post employment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining fund financial statements, required TEA schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

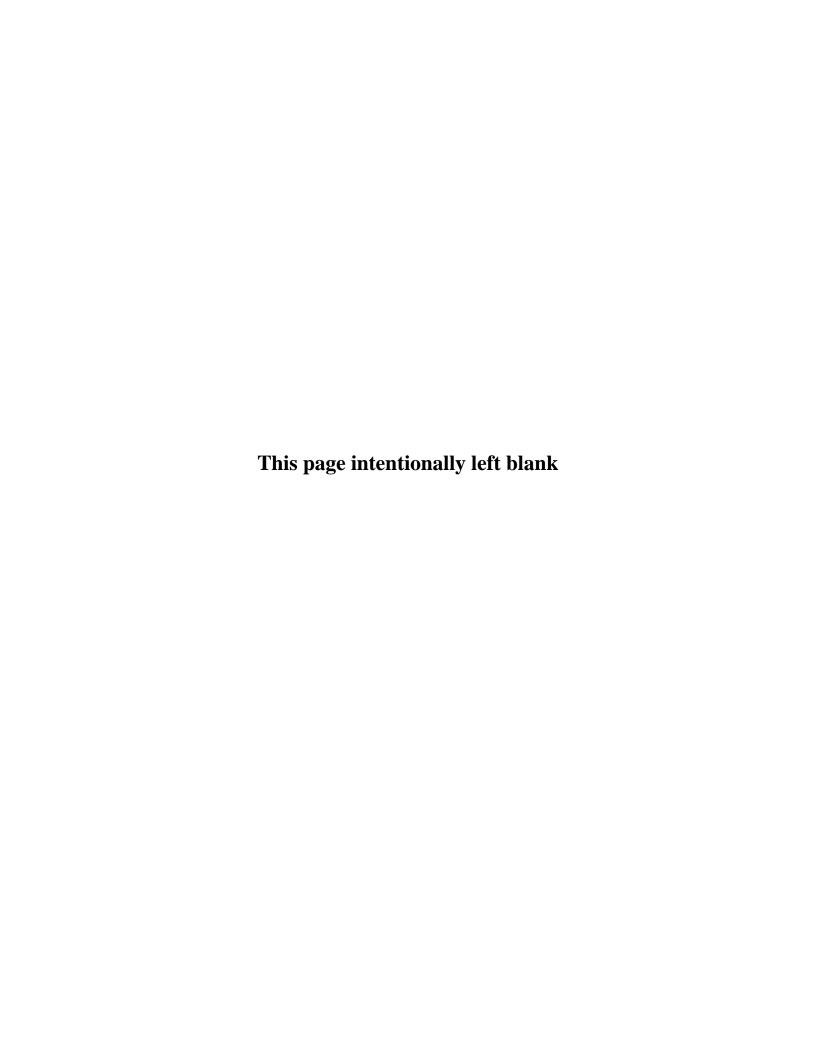
#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dallas, Texas

November 14, 2023

Whitley FERN LLP



#### **Garland Independent School District**

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2023

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$435,926,636 (net position). Of this amount \$111,578,260 was restricted for specific purposes (i.e. Federal/State grants, Debt Service and Student Nutrition). Unrestricted net position was (\$104,390,058) due to GASB 68 and 75. The remainder represents the net investments in capital assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$411,367,226, which breaks down as follows.

Non-Spendable	\$ 4,779,473	1.2%
Restricted	117,746,071	28.6%
Committed	10,917,895	2.7%
Assigned	25,244,762	6.1%
Unassigned	 252,679,025	61.4%
Total	\$ 411,367,226	100.0%

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Both the discussion and analysis presented are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources. Net position is equal to assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all current year revenues and expenses regardless of when revenue is received or expenses incurred. Therefore, some revenues and expenses reported in this statement will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board of Trustees of the District is legally accountable. They can also be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. The District has no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The *fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants. Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

- Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmentwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The District maintains four governmental funds all of which are considered to be major funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, and special revenue fund. Per the Texas Education Agency, the District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and student nutrition services fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-19 of this report.
- **Proprietary funds**. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The District's five proprietary funds are Internal Service Funds. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions. The District uses the Internal Service Fund to report activities for its motor pool, print shop, risk management, copier pool and Curtis Culwell Center. The proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the District operates like a business. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.
- Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position that can be found on pages 23-24. These activities are excluded from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-62 of this report.

**Other information**. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 63-70 of this report.

Combining statements are prepared in connection with internal service funds and are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pages 71-80 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As previously noted, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2023, assets and deferred outflow of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$435,926,636.

#### The District's Net Position

	Governmental				
	Activ	Activities			
	2023	2022			
Current and other assets	\$ 485,993,249	\$ 526,591,944			
Capital assets	781,767,064	779,644,298			
Restricted assets	10,950,000				
Total assets	1,278,710,313	1,306,236,242			
Total deferred outflows	107,962,616	84,679,844			
Noncurrent liabilities	694,412,827	710,844,355			
Other liabilities	73,643,854	90,629,086			
Total liabilities	768,056,681	801,473,441			
Total deferred inflows	182,689,612	217,867,192			
Net investment in					
capital assets	428,738,434	361,452,377			
Restricted	111,578,260	105,839,649			
Unrestricted	(104,390,058)	(95,716,573)			
Total net position	\$ 435,926,636	\$ 371,575,453			

**Net Position.** As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's combined net position between fiscal years 2023 and 2022 increased by \$64.3 million. The District's net investment in capital assets is \$428.7 million and includes investments in capital assets (e.g. land, building, equipment, improvements, and construction in progress) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Of the remaining net position, \$111.6 million are restricted resources subject to external restrictions on how they are used, and (\$104.4) million are unrestricted resources.

The District uses the capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The above table provides a summary of the Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position for governmental activities for years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### **Changes in the District's Net Position**

	Governmentar			
	Activi			
	 2023	2022		
Revenues:				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 10,346,086	\$ 6,449,341		
Operating grants and contributions	 121,327,664	134,922,344		
General revenues	,,	- ,- ,-		
Property taxes	325,541,650	299,361,932		
State grants	227,774,513	244,406,171		
Other	25,628,280	12,010,586		
Total revenues	 710,618,193	697,150,374		
	710,010,150	031,100,011		
Expenses				
Instructional and				
instructional related services	374,805,327	341,880,762		
Instructional and school leadership	45,283,857	41,608,369		
Support services - student	105,712,423	100,641,905		
Administrative support services	19,524,991	16,676,471		
Support services – non-student	85,646,943	100,193,624		
Community services	3,173,845	2,754,483		
Debt service	10,975,690	16,168,281		
Facilities repairs and maintenance	592,688	541,822		
Payments to fiscal agent of				
shared services arrangement	137,800	176,895		
Payments to JJAEP	58,632	30,702		
Intergovernmental charges	982,673	897,947		
Total expenses	 646,894,869	621,571,261		
Excess of revenues over expenses	63,723,324	75,579,113		
Special item - gain on disposal of assets	 627,859	1,544,245		
Increase/(Decreases) in net position	64,351,183	77,123,358		
Beginning net position	371,575,453	294,452,095		
Prior Period Adjustment				
Ending net position	\$ 435,926,636	\$ 371,575,453		

Governmental

**Governmental activities.** Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$64,351,183. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was \$646,894,869. The amount our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$325,541,650 or 50%.

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As previously noted, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$411,367,226 a decrease of \$20,617,874 from last year's restated fund balance.

Non-Spendable - Inventories	\$ 4,779,473	1.2%
Restricted - Grant Funds	19,609,985	4.8%
Restricted - Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations	5,446,933	1.3%
Restricted - Retirement of Long-term Debt	92,689,153	22.5%
Committed - Self-Insurance	7,000,000	1.7%
Committed - Local Special Revenue Funds	3,917,895	1.0%
Assigned - Construction and Capital Expenditures	24,121,862	5.9%
Assigned - Other	1,122,900	0.3%
Unassigned	252,679,025	61.3%
	\$ 411,367,226	100.0%

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the general fund's unassigned fund balance was \$252,679,025. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 47.8% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 49.7% of that same amount.

The general fund's fund balance decreased \$23,065,179 during the current fiscal year. The decrease is primary due to the transfers out to the capital projects funds and Curtis Culwell Center internal service fund to fund construction projects described in Note 8. Other factors affecting the decreases are increased payroll expenditures with no new revenue from the state.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$92,689,153 all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The decrease in debt services fund balance was \$5,566,474. This decrease was due to a debt defeasance the district was able to do in June 2023 saving that district over \$14 million in future interest expenditures.

The capital projects fund increased its fund balance by \$4,863,398. This increase is due to transfers in from the general plan for construction projects describe in Note 8. The projects are in addition to the planned construction and renovation expenditures of school facilities associated with the November 2014 and May 2023 bond authorizations.

The special revenue fund increased its fund balance by \$3,150,381. This increase is primarily due to a \$5,130,015 increase in fund balance in Student Nutrition Services with increased participation and funding received from the Federal Program reimbursement.

**Proprietary funds**. As previously noted, the District's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Net position of the District's internal service funds at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$8,392,791, a decrease of \$221,223. This is due in part to the increase in workers compensation claims experienced by the district. It was offset by an increase to the Curtis Culwell Center fund due to the transfer in from the general funds as detailed in Note 8.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

In June 2022 the Board of Trustees adopted the 2022-23 budget, which supports the District's strategic goals. The budgeting process involves careful planning to properly align revenues and appropriations. A conservative budget approach is utilized when estimating revenues. Expenditures, on the other hand, are allocated to be fully expended. This methodology, in essence, creates a 'worst case budget scenario' and ensures that expenditures by function are not exceeded. The expected result each year is that revenues will exceed estimated amounts and expenditures will be less than budgeted.

During the course of the year, the District monitors revenues and expenditures and submits monthly amendments to the Board for approval to be more in line with expected final results. Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved, several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments fall into the following categories:

- Amendments approved shortly after the beginning of the new fiscal year for amounts reserved and designated in the prior year
- Amendments approved shortly after the beginning of the new fiscal year to align the payroll budget with job assignment changes
- Amendments to revise estimates for local and state revenue based on the latest information on student attendance numbers and tax collections
- Amendments throughout the year for transfers to and from other funds and federal indirect cost calculations
- Amendments during the year for changes in programs

Significant differences between the original and final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

#### **GENERAL FUND**

#### Revenues

- \$1,800,000 increase in local revenue to higher than projected tax collections
- \$9,000,000 increase in interest income.
- \$3,400,000 decrease in SHARS revenue due to change in the programmatic requirements
- \$3,400,000 decrease in state funding due to changes in projected Teacher Incentive Allotment

Expenditures by function are amended monthly to fulfill requests from campuses and central organizations to appropriately code expenses as required by the state accountability system.

Additionally, the District made and the Board approved the transfers out:

- \$2,396,375 transferred out to capital projects to replace video scoreboards at Williams and HBJ Stadium.
- \$8,910,408 transferred out to capital projects to fund Turf, Track, and Scoreboard projects at selected high school campuses.
- \$1,000,000 transferred out to capital projects to fund the remaining portion of the Hudson MS Sanitary Line Replacement Phase I & II.
- \$196,901 transferred out to capital projects to fund the remaining construction of the Park Crest Elementary School Garden Project.
- \$2,695,934 transferred out to capital projects to fund the eight Fine Arts Semi-Trailers and Cabs.

- \$2,497,630 transferred out to capital projects to fund HVAC Capital Improvements Increase and HVAC Controls Upgrade
- \$380,000 was transferred out to the Curtis Culwell Center Internal Service Fund to make improvements to the digital signage

After appropriations were amended as described above, actual revenues were \$8,846,192 less than final budgeted amounts due to less revenue from federal programs indirect cost reimbursement than final budgeted estimates. Actual expenditures were \$34,424,751 less than final budget amounts due to savings primarily from operational changes due to COVID-19 and savings from vacant positions. Year-end revenues were less than expenditures, thus taking from to existing fund balance.

#### NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM

#### Revenues

• \$2,000,000 decrease in local revenue offset by a \$2,000,000 increase in federal revenue due to increase in anticipated meal participation.

#### Expenditures

• \$1,500,000 decrease in food services expenditures due savings from the adopted budget.

Actual revenues were \$735,384 greater than final budgeted amounts due to more revenue in federal sources than final budgeted estimates. Actual expenditures were \$4,346,631 less than final budget amounts due to the year-end payroll accrual being less than estimated and higher than normal vacancy rate. Year-end expenditures were less than revenue, thus increasing existing fund balance.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital assets.** The District's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) for governmental activities was \$781,767,064 and \$779,644,298 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, rights to use assets and SBITAs..

#### District's Capital Assets (net of depreciation/amortization)

	 2023		2022
Governmental Activities		·	·
Land	\$ 35,835,595	\$	35,835,595
Land improvements, net	18,398,983		20,475,187
Buildings and improvements, net	659,945,064		671,566,317
Furniture and equipment, net	24,694,872		27,370,239
Right to Use Lease Asset - Building, net	314,803		563,315
SBITA, net	13,235,520		-
Right to Use Lease Asset -Equipment, net	4,575,282		-
Construction in progress	 24,766,945		23,833,645
Total at historical cost	\$ 781,767,064	\$	779,644,298

The decrease in governmental capital assets is due primarily to a decrease in construction in progress due to completed projects from the November 2014 bond authorization along with an increase in the accumulated depreciation/amortization due as assets have been placed in service. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

**Long-term debt.** At June 30, 2023, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$345,570 000 a decrease of \$78,470,000 from the prior year. This decrease is due to scheduled bond payments and a defeasance along with no new issuances of building bonds for the 2023 year.

The "AAA" long-term rating on the District's Texas bonds reflects the Texas Permanent School Fund guarantee. The District maintains underlying ratings of Aaa from Moody's Investors Service and AA+ from Fitch Ratings. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- The unemployment rate for the City of Garland stands at 4.1%. Dallas County has a 4.3% unemployment rate as compared to a statewide rate of 4.5% and a national average of 3.9%.
- Inflationary trends in the region tend to be similar to the national consumer price index (CPI). The region's CPI increased 4.0% while the nation experienced a 3.7% increase.
- The District's student attendance rate has historically been approximately 97%.
- The District has appropriated revenues of \$513,574,982 and expenditures of \$583,361,378 in the 2023-24 budget of the General Fund.
- The Debt Service Fund has budgeted revenues of \$113,831,072 and expenditures of \$75,507,045 in the 2023-24 budget.
- The Student Nutrition Services Fund revenue and expenditure budgets for 2022-23 are \$36,162,408 and \$44,051,701, respectively.
- The 2023-24 budget is based on a total property tax rate of \$1.0532 per hundred dollars of assessed value. The property tax rate for maintenance and operations is \$0.6692 per hundred dollars of assessed value. The debt service tax rate is \$0.3840 per hundred dollars of assessed value. The District's taxable value for 2023-24 increased 3.12% due to an increase in commercial and residential property values.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director of Finance, Garland ISD, P.O. Box 469026, Garland, Texas, 75046-9026.



#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

JUNE 30, 2023	
Data	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 389,970,594
1220 Property Taxes - Receivable - Delinquent	8,801,617
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(455,636)
1240 Due From Other Governments	82,455,301
1290 Other Receivables, net	441,900
1300 Inventories	4,779,473
Capital Assets:	1,772,173
1510 Land	35,835,595
1510 Land Improvements, net	18,398,983
1520 Buildings and Building Improvements, net	659,945,064
1530 Furniture and Equipment, net	24,694,872
1551 Right to Use Lease Asset - Building, net	314,803
1553 SBITA, net	13,235,520
1559 Right to Use Lease Asset -Equipment, net	4,575,282
1580 Construction in Progress	24,766,945
1800 Restricted Assets	10,950,000
1000 Total Assets	1,278,710,313
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1700 Deferred Charge on Refunding	2 260 145
1700 Deferred Charge on Retunding 1705 Deferred Outflow of Resources for Pension Activities	2,369,145
1706 Deferred Outflow of Resources for OPEB	77,541,266
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	28,052,205
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	107,962,616
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	9,890,538
2140 Interest Payable	5,675,824
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	1,710,065
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	54,511,001
2180 Due to other governments 2200 Accrued Expenses	566,807
2300 Unearned Revenues	266,238 1,023,381
Noncurrent Liabilities:	1,023,361
2501 Due Within One Year	57,095,446
2502 Due in More Than One Year	330,296,446
2531 Right to Use Lease Liability Long Term	3,785,799
2533 SBITA Liability—Long-Term	10,584,875
2540 Net Pension Liability	189,642,334
2545 Net OPEB Liability	95,995,296
2532 Vested Vacation Benefits Payable	1,004,779
2533 Loan Payable - Long Term	4,766,872
2591 Long-Term Claims Liability	1,240,980
2000 Total Liabilities	768,056,681
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	21 402 102
2605 Deferred Inflow of Resources for Pension Activities	21,403,103
2606 Deferred Inflow of Resources for OPEB	161,286,509
NET DOSITION	182,689,612
NET POSITION  3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	120 720 121
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets 3850 Restricted for Debt Service	428,738,434 88 007 143
3820 Restricted for Debt Service 3820 Restricted for Grant Funds	88,907,143
3820 Restricted for Student Nutrition Services	2,390,707 20,280,410
3900 Unrestricted Net Position	(104,390,058)
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 435,926,636
Total For London	Ψ <del>133,720,030</del>

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

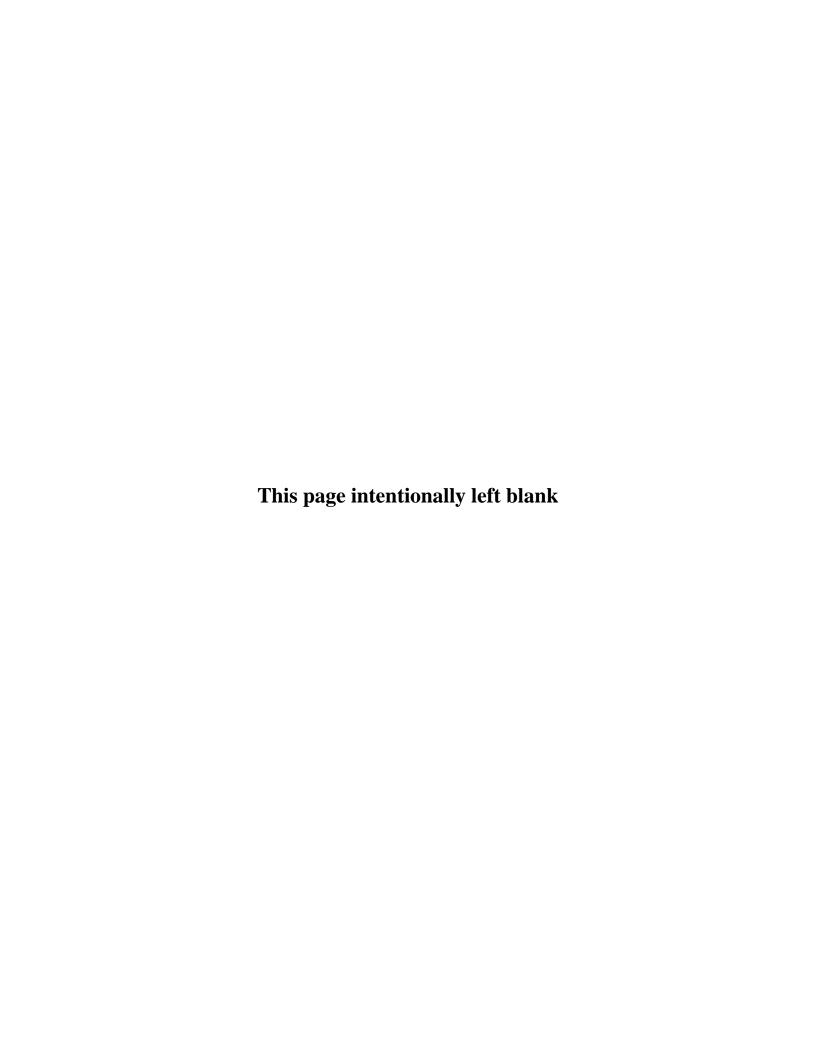
#### Exhibit B-1

			Progra	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Data Control		1	3 Character	4 Operating	6
Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
	Primary Government:	Expenses	Bervices	Contributions	renvines
	Governmental Activities:				
11	Instruction	\$ 344,259,620	\$ 168,737	\$ 46,643,756	\$ (297,447,127)
12	Instructional Resources And Media Services	8,487,030	, ,,,,,,,	248,840	(8,238,190)
13	Curriculum And Staff Development	22,058,677		11,795,039	(10,263,638)
21	Instructional Leadership	12,080,850		5,268,164	(6,812,686)
23	School Leadership	33,203,007		1,965,090	(31,237,917)
31	Guidance, Counseling, And Evaluation Services	27,249,421		3,420,836	(23,828,585)
32	Social Work Services	852,798		470,673	(382,125)
33	Health Services	8,094,188		291,661	(7,802,527)
34	Student Transportation	22,770,194		6,097,079	(16,673,115)
35	Food Service	30,487,660	4,968,582	31,455,926	5,936,848
36	Extracurricular Activities	16,258,162	4,796,141	309,793	(11,152,228)
41	General Administration		4,790,141	1,161,142	
51	Facilities Maintenance And Operations	19,524,991	412,626	1,320,629	(18,363,849)
52	•	58,623,991	412,020		(56,890,736)
52 53	Security And Monitoring Services	7,553,802		25,783	(7,528,019)
	Data Processing Services	19,469,150		2,994,026	(16,475,124)
61	Community Services	3,173,845		863,776	(2,310,069)
72	Interest On Long-Term Debt	10,946,790		5,538,826	(5,407,964)
73	Bond Issuance Costs And Fees	28,900		1 210 022	(28,900)
81	Facilities Planning	592,688		1,319,933	727,245
93	Payments To Fiscal Agent Of Shared	127.000		104 471	4.120
	Services Arrangement	137,800		136,674	(1,126)
95	Payments To Juvenile Justice Alternative				
	Education Programs	58,632			(58,632)
99	Intergovernmental Charges	982,673		18	(982,655)
TP	TP Total Primary Government	646,894,869	10,346,086	121,327,664	(515,221,119)
	Data Control <u>Codes</u> General Re Taxes:	venues:			
		erty Taxes, Levied For General Pur	noses		237,293,135
	1	erty Taxes, Levied For Debt Servic	•		88,248,515
		d-Formula Grants (Unrestricted)	C		227,774,513
		And Contributions Not Restricted 7	o Specific Programs		8,033,656
		ent Earnings	o specific Frograms		15,700,767
	MI Miscella	E			1,893,857
	Special Iter				1,073,037
		ns - Gain on Disposal of Assets			627,859
		al General Revenues			579,572,302
	CN	Change in Net Position			64,351,183
	NB Net Positio	č			371,575,453
	NE Net Positio	5 5			\$ 435,926,636
	TAL TACTIONIO				- 155,720,050

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRCIT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data Contro		10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	
A	SSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	244,909,354	\$	81,997,452
	Property Taxes Receivable - Delinquent		6,525,693		2,275,924
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)		(382,036)		(73,600)
1240	Due From Other Governments		42,181,805		
1260	Due From Other Funds		24,077,492		
1290	Other Receivables		372,618		
1300	Inventories		1,718,341		
1800	Restricted Assets				10,950,000
1000	Total Assets		319,403,267		95,149,776
LIA	ABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable		790,438		4
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		1,710,065		
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		49,048,185		
2170	Due to Other Funds				
2180	Due to Other Governments				566,807
2200	Accrued Expenditures		12,168		
2300	Unearned Revenues		21,494		
2000	Total Liabilities		51,582,350		566,811
DE	EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2600	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		5,300,651		1,893,812
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,300,651		1,893,812
FU	IND BALANCES				
3410	Non-Spendable - Inventories		1,718,341		
3450	Restricted - Grant Funds				
3470	Restricted - Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations				
3480	Restricted - Retirement of Long-term Debt				92,689,153
3540	Committed - Self-Insurance		7,000,000		
3545	Committed - Local Special Revenue Funds				
3550	Assigned - Construction and Capital Expenditures				
3590	Assigned - Other		1,122,900		
3600	Unassigned		252,679,025		
3000	Total Fund Balances		262,520,266		92,689,153
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	319,403,267	\$	95,149,776

	60 Capital Projects		Special evenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	34,266,542	\$	17,593,642	\$	378,766,990
					8,801,617
					(455,636)
			40,273,496		82,455,301
					24,077,492
			2.041.122		372,618
			3,061,132		4,779,473
-	24 266 542		60 029 270		10,950,000
	34,266,542		60,928,270		509,747,855
	4,697,747		4,129,853		9,618,042
	, ,				1,710,065
			5,528,835		54,577,020
			24,077,492		24,077,492
					566,807
			254,070		266,238
			349,008		370,502
	4,697,747		34,339,258		91,186,166
					7,194,463
	-		-		7,194,463
			3,061,132		4,779,473
			19,609,985		19,609,985
	5,446,933				5,446,933
					92,689,153
					7,000,000
			3,917,895		3,917,895
	24,121,862				24,121,862
					1,122,900
					252,679,025
	29,568,795		26,589,012		411,367,226
\$	34,266,542	\$	60,928,270	\$	509,747,855



# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Exhibit C1-R

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 411,367,226
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	8,392,791
	0,372,771
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. The capital assets related to internal service funds (\$10,231,789) are included in the net effect of consolidation above.	1,378,908,907
Accumulated depreciation/amortization has not been included in the fund financial statements. The accumulated depreciation/amortization related to internal service funds (\$3,821,568) is included in the net effect of consolidation above.	(603,552,064)
Bonds payable and related premiums have not been included in the fund financial statements	(380,456,448)
Note payable for SECO loan that has not been included as liability in the fund financial statements	(5,182,134)
Payable for Right to Use Building asset that has not been included as liability in the fund financial statements	(319,133)
Payable for Right to Use Subscription asset that has not been included as liability in the fund financial statements	(13,393,154)
Accrued liabilities for compensated absences due in more than one year have not been reflected in the fund financial statements.	(1,004,779)
Revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements was recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	7,194,463
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.	(5,664,413)
Loss on bond refunding has not been included in the fund financial statements.	2,369,145
Net pension liability has not been included in the fund financial statements	(189,642,334)
Net OPEB liability has not been included in the fund financial statements	(95,995,296)
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pension activities have not been included in the fund financial statements	77,541,266
Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB activities have not been included in the fund financial statements	28,052,205
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pension activities have not been included in the fund financial statements	(21,403,103)
Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB activities have not been included in the fund financial statements	(161,286,509)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 435,926,636

## GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TOR THE PISCAL TEAR ENDED	JUNE 30, 2023		
Data	10	50	
Control	General	Debt Service	
Codes	Fund	Fund	
REVENUES:			
5700 Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 252,905,616	\$ 90,139,002	
5800 State program revenues	256,354,951	2,649,396	
5900 Federal program revenues	13,282,191	474,313	
5020 Total Revenues	522,542,758	93,262,711	
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:	206 221 005		
0011 Instruction	306,231,985		
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	8,181,695		
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	12,296,927		
0021 Instructional Leadership	8,014,511		
0023 School Leadership	33,356,913		
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	25,484,216		
0032 Social Work Services	508,927		
0033 Health Services	8,341,368		
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	19,887,438		
0035 Food Services	80,523		
0036 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	12,507,979		
0041 General Administration	18,892,634		
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	46,811,681		
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	7,593,285		
0053 Data Processing Services	15,362,592		
0061 Community Services	1,669,370		
Debt Service:			
0071 Debt Service-Principal on Long-Term Debt	1,954,489	80,201,643	
0072 Debt Service-Interest on Long-Term Debt		18,598,642	
0073 Debt Service-Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		28,900	
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction			
Intergovernmental:			
0093 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements			
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed Program	58,632		
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	982,453		
6030 Total Expenditures	528,217,618	98,829,185	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,674,860)	(5,566,474)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property	234,922		
7915 Transfers In			
7949 Other Financing Sources - SBITA	1,205,298		
8911 Transfers Out	(18,830,539)		
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(17,390,319)	-	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(23,065,179)	(5,566,474)	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	285,585,445	91,495,627	
1300 Prior Period Adjustment	200,000,110	6,760,000	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning, restated)	285,585,445	98,255,627	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 262,520,266	\$ 92,689,153	

 60 Capital Projects	1	Special Revenue Fund	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 331,439 125,730 457,169	\$	10,156,121 5,571,475 105,698,656 121,426,252	\$ 353,532,178 264,575,822 119,580,890 737,688,890
545,205		50,763,233 357,847	357,540,423 8,539,542
		11,896,410 5,311,383 2,270,908	24,193,337 13,325,894 35,627,821
		3,450,905 474,431	28,935,121 983,358
		294,247	8,635,615
1,354,669		659,893 31,545,283 1,920,386	21,902,000 31,625,806 14,428,365
126,220		1,174,868 1,332,606	20,067,502 48,270,507
120,220		39,320	7,632,605
587,429		3,020,560	18,970,581
		884,900	2,554,270
		2,436,525	84,592,657
			18,598,642 28,900
11,823,724		1,330,483	13,154,207
		137,800	137,800
			58,632
 14 427 247		220	 982,673
 14,437,247		119,302,208	 760,786,258
(13,980,078)		2,124,044	(23,097,368)
392,937			627,859
18,450,539			18,450,539
,,,		1,026,337	2,231,635
			(18,830,539)
18,843,476		1,026,337	2,479,494
4,863,398		3,150,381	(20,617,874)
24,705,397		23,438,631	425,225,100 6,760,000
24,705,397		23,438,631	431,985,100
\$ 29,568,795	\$	26,589,012	\$ 411,367,226

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Exhibit C-3

### RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ (20,617,874)
	, , , , ,
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.	(221,223)
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but should be shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2023 capital outlays is to increase net position by total governmental activities additions (\$19,064,461) less internal service fund additions (\$1,673,536).	19,597,606
Depreciation/Amortization is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation/amortization is to decrease net position. The depreciation/amortization related to internal service funds (\$650,742) is included in the net effect of consolidation above.	(37,926,331)
Current year long-term debt principal payments are in the fund financial statements but shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	78,470,000
Current year SECO payment is in the fund financial statements but shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	411,150
Current year Right to Use Building payment is in the fund financial statements but shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	250,040
Current year SBITA payment is in the fund financial statements but shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	3,265,981
Amortization of the premium of current interest bonds is only reported in the government-wide financial statements.	9,629,868
SBITA's were recorded in 7949 in the fund level statements shown as an increase in the long term liability. The SBITA Agreements related to prior year was \$14,427,500, upon implementation in fiscal year 2023.	(2,231,635)
Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements whereas in the fund financial statements, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	1,310,078
Revenue from property taxes is unavailable in the fund financial statements until it is considered available to finance current expenditures. Such revenue is recognized in the government-wide financial statements when assessed, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts.	1,192,096
Amortization of loss on refunding of debt is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's amortization is to decrease net position.	(920,587)
Changes in the long-term vested sick leave liability is not shown in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year's decrease is an increase net position.	(88,873)
Amortization and other changes in deferred outflows related to the District's portion of the TRS net pension liability are reported in the government-wide financial statements	29,611,014
Amortization and other changes in deferred outflows related to the District's portion of the TRS net OPEB liability are reported in the government-wide financial statements	(5,407,656)
Amortization and other changes in deferred inflows related to the District's portion of the TRS net pension liability are reported in the government-wide financial statements	75,241,591
Amortization and other changes in deferred inflows related to the District's portion of the TRS net OPEB liability are reported in the government-wide financial statements	(40,064,011)
Changes in the net pension liability are not shown in the fund financial statements.  The net effect of the current year's decrease is to increase net position.	(109,510,488)
Changes in the net OPEB liability are not shown in the fund financial statements.  The net effect of the current year's increase is to decrease net position.	62,360,437
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 64,351,183

#### Exhibit D-1

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Activities

Internal

	Internal	
		ervice Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,203,604
Other Receivables		69,282
Total Current Assets		11,272,886
Noncurrent Assets:		
Capital Assets:		
Land Improvements		251,316
Building and Building Improvements		699,235
Furniture and Equipment		4,280,039
Right to Use Asset - Equipment		5,001,199
Accumulated Depreciation-Other Land Improvements		(155,797)
Accumulated Depreciation-Building and Building Improvements		(206,594)
Accumulated Depreciation-Furniture and Equipment		(3,033,260)
Accumulated Amortization-Right to Use Equipment		(425,917)
Total Noncurrent Assets		6,410,221
Total Assets		17,683,107
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable		272,496
Interest Payable		11,409
Accrued Wages Payable		8,291
Claims Liability		2,540,914
Unearned Revenues		652,879
Total Current Liabilities	-	3,485,989
Noncurrent liabilities:	-	
Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year		843,384
Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term		3,719,963
Claims Liability Long-Term		1,240,980
Total Noncurrent liabilities		5,804,327
Total Liabilities		9,290,316
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,846,874
Unrestricted Net Position		6,545,917
Total Net Position	\$	8,392,791

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

#### Exhibit D-2

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental

	<u>Activities</u>
	Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 8,395,046
Total Operating Revenues	8,395,046
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Payroll Costs	1,982,357
Professional and Contracted Services	2,515,507
Supplies and Materials	736,083
Other Operating Costs	3,023,983
Depreciation/Amortization	650,742
Total Operating Expenses	8,908,672
Operating Income (Loss)	(513,626)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):	
Interest on Capital Lease	(87,597)
Transfer In	380,000
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	292,403
Change in Net Position	(221,223)
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	8,614,014
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 8,392,791

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Exhibit D-3

Governmental

	<u>Activities</u>
	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 4,603,825
Cash Received from Assessments - Other Funds	3,788,592
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(1,999,957)
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	(2,498,970)
Cash Payments to Suppliers	(837,525)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses	(77,456)
Cash Payments for Prof. and Contracted Services	(2,532,866)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	445,643
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	200 5
Transfer In  Not Cook Provided by (Used for) Nonconital Financing Activities	380,000
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	380,000
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities:	
Acquisition of Capital Assets	(1,673,536)
Lease Payments	(493,392)
Lease Interest Expense	(87,597)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital Financing Activities	(2,254,525)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,428,882)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year	12,632,486
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	11,203,604
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss)	(513,626)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net	
Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation/Amortization	650,742
Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease in Other Receivables	11,332
Decrease in Accounts Payable	(59,653)
Decrease in Accrued Wages Payable	(17,601)
Decrease in Unearned Revenue	(73,108)
Increase in Claims Liability	447,557
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$ 445,643

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial	
	Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	780,691
Total Assets		780,691
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable		34,955
Total Liabilities		34,955
NET POSITION Restricted for student		
scholarships and other activities		745,736
Total Net Position	\$	745,736

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial			
		Funds		
ADDITIONS				
Activity fund revenues	\$	1,115,456		
Total Additions		1,115,456		
DEDUCTIONS				
Activity fund expenses		1,004,166		
Total Deductions		1,004,166		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		111,290		
Net position - beginning of year		634,446		
Net position - end of year	\$	745,736		

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Garland Independent School District (the "District") conform to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69* of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, the rules prescribed by the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide"), and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### Reporting Entity

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, the District's management has considered all potential component units. By applying the criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), the District has determined that no other organizations require inclusion in its reporting entity.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of the statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing government fund type definitions. The statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance classifications, under GASB 54 are Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. These classifications not only reflect the nature of funds but also provide clarity to the level of restriction placed upon fund balance. Fund balance can have different levels of constraint, such as external versus internal compliance requirements. Unassigned fund balance is a residual classification within the General Fund. The General Fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned balance. In all other funds, unassigned is limited to negative residual fund balance.

In accordance with GASB 54, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories, prepaid items, and long-term receivables.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts constrained for specific purposes externally imposed by providers (such as creditors) or amounts restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This classification includes the child nutrition program, retirement of long-term debt, construction programs, and other federal and state grants.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts constrained for specific purposes internally imposed by the District through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to a resolution passed by the District's Board of Trustees. This classification includes campus activity funds and local special revenue funds. In addition, the District committed \$7 million for self-insurance for underground fuel storage tanks and Metropolitan Area Network/Wide Area Network (MAN/WAN) within the City of Garland. See Note 10 for additional information on the self-insurance.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts self-imposed by the District to be used for a particular purpose. Per Board of Trustee Policy CE (Local), fund balance can be assigned by the District's Board, the Superintendent, or the Chief Financial Officer. The District has assigned funds for local construction and capital expenditures.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

Unassigned – includes residual positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the other above-mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes. When both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, committed fund balances are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and the unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's non-fiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed except for interfund services provided and used. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities*, which are reported separately, rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. All capital asset depreciation/amortization is reported as a direct expense of the functional program that benefits from the use of the capital assets. Program revenues include: 1) charges for services and tuition charged by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational requirements of a particular function. Taxes, state aid, grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs are properly excluded from program revenues and reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The emphasis on fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of recognition in the financial statements of various kinds of transactions or events.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease and subscription-based technology arrangements (SBITA) liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, postemployment benefits and environmental obligations are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the District the right-to-use leased and SBITA assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases and SBITAs are reported as other financing sources.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues from non-operating revenues. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

For Fiduciary Fund types, the District only has Custodial Funds. Financial statements of fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> accounts for financial resources related to the general operations of the District, including financial resources not required to be accounted for in some other fund.

<u>The Debt Service Fund</u> is utilized to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs arising from general obligation bonds.

<u>The Capital Projects Fund</u> accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and acquisition of capital facilities.

<u>The Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account, on a project basis, for funds granted from the Federal Government and the State of Texas, required by the State to be reported as a special revenue fund, and granted from local sources (including revenues raised by campuses and grants from local not-for-profits).

#### Proprietary Funds

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> are used to account for services provided by one department to other departments of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. For the District, these funds are used to provide workers' compensation insurance, reproduction, print services, motor pool, and Curtis Culwell Center services.

Accrued liabilities include provisions for claims reported and claims incurred but not reported for workers' compensation insurance. The provision for reported claims is determined by estimating the amount that will ultimately be paid to each claimant. The provision for claims incurred but not yet reported is estimated based on the District's experience since the inception of the programs.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

#### Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds account for monies held for the benefit of student and employee groups, neither of which are held in trust, to which the District provides accounting services. The District does not have administrative or financial involvement and the student and employee groups are not part of the District's financial reporting entity. This accounting reflects the District's fiduciary relationship with the organizations. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize assets and liabilities.

#### Official Budget

The District is required by state law to submit annual budgets for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and Student Nutrition Services (included within the Special Revenue Fund) to the Board of Trustees for adoption. The remaining Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Fund utilize project—length budgets, established by management. These budgets do not correspond to the District's fiscal year and are not adopted by the Board of Trustees. Each budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are utilized in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board of Trustees is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Trustees.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of Trustees. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by management at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board of Trustees. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity within three months or less.

#### Investments

Investments consist of balances in privately managed public funds investment pools and investments in United States (U.S.) securities and U.S. Agency securities. The District reports all investments at fair value, except for investment pools. The District's investment pools are valued and reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

The District categorizes fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's local government investment pools are recorded at amortized costs as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79, Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when due or past due and receivable within the current period.

The tax rates assessed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.8546 and \$0.3179 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.1725 per \$100 valuation.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. At June 30, 2023, taxes receivable net of estimated uncollectible taxes, aggregated \$6,143,657 and \$2,202,354 for the General Fund and Debt Service Fund, respectively.

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Supplies and materials are recorded as expenditures when requisitioned. Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are recorded at cost using the average cost method. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Agriculture and are recorded as inventory when received. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity while food commodities are used only in the Student Nutrition Services Fund. In the governmental funds, inventories are reported as non-spendable fund balance.

Prepaid items are reported using the purchase method instead of the consumption method. Beginning with fiscal year 2017, the District began using the purchase method where payments for prepaid items are fully recognized as expenditures in the year of payment. The District believes the purchase method is preferable and consistent with the governmental fund concept of reporting only expendable financial resources.

#### Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position, and deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate differences between estimated and actual investment earnings, changes in actuarial assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the government-wide financial statements the District reports deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB.

#### Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. All legally authorized transfers are appropriately treated as transfers and are included in the results of operations. Such balances are eliminated within the governmental and business-type activities for the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the District as tangible and intangible assets with an initial, individual cost that equals or exceeds \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than one year. As the District constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets and SBITA assets). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the asset's capacity or efficiency or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other tangible and intangible capital assets, right-to-use leased and right-to-use SBITA assets of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Land Improvements	20 Years
Buildings and Improvements	10 - 45 Years
Furniture and Equipment	3 - 20 Years
Right to Use Leased Asset-Equipment	3 - 20 Years
Right to Use Leased Asset-Building	3 - 45 Years
SBITA	2-10 Years

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

#### Leases

The District is a lessee for a noncancelable lease of buildings and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate
  charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing
  rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
  measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the
  District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require are measurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District is under contracts for SBITA for various technology and educational software. The agreements/contracts are noncancellable and the District recognizes a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes SBITA liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$50,000 or more.

At the commencement of the SBITA, the District initially measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Key estimates and judgments related to SBITA include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the
  interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated
  incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs.
- The SBITA term includes the noncancellable period of the SBITA and payments included in the
  measurement of the SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that
  the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, which is used in all government fund types, utilizes purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments to reserve the applicable appropriation. Under Texas law, appropriations, including those in the Capital Projects Fund, lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments. The Board has not authorized any unexpended budgeted projects to carry over into the next fiscal year.

#### **Data Control Codes**

These codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the TEA in the Resource Guide.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. The amount of State foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time at which final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is possible that the foundation revenue estimate as of June 30, 2023 will change.

#### Implementation of New Standards

GASB Statement No. 96 Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), was issued in May 2020 and was effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. The District has evaluated the effects of this standard and has determined that it does impact the financial statements. As such the District has incorporated such SBITAs into its capital assets and long-term liabilities on both the face of the financial statements and the note disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 91: Conduit Debt Obligations. Statement 91 was issued in May 2019. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This standard became effective for the District in fiscal year 2023. The implementation had no significant effect on the District's financial statements.

The following GASB pronouncements have been issued but not yet implemented by the District:

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – continued

GASB No. 94: Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements. Statement 94 was issued in March 2020. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. This standard became effective for the District in fiscal year 2023. The implementation had no significant effect on the District's financial statements.

GASB No.100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Statement 100 was issued in June 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Statement 100 defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. In addition, this Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections. This statement becomes effective for the District in fiscal year 2024. The District has not yet determined the impact of this statement.

GASB No. 101, Compensated Absences. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Further, this Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. This statement becomes effective for the District in fiscal year 2025. The District has not yet determined the impact of this statement.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The district has a letter of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Cincinnati as a base line for the districts' funds. Additionally, for amounts needed in excess of the letter of credit. Amounts are pledged from the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$15,828,220 and the bank balance was \$18,969,608. In addition, the District had various petty cash balances held at different locations amounting to \$19,632.

The District's entire bank balance on June 30, 2023 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name. During the period, the District's deposits were fully secured with FDIC coverage and pledged collateral.

In addition, \$10,950,000 is held in a restricted cash account for the QSCB, Series 2009B and 2012, respectively. These annual deposits plus the interest earned on the reserve accounts will be used to pay off the debt upon maturity in 2024 and 2031.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments – continued

The District's investment policy contains the following objectives:

- A. Assure the safety of District funds.
- B. Maintain sufficient liquidity to provide adequate and timely working funds.
- C. Match the maturity of investment instruments to the daily cash flow requirements.
- D. Diversify investments as to maturity, instrument, and financial institution, where permitted.

As a means of limiting exposure to fair value losses that could occur from rising interest rates, the District limits the maturities of investments to one year from the time of purchase in all funds except capital projects and debt service.

The District recognizes that investment risks can result from market price changes. Portfolio diversification is employed as a way to control credit risk. Investment officers are expected to display prudence in the selection of securities as a way to minimize risk. No individual investment transaction shall be undertaken which jeopardizes the total capital position of the overall portfolio.

At June 30, 2023, the District's exposure to interest rate risk, as measured by the segmented time distribution by investment type, is summarized below:

			Carrying		T	4	Maraniela a la	M41	L .
		Amount/			Inves	t Maturities in	ns		
	<u>Rating</u>		Fair Value	<u>I</u>	ess than 1		<u>1 to 6</u>		7 to 12
TexPool	AAAm	\$	143,863,552	\$	143,863,552	\$	-	\$	-
Texas CLASS	AAAm		22,585,833		22,585,833				
Lone Star	AAAm		5,841,171		5,841,171				
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,955,778				14,955,778		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,955,778				14,955,778		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,896,678				14,896,678		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,896,679				14,896,679		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,828,226				14,828,226		
Federal Home Discount Note	AA+		14,828,226				14,828,226		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,765,798				14,765,798		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,765,798				14,765,798		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,719,643				14,719,643		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,719,644				14,719,644		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		23,876,716				23,876,716		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		994,863				994,863		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,748,473				14,748,473		
Federal Home Loan Bank	AA+		14,660,577				14,660,577		
Total Investments		\$	374,903,433	\$	172,290,556	\$	202,612,877	\$	-

Note 2. Cash and Investments – continued

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2023:

			Fair Value Measurements Using					
Investments	Fair Value		Level 1 Inputs		Le	vel 2 Inputs	Leve	l 3 Inputs
Federal Home Loan Bank	\$	14,955,778	\$	-	\$	14,955,778	\$	-
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,955,778				14,955,778		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,896,678				14,896,678		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,896,679				14,896,679		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,828,226				14,828,226		
Federal Home Discount Note		14,828,226				14,828,226		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,765,798				14,765,798		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,765,798				14,765,798		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,719,643				14,719,643		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,719,644				14,719,644		
Federal Home Loan Bank		23,876,716				23,876,716		
Federal Home Loan Bank		994,863				994,863		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,748,473				14,748,473		
Federal Home Loan Bank		14,660,577				14,660,577		
Total Investments	\$	202,612,877	\$		\$	202,612,877	\$	-

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs-other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement. The fair value of the U.S. Government Agency securities on June 30, 2023 are based on quoted market prices using matrix pricing technique by the pricing source that values securities based on their relationship to benchmark quoted prices (Level 2 inputs).

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the Local Government Investment Pools do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. These pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

An 11-member board of pool members oversees Lone Star. The fair value of the District's position in Lone Star is the same as the value of the pool shares. Lone Star is operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2A-7 of the investment company Act of 1970.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments – continued

Lone Star's Government Overnight Fund is authorized for the following investments:

Obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities.

Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by, or backed by the full faith and credit of, the United States Government, or its agencies and instrumentalities.

Fully collateralized repurchase agreements that meet the following criteria: (1) have a defined termination date; (2) are secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (3) require the securities being purchased by the Government Overnight Fund to be pledged to the Government Overnight Fund, held in the Government Overnight Fund's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the Government Overnight Fund or with a third party selected and approved by the Government Overnight Fund; and (4) are placed through a primary government securities dealer, as defined by the Federal Reserve, or a financial institution doing business in this state. The market value of repurchase agreement collateral is required to initially be 102 percent of the principal amount of such repurchase agreement. Thereafter, the market value of such collateral will be determined (marked-to-market) daily and reset to 102 percent of the principal amount if it falls below 100 percent.

The Government Overnight Fund may lend up to 25 percent of its securities pursuant to a reserve repurchase agreement authorized under the Investment Act. Any funds obtained pursuant to a reserve repurchase agreement must be invested in authorized Government Overnight Fund investments and match the term of any reverse repurchase agreement may not exceed 90 days.

No-load money market mutual funds regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that invest exclusively in authorized Government Overnight Fund investments, provided the Government Overnight Fund shall not invest its funds in any one money market mutual fund in an amount that exceeds (i) 25 percent of the Government Overnight Fund's total assets or (ii) 10 percent of the total assets of such money market mutual fund.

Lone Star's Government Overnight Fund seeks to maintain a dollar-weighted average maturity of 60 days or fewer. As of June 30, 2023, the fund had a weighted average maturity of 12 days.

The Texas Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. The fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of the pool shares. TexPool is operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2A-7 of the investment company Act of 1970.

TexPool is authorized for the following investments:

Obligations of the United States Government, its agencies or instrumentalities with a maximum final maturity of 397 days for fixed rate securities and 24 months for variable rate notes.

Fully collateralized repurchase agreements or reverse repurchase agreements (i) with defined termination dates, (ii) secured obligations of the United States, its agencies or its instrumentalities, including mortgage-backed securities, (iii) that require purchased securities to be pledged to the investing entity or a third party, and (iv) that are placed through primary government securities dealers or a financial institution doing business in the State of Texas. The maximum maturity on repurchase agreements may not exceed 90 days unless the repurchase agreements have a put option that allows TexPool to liquidate the position at par with no more than 7-day notice to the counterparty. The maximum maturity on repurchase agreements may not exceed 181 days.

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments - continued

No-load money market mutual funds that (i) are registered with and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission, (ii) provide a prospectus and other information required by the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or the Investment Company Act of 1940, (iii) maintain a dollar weighted average stated maturity of 90 days or less, (iv) included in its investment objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1.00, and (v) are rated or equivalent by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization ("NRSRO").

Securities lending programs that comply various limitations.

The weighted average maturity of TexPool cannot exceed 60 days. As of June 30, 2023, TexPool had a weighted average maturity of 25 days.

Texas CLASS is administered by a board of pool members. The fair value of the District's position in Texas CLASS is the same as the value of the pool shares. Texas CLASS is operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2A-7 of the investment company Act of 1970.

Texas CLASS is authorized for the following investments:

Obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities with a maximum maturity of 397 days, except that certain permitted variable rate securities may be purchased with final maturities greater than 397 days, as described in Paragraph 12 (d) below.

Direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities.

Other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by or backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Texas or the United States or their respective agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States.

Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than A or its equivalent.

Certificates of deposit or share certificates if the certificate is issued by a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in this state and is:

(1) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or its successor the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund or its successor; (2) secured by obligations that are described by Section 2256.009(a) of Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code as amended, including mortgage backed securities directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the certificates, but excluding those mortgage backed securities of the nature described by Section 2256.009{b), Texas Government Code, as amended; or {3) secured in any other manner and amount provided by law for deposits of the investing entity. In addition, an investment in certificates of deposit is authorized if (1) the funds are invested by an investing entity through (A) a broker that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and is selected from a list adopted by the investing entity, or (B) a depository institution that has its main office or a branch office in Texas and that is selected by the investing entity, (2) the broker or depository institution selected by the investing entity under {1) above arranges for the deposit of the funds in certificates of deposit in one or more federally insured depository institutions, wherever located, for the account of the investing entity, {3) the full amount of the principal and accrued interest of each of the certificates of deposit is insured by the United States or an instrumentality of the United States, and (4) the investing entity appoints the depository institution selected by the investing entity under {1) above, an entity described by Section 2257.041(d) or a clearing broker-dealer registered with the

#### Note 2. Cash and Investments – continued

Securities and Exchange Commission and operating pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rules 15c3-3 (17 C.F.W. Section 240.15c3-3) as custodian for the investing entity with respect to the certificates of deposit issued for the account of the investing entity.

Repurchase agreements that comply with the Investment Act. No more than 25% of the portfolio of Texas CLASS shall be invested in term repurchase agreements and no more than 5% of the portfolio of Texas CLASS may be invested in term repurchase agreements with maturities exceeding 90 days. Repurchase agreements shall be 102% collateralized by obligations of the United States Treasury or its agencies and instrumentalities in accordance with the provisions of the Public Securities Association Master Agreement on file with the Program Administrator pertaining to repurchase agreement operating procedures.

Securities lending programs that comply with various limitations.

Bankers' acceptances that comply with the Investment Act

Commercial paper that complies with the Investment Act; provided that no more than 25% of the assets of Texas CLASS shall be invested in commercial paper of any one industry, except that the 25% limitation shall not apply to commercial paper of banking and financial institutions.

No-load money market mutual funds that comply with the Investment Act.

Guaranteed investment contracts that comply with the Investment Act.

Bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel that are also backed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

The weighted average maturity of Texas CLASS cannot exceed 60 days. As of June 30, 2023, Texas CLASS has a weighted average maturity of 70 days.

To manage custodial credit risk, all investments are made in the name of the Garland Independent School District. All investments other than pools and repurchase agreements are purchased with the delivery versus payment method and are recorded in the District's name on the Federal Reserve's book entry system and confirmed to the District via safekeeping receipt maintained on the books by the Bank of America safekeeping department. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance but held in the depository bank, were fully collateralized.

During the period, the District did not hold any investments in commercial paper. The District neither enters into reverse repurchase agreements nor trades in options or future contracts. Additionally, the District does not participate in any Securities Lending Programs.

#### Note 3. Due From Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2023, are summarized below and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	General		Special	
Fund	 Fund	Re	evenue Fund	 Total
Due from the State of Texas  Due from the Federal Government	\$ 42,181,805	\$	40,144,426 129,070	\$ 82,326,231 129,070
Total	\$ 42,181,805	\$	40,273,496	\$ 82,455,301

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Baland 7/1/2022	ce Additions	Retirements	Transfers	Ending Balance 6/30/2023
Non-Depreciable Assets					
Land	\$ 35,835,5	95 \$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,835,595
Construction In Progress	23,833,6	45 6,338,278		(5,404,978)	24,766,945
Total Non-Depreciable Assets	59,669,2	40 6,338,278		(5,404,978)	60,602,540
Depreciable/Amoritzed Assets					
Land Improvements	56,916,2	37			56,916,237
Building & Building Improvements	1,080,725,2	67 7,951,347		5,227,863	1,093,904,477
Furniture & Equipment	150,902,9	39 4,774,866	(609,638)	177,115	155,245,282
Right to Use - Building	811,8	26			811,826
SBITA	14,427,5	00 2,231,635			16,659,135
Right to Use - Equipment	3,636,9	75 5,001,199	(3,636,975)		5,001,199
Total Depreciable/Amortized Assets	1,307,420,7	19,959,047	(4,246,613)	5,404,978	1,328,538,156
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for:					
Land Improvements	36,441,0	50 2,076,204			38,517,254
Building & Building Improvements	409,158,9	50 24,800,463			433,959,413
Furniture & Equipment	123,532,7	00 7,627,348	(609,638)		130,550,410
Right to Use - Building	248,5	11 248,512			497,023
SBITA	2,964,9	92 458,623			3,423,615
Right to Use - Equipment	3,636,9	75 425,917	(3,636,975)		425,917
Total Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	575,983,1	78 35,637,067	(4,246,613)		607,373,632
Governmental Activities-Capital Assets,					
being depreciated/amortized, net	731,437,5	(15,678,020)		5,404,978	721,164,524
Governmental Activities-Capital Assets, Net	\$ 791,106,8	06 \$ (9,339,742)	\$ -		\$ 781,767,064

 $Total\ Governmental\ Activities\ -\ Capital\ Assets\ include\ cost\ of\ assets\ held\ in\ internal\ service\ funds\ and\ related\ accumulated\ depreciation/amortization\ amounting\ to\ \$10,231,789\ and\ \$3,821,568\ respectively.$ 

Depreciation/Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11 Instruction	\$ 9,939,903
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	417,231
13 Curriculum Development and Instructional Staff Development	49,673
21 Instructional Leadership	135,887
23 School Leadership	233,414
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	86,945
33 Health Services	94,109
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	3,000,989
35 Food Services	1,448,939
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	2,289,956
41 General Administration	448,193
51 Plant Maintenance and Operations	12,692,378
52 Security and Monitoring Services	50,406
53 Data Processing Services	3,213,889
61 Community Services	884,413
Internal Service Fund Depreciation/Amortization	 650,742
	\$ 35,637,067

Note 4. Capital Assets - continued

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following major commitments with respect to unfinished major capital projects.

	Project			Remaining		
	A	uthorization	-		Commitment	
High School Baseball/Softball Renovations	\$	35,000,000		\$	34,899,200	
Fieldhouse and Multi-Program Activity Centers		240,455,058			240,455,058	
Elementary Replacement School #1		62,359,682			62,359,682	
Elementary Replacement School #2		62,359,682			62,359,682	
Lakeview Centennial High School Renovation		48,753,114			48,753,114	
Naaman Forest High School Renovation		24,062,141			24,062,141	
Perimeter Fence Elementary Schools -Phase 1		11,571,359			11,571,359	
Elementary Portable Removal		7,738,194			7,738,194	
Elementary Playgrounds - Phase 1		6,750,000			6,750,000	
All Security Film		3,078,898			3,078,898	
Fine Arts Trailers		2,695,934			1,341,265	
Athletic Fields and Scoreboard		11,636,807			8,401,346	
District Flooring		3,616,169			311,997	
District Roofing		13,206,779			344,816	
Total	\$	533,283,817	_	\$	512,426,752	

#### Note 5. Unearned Revenue

Governmental and internal service funds unearned revenue at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	eneral Fund	Special Levenue Fund	nternal Service Fund	Total
Food Service Meals	\$ -	\$ 209,404	\$ -	\$ 209,404
Grants		139,604		139,604
Event Tickets			652,879	652,879
Other	21,494			21,494
	\$ 21,494	\$ 349,008	\$ 652,879	\$ 1,023,381

Note 6. Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

		July 1, 2022	New		Obligations						
		Obligations	(	Obligations	Retired or		June 30, 2023		Due Within		
		as restated		Incurred		Γransferred	Obligations			One Year	
Governmental Activities:											
Bonds and Notes Payable:											
General obligation bonds	\$	424,040,000	\$	-	\$	78,470,000	\$	345,570,000	\$	50,160,000	
Premium on bond issuance		44,516,316		-		9,629,868		34,886,448			
Notes Payable		5,593,284	_			411,150	_	5,182,134		330,838	
Total Bonds and Notes											
Payable		474,149,600	_	-		88,511,018		385,638,582		50,490,838	
Other Liabilities:											
Net Pension Liability		80,131,846		124,416,426		14,905,938		189,642,334			
Net OPEB Liability		158,355,733		(59,153,347)		3,207,090		95,995,296			
Workers Compensation											
Self-Insurance Liability		3,334,337		2,946,527		2,498,970		3,781,894		2,540,914	
Right to Use Lease Liability		635,978		5,001,199		754,697		4,882,480		1,096,681	
Right to Use Subscription Liability		14,427,500		2,231,635		3,265,981		13,393,154		2,808,279	
Vested Sick Leave		996,861	_	648,601		566,373	_	1,079,089		74,310	
Total Other Liabilities	_	257,882,255	_	76,091,041	_	25,199,049	_	308,774,247	_	6,520,184	
Total Governmental Activities											
Long-term Liabilities	\$	732,031,855	\$	76,091,041	\$	113,710,067	\$	694,412,829	\$	57,011,022	

For governmental activities, it is the District's general policy to liquidate claims, judgments, compensated absences, net pension liabilities and net OPEB Liabilities by the general fund.

Note 6. Long-Term Obligations – continued

Bonds payable and contractual obligations at June 30, 2023 are composed of the following individual issues:

Description	Interest Rate	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding at 7/1/2022, restated		Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding at June 30, 2023		
Qualified School Construction								
Bonds - 2009B								
Matures 2019 - 2024	0.0%	\$ 10,185,000	\$ 10,135,000	\$	-	\$	10,135,000	
Qualified School Construction Bonds - 2012								
Matures 2022 - 2031	4.009%	12,485,000	12,485,000				12,485,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding								
Series - 2014								
Matures 2015 - 2024	4.0%	26,725,000	5,865,000		2,270,000		3,595,000	
Unlimited Tax Building and Refunding								
Series - 2015A								
Matures 2016 - 2035	2.0% to 5.0%	185,740,000	146,935,000		7,745,000		139,190,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding								
Bonds - 2016								
Matures 2020 - 2031	2.5% to 5.0%	40,560,000	30,465,000		2,830,000		27,635,000	
Unlimited Tax School Building								
Bonds - 2016								
Matures 2017 - 2036	2.0% to 5.0%	150,250,000	105,740,000		43,705,000		62,035,000	
Unlimited Tax School Building								
Bonds - 2018								
Matures 2019 - 2038	5.0%	78,565,000	62,040,000		2,595,000		59,445,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding								
Bonds - 2019								
Matures 2020 - 2029	3.0% to 5.0%	14,525,000	1,565,000		120,000		1,445,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding								
Bonds - 2019A								
Matures 2020 - 2024	5.0%	28,420,000	12,080,000		8,495,000		3,585,000	
Matures 2020 2024	3.070	20,420,000	12,000,000		0,423,000		3,303,000	
Unlimited Tax Refunding								
Bonds - 2020								
Matures 2021 - 2028	5.0%	 47,830,000	36,730,000	_	10,710,000	_	26,020,000	
Total		\$ 595,285,000	\$ 424,040,000	\$	78,470,000	\$	345,570,000	

#### Note 6. Long-Term Obligations - continued

These bonds are secured by ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property and are serviced by the Debt Service Fund with an apportionment of the ad valorem tax levy. Interest rates on the bonds range from 0.00% to 5.00% and are due through 2038. At June 30, 2023, \$92,689,153 was available in the Debt Service Fund to service these bonds. Arbitrage rebates are paid from interest earnings of the Capital Projects Fund. Sick leave is paid from the General Fund.

In 2023, the District defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all debt service as of the call dates. Of the bonds defeased, \$38,260,000 remains outstanding as of June 30, 2023. The amount of interest recorded on the defeasance was \$1,731,643. The defeasance is composed of the following:

Refunded Bond Series	Redemption Date	Principal in Escrow
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds - 2016	2/15/2025	\$ 38,260,000
Total Outstanding		\$ 38,260,000

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest on the bond obligations outstanding as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		 Interest		Requirements		
2024	\$	50,160,000	\$ 15,105,107	\$	65,265,107		
2025		28,345,000	13,167,811		41,512,811		
2026		28,490,000	11,752,261		40,242,261		
2027		29,770,000	10,329,261		40,099,261		
2028		27,840,000	8,926,861		36,766,861		
2029 - 2033		130,215,000	26,762,358		156,977,358		
2034 - 2038		50,750,000	 5,398,475		56,148,475		
	\$	345,570,000	\$ 91,442,134	\$	437,012,134		

The District makes annual sinking fund deposits into a restricted cash account for the QSCB, Series 2009B and 2012, respectively. These annual deposits plus the interest earned on the reserve accounts will be used to pay off the debt upon maturity in 2024 and 2031.

As of June 30, 2023, the District has issued all general obligation bonds from the November 2014 voter authorization. The District has \$1,239,645,000 authorized but unissued bond from the May 2023 voter authorization.

Note 6. Long-Term Obligations – continued

During 2019 the District entered into a direct borrowing from the State Energy Conservation Office. The note payable allowed the District to complete energy-related cost reductions retrofits. It is being repaid over 15 years at a 1% interest rate from the General Fund. There are 12 years remaining on the loan.

Year Ending							
June 30	Principal		 Interest		Requirements		
2024	\$	330,838	\$ 52,666	\$	383,504		
2025		419,414	48,513		467,927		
2026		423,608	44,319		467,927		
2027		427,845	40,083		467,928		
2028		432,123	35,804		467,927		
2029-2033		2,226,304	113,332		2,339,636		
2034-2035		922,002	 13,853		935,855		
	\$	5,182,134	\$ 348,570	\$	5,530,704		

The District will continue to make the required pension and OPEB contributions based on the statutorily determined rates established by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS will apply the District's contributions to the net pension and OPEB liabilities on an annual basis. The contributions are paid by the funds that pay the employees' salaries. These funding sources include the General Fund and Special Revenue funds.

#### Note 7. Compensated Absences

Employees of the District are granted vacation and sick leave annually. Vacation must be taken within the fiscal year; thus, the District has no liability for unused vacation pay. Sick leave days are accumulated from year to year. However, only qualified employees are paid for sick leave days not taken upon retirement. Qualified employees (employees with ten or more years of service in the District who retire or take disability retirement and who have unused accumulated local sick leave or state sick or personal leave accrued prior to the 1995-96) shall be paid for up to 20 days of leave at the daily rate at the time of retirement. The liability for compensated absences related to qualified employees is approximately \$1,079,089. Of this amount, \$74,310 is recorded in the General Fund in accrued wages for the amount due to retired employees as of June 30, 2023.

#### Note 8. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 arose in the normal course of operations and consisted of the following individual fund receivable and payable balances:

TO	FROM		
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 24,077,492	
Total Due From Other Funds			\$ 24,077,492
FROM	TO		
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund	\$ 24,077,492	
_			
Total Due To Other Funds			\$ 24,077,492

All due to/from amounts are generated in the normal course of operations from payroll, tax collections and accounts payable activity. They are repaid periodically throughout the year.

Transfers In/Out for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Transfers In				
	Capital	Internal Service			
	Projects	Fund	Total		
Transfers Out					
General Fund	\$ 18,450,539	\$ 380,000	\$ 18,830,539		
	\$ 18,450,539	\$ 380,000	\$ 18,830,539		

In the fund financial statements, \$18,830,539 was transferred out of the General Fund. Of that total \$18,450,539 was transferred into to Capital Projects Fund for video scoreboards at Williams and HBJ Stadium., Turf, Track, and Scoreboard projects at selected high school campuses, the remaining portion of the Hudson MS Sanitary Line Replacement Phase I & II, the remaining construction of the Park Crest Elementary School Garden Project, HVAC Capital Improvements, HVAC Controls Upgrade and eight Fine Arts Semi-Trailers and Cabs. \$380,000 was transferred out to the Curtis Culwell Center Internal Service Fund to make improvements to the digital signage.

Note 9. Local Revenues - Governmental Funds

Local revenues are comprised of the following:

			Debt				Special	
	General	Service Capital		Capital	Revenue			
	Fund		Fund	F	Projects		Fund	Total
Taxes, penalty & interest	\$ 236,424,171	\$	87,925,383	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 324,349,554
Investment earning	13,155,709		2,213,619		331,439			15,700,767
Other intermediate	428,000						3,862,625	4,290,625
Tuition and Fees	92,877						65,482	158,359
Rental	412,627							412,627
Insurance Recovery	1,144,775							1,144,775
Sponsorships	100,000							100,000
Gifts							323,868	323,868
Other	247,197						935,564	1,182,761
Food service							4,968,582	4,968,582
Athletics	900,260							900,260
Total	\$ 252,905,616	\$	90,139,002	\$	331,439	\$	10,156,121	\$ 353,532,178

#### Note 10. Risk Management

Workers' Compensation - Self Funded

The District manages its workers' compensation risk internally through a Risk Management Department which provides for loss control and loss prevention and sets aside assets for claim settlement through the Risk Management Internal Service Fund. This internal service fund charges interfund "premiums" based on an estimate of the District's ultimate loss.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations by participating as a self-funded member of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB) Risk Management Fund (Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

As a self-funded member of the TASB Fund, the District is solely responsible for all claim costs, both reported and unreported. The Fund provides administrative services to its self-funded members including claims administration and customer service.

The District is protected against higher than expected worker's compensation claims cost through the purchase of stop-loss coverage. Through Roach Howard Smith and Barton Agency, the District has workers' compensation stop-loss coverage with Star Insurance Company with a \$650,000 retention.

The TASB Fund engages services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on June 30. The audit is accepted by the TASB Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The TASB Fund's audited financial statements as of June 30, 2023, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

#### Health Insurance

As of September 1, 2011, the District discontinued the health self-insurance plan. At that time, employees became eligible to purchase health insurance through TRS-ActiveCare, which is the statewide health plan for public education employees established by the 77<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature. It is a fully insured plan administered by Aetna. The District contributes \$325 per active participant.

For workers' compensation, health care, property, and liability insurances, the District has not experienced significant reductions in insurance coverage from that of the prior year. With respect to the risks mentioned below, settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years except where noted.

# Note 10. Risk Management - continued

The District reports liabilities based on requirements of Governmental Auditing Standards Board Statement Nos. 10 and 30, which require a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors. This liability for workers' compensation self-funded plans, reported at their estimated value on June 30, 2023, was \$3,781,894 and is recorded as an accrued expenditure in the Risk Management Internal Service Fund.

In fiscal years 2023 and 2022, changes in workers' compensation claims liability amounts were:

			Cı	ırrent Year					
	Beginning of		Claims and						
	F	Fiscal Year Changes in		hanges in		Claim	Balance at		
Internal Service Fund		Liability		Estimates		Payments		Fiscal Year End	
2022 - Risk Management	\$	2,722,045	\$	1,706,199	\$	1,093,907	\$	3,334,337	
2023- Risk Management	\$	3,334,337	\$	2,946,527	\$	2,498,970	\$	3,781,894	

At June 30, 2023, the District held \$7,294,316 in cash and cash equivalents in the Risk Management Internal Service Fund designated for payment of workers' compensation.

#### Property and Liability Insurance

The District's buildings are insured through purchased insurance to replacement cost. The deductible is \$100,000 per occurrence for property claims except for 1% of total insured value per location for wind and hail claims after a \$2.5 million retention. A crime insurance policy has a \$1,000,000 limit with a \$10,000 deductible. Liability coverage is provided through TASB Risk Management Fund, a self-insured risk pool (TASBRMF). Vehicles are covered for liability up to \$300,000 per occurrence, which meets the District's tort liability limits, plus \$1,000,000 per occurrence for out of state claims. Vehicle physical damage and liability is subject to a \$1,000 deductible.

The District maintains Educator Leaders liability coverage with a \$2,000,000 limit and per occurrence deductible of \$10,000. The District has general liability coverage with a \$2,000,000 limit, no deductible, and an annual aggregate of \$2,000,000. The liability risk pool used by the District through August 31, 2017 has filed bankruptcy leaving a pending bankruptcy claim of \$355,037.21. The Risk Management Internal Service Fund has adequate fund balance to cover potential claims that occurred August 31, 2017 or prior that will not be covered due to the bankruptcy.

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality ("TCEQ") has required that the District have liability insurance or self-insurance to protect against loss from operating underground fuel storage tanks. The amount of insurance required by the TCEQ is \$1,000,000 per occurrence and \$1,000,000 in the annual aggregate. The Board of Trustees has decided to satisfy this insurance requirement by committing \$1,000,000 of the District's General Fund Balance as a self-insurance fund.

The City of Garland has required that the District provide proof of liability insurance or self-insurance in the total amount of \$6,000,000 (\$1,000,000 primary and \$5,000,000 self-insurance) in order to use City of Garland right of ways for the District's WAN/MAN fiber optic communications cables. The purpose of the insurance is to cover any future possible claims of liability arising out of the construction, installation, maintenance, or operation of the District's WAN/MAN cables in the City of Garland rights of way. The Board of Trustees has decided to satisfy this insurance requirement by committing self-insurance of \$6,000,000 of the District's General Fund Balance as a self-insurance fund.

#### Note 10. Risk Management - continued

#### Medical Malpractice Insurance

The District carries a medical malpractice insurance policy to provide protection for the employee clinic and school nurses from malpractice claims. The policy has a \$1 million per occurrence limit with a \$3 million aggregate, subject to a \$2,500 per claim deductible.

#### Student Accident Insurance

The District provides accident insurance for athletics, band, cheerleading and other UIL sponsored activities. The accident policy is an excess insurance policy covering accidental injuries with a \$25,000 limit. There is also a catastrophic umbrella policy for these UIL sponsored activities with a limit of \$7.5 million above the underlying \$25,000 policy.

#### Note 11. Retirement Plan

#### Retirement Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms. All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf">https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

#### Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Note 11. Retirement Plan - continued

#### Contributions

Constitution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution, which requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS's unfunded actuarial labilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The 86th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for Plan years 2022 and 2023.

	Contribut Plan Fis	
	2022	2023
Member	8.0%	8.0%
Employer	7.75%	8.0%
District	7.75%	8.0%

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

	7	r the Fiscal Year Ended ne 30, 2023
		TRS
	Co	ontributions
Member (Employee)	\$	32,621,173
Non-employer contributing agency (State)		21,555,047
District		16,602,650

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

#### Note 11. Retirement Plan - continued

- \* On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- \* During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- \* When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- \* When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- \* When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- \* When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. The actuarial methods and assumption were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three-year period ending August 31, 2021 and were adopted in July 2021.

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date August 31, 2021, rolled forward to August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.00%
Long-term Expected Rate 7.00%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020 3.91% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income

Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA

Index" 2121

Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period

(100 years)

Inflation

2.30%

Salary Increases 2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

Benefit changes during the year None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021.

Note 11. Retirement Plan - continued

#### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.0 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rate set by the legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contribution will be 8.50 percent of payroll in the fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contribution for all active and rehired retirees. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.0 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 are summarized below:

		Long-Term	Expected Contribution to		
	Target	<b>Expected Geometric Real</b>	Long-Term		
Asset Class <sup>1</sup>	Allocation <sup>2</sup>	Rate of Return <sup>3</sup>	Portfolio Returns		
Global Equity					
U.S.	18.00%	4.60%	1.12%		
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.90%	0.90%		
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.40%	0.75%		
Private Equity	14.00%	7.70%	1.55%		
Stable Value					
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.00%	0.22%		
Absolute Return (Including Credit	0.00%	3.70%	0.00%		
Sensitive Investments)	5.00%	3.40%	0.18%		
Stable Value Hedge Funds					
Real Return					
Real Estate	15.00%	4.10%	0.94%		
Energy, Natural Resources, and	6.00%	5.10%	0.37%		
Infrastructure					
Commodities	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%		
Risk Parity					
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.60%	0.43%		
Asset Allocation Leverage					
Cash	2.00%	3.00%	0.01%		
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	3.60%	-0.05%		
Inflation Expectation			2.70%		
Volatility Drag <sup>4</sup>			-0.91%		
Total	100.00%	<del>-</del> -	8.21%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Target allocations are based on the fiscal year 2022 policy model.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt as of August 31, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

#### Note 11. Retirement Plan - continued

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.00%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

			Di	scount Rate		
	1% Decrease (6.00%)		Current Rate (7.00%)		1% Increase (8.00%)	
District's Proportional share				_		_
of the net pension liability	\$	295,011,567	\$	189,642,334	\$	104,235,624

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$189,642,334 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.3194%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 189,642,334
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	248,416,464
Total	\$ 438,058,798

The Net Pension Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total Pension Liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.3194% which was a increase from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2021 of 0.3147%.

Changes since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Note 11. Retirement Plan - continued

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$21,236,497. The District also recognized on behalf pension expense and revenue of \$23,745,798 representing pension expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,749,799	\$ (4,134,562)
Changes of assumption	35,336,539	(8,806,852)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	18,736,056	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate		
share of contributions	6,622,532	(8,461,689)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	14,096,340	 
Total	\$ 77,541,266	\$ (21,403,103)

The \$14,096,340 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount				
2024	\$	10,988,788			
2025		5,372,684			
2026		329,377			
2027		21,972,330			
2028		3,378,642			
	\$	42,041,821			

# Note 12. Retiree Health Plan

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at

https://www.trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/acfr-2022.pdf by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Note 12. Retiree Health Plan - continued

#### Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the Medicare Advantage health plans. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. For more information on TRS-Care eligibility and detailed information on TRS-Care, please refer to the Benefits section.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees
Effective January 1, 2022 - Dec 31, 2022

	Medicare	Non-Medicare		
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$ 135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse	529		689	
Retiree or surviving spouse and Children	468		408	
Retiree and Family	1,020		999	

# Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Note 12. Retiree Health Plan - continued

		Contribution	Rates
	2	2023	2022
Active Employees		0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)		1.25%	1.25%
Employers		0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers		1.25%	1.25%
		scal Year (2023)	
	Con	tributions	
Member (Employee)	\$	2,650,447	
Non-Employer Contributing Agency (State)		6,791,561	
District		3,530,292	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to. When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2022.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in this OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2018.

#### Note 12. Retiree Health Plan - continued

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination Salary Increases

Rates of Disability

Valuation Date August 31, 2021, rolled forward to August 31, 2022

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the

delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-

adjusted claim costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Healthcare Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 8.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.25% for non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend was 8.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of

4.25% over a period of 13 years.

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 62% participation rate prior to age 65

and 25% participation rate after age 65.

Pre-65 retirees: 30% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

#### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.91% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to *not be able to* make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportional share of the net OPEB liability of the plan using the discount rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one- percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the AA/Aa rate.

	Discount Rate							
	1% Decrease (2.91%)		Current Rate (3.91%)		1% Increase (4.91%)			
District's Proportional share of the								
Net OPEB Liability:	\$	113,186,067	\$	95,995,296	\$	82,068,566		

#### Note 12. Retiree Health Plan - continued

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the District's proportional share of the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate					
	1%	6 Decrease		Current	1	% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:						
	\$	79,100,556	\$	95,995,296	\$	117,897,152

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$95,995,296 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.4009%
District's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 95,995,296
State's Proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated	
with the District	117,099,180
Total	\$ 213,094,476

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.4009% compared to 0.4105% as of August 31, 2021.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following assumptions, methods and plan changes which are specific to TRS-Care were updated from the prior year's report:

• The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent, as of August 31, 2022. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability (TOL).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$13,521,405. The District also recognized negative on-behalf expense and revenue of \$16,617,319 for support provided by the State.

#### Note 12. Retiree Health Plan - continued

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$	5,336,999	\$	(79,972,698)		
Changes in assumptions		14,621,985		(66,691,821)		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		285,944		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		4,835,849		(14,621,990)		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,971,428		-		
Total	\$	28,052,205	\$	(161,286,509)		

The \$2,971,428 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2024.

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	 Amount
2024	\$ (24,457,245)
2025	(24,456,208)
2026	(20,385,378)
2027	(14,874,194)
2028	(17,736,147)
Thereafter	 (34,296,560)
	\$ (136,205,732)

#### Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries know as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District are as follows:

Fiscal	ľ	Medicare				
Year		Part D				
2023	\$	2,200,963				
2022		1,563,074				
2021		1.710.317				

The information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is an estimate provided by the Teacher Retirement System. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

# Note 13. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Litigation</u> – The District is the defendant in a number of lawsuits arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of District's management, the potential losses after insurance coverage, on all claims, will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial statements.

<u>Grant Programs</u> – The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies. Therefore, to the extent the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any monies received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2023 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants. Therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

#### Note 14. Leases

During fiscal year 2022, the District implemented GASB 87 for governmental leases. The District added a lease liability for two leases that were previously considered operating leases, the warehouse lease and the clinic lease. The copier lease was already recorded as a capital lease.

As of June 30, 2023, the warehouse lease has one year remaining for the use of space located at 409 N. First Street, Garland, TX, 75042. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$480,370 during 2022. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$162,533. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$13,665. The lease has an interest rate of 1.64%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$160,123 and had accumulated amortization of \$320,247.

As of June 30, 2023, the clinic lease has two years remaining on for the use of space located at Firewheel Plaza Shopping Center. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$331,456 during 2022. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$156,600. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$7,721. The lease has an interest rate of 1.64%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$154,679 and had accumulated amortization of \$176,776.

In August 2016, the District entered into a capital lease agreement for copier equipment with Ricoh. The initial agreement expired in August 2019 and the district exercised the bargain renewal option of three additional years. Amortization of the capital lease assets is included in depreciation expense within the Copier Pool Internal Service fund. During 2023, this lease ended, and there is no lease liability for Ricoh. During 2023, the District entered into capital lease agreements with Xerox for copier equipment. The initial agreement expires in 2025 with three annual extensions for the copier lease for campuses and departments. The agreement for the print shop copiers is separate and ends in 2027. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$5,001,199 during 2023. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$81,070. The lease has an interest rate of 3.0%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$4,575,282 and had accumulated amortization of \$425,917.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal		Interest	Total
2024	\$	1,096,681	\$ 128,702	\$ 1,225,383
2025		934,872	100,147	1,035,019
2026		874,076	73,415	947,491
2027		857,554	47,419	904,973
2028		750,849	22,818	773,667
2029		368,448	3,295	371,743
Total	\$	4,882,480	\$ 375,796	\$ 5,258,276

#### Note 15. SBITA Liabilities

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a ten-year SBITA agreement with Renaissance Learning for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$12,038,029 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$10,815,434. The District is required to make an annual principal and interest payment of \$1,536506. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$10,687,970. and had accumulated amortization of \$1,350,059.

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a one-year SBITA agreement with Amira Houghton Mifflin for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$119,216 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$69,802. The District is required to make an annual principal and interest payment of \$120,860. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$69,543 and had accumulated amortization of \$49,673.

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a two-year SBITA agreement with Amplify Education for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$907,121 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$494,524. The District is required to make a one time principal and interest payment of \$935,715. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$488,450. and had accumulated amortization of \$418,671.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a one-year SBITA agreement with Skyward Incorporated for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$452,373 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$65,433. The District is required to make an annual principal and interest payment of \$459,752. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$64,625 and had accumulated amortization of \$387,749.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a one-year SBITA agreement with Oracle America financial software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$200,100 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$50,650. The District is required to make an annual principal and interest payment of \$152,902. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$50,025 and had accumulated amortization of \$150,075.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a one-year SBITA agreement with Nearpod Inc for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$262,889 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$32,466. The District was required to make an annual principal and interest payment averaging \$229,009. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$37,556 and had accumulated amortization of \$225,334.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a two-year SBITA agreement with Frontline Technologies eStar for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$329,464 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$180,727. The District was required to make an annual principal and interest payment averaging \$156,853. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$177,403 and had accumulated amortization of \$152,060.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a two-year SBITA agreement with Frontline Technologies Service Pack for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$882,891 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$485,075. The District was required to make an annual principal and interest payment averaging \$420,333.

#### Note 15. SBITA Liabilities - continued

The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$475,403 and had accumulated amortization of \$407,488.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a two-year SBITA agreement with Panorama Education Inc for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$42,578 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$15,882. The District was required to make an annual principal and interest payment of \$27,500. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$15,687 and had accumulated amortization of \$26,891.

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a five-year SBITA agreement with CDW Google Workspace for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$853,610 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$758,588. The District was required to make an annual principal and interest payment of \$183,600. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$754,022 and had accumulated amortization of \$99,588.

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into a five-year SBITA agreement with Cities Digital for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$351,688 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$298,935. The District was required to make an annual principal and interest payment averaging \$75,643. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$293,074 and had accumulated amortization of \$58,615.

During the current fiscal year, the District had a two-year SBITA agreement with RaaWee Inc for educational software. An initial SBITA liability was recorded in the amount of \$219,175 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the SBITA liability was \$128,255. The District was required to make \$100,606. The SBITA has an interest rate of 3%. The value of the right-to-use asset as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$121,764 and had accumulated amortization of \$97,411.

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Year Ending June 30	F	Principal	Interest			Total	
2024	\$	2,808,279	\$	361,270	\$	3,169,549	
2025		1,701,570		292,447		1,994,016	
2026		1,550,231		245,978		1,796,209	
2027		1,597,383		198,827		1,796,209	
2028		1,473,888		151,802		1,625,690	
2029 2030		1,427,451 1,470,868		109,055 65,638		1,536,506 1,536,506	
2030		1,363,484		20,900		1,384,384	
Total	-\$	13,393,154	\$	1,445,917	\$	14,839,071	
Total	Ψ	13,373,131	Ψ	1,113,717	Ψ	14,037,071	

#### Note 16. Deferred Outflows of Resources

For governmental activities, the net investment in capital assets of \$428,738,434 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of losses on bond refunding's. The \$2,369,145 balance of the deferred outflow of resources at June 30, 2023 will be recognized as an expense and will decrease unrestricted net position over the next 8 years.

			New	C	bligations		
	Jı	uly 1, 2022	Obligations	]	Retired or	Ju	ne 30, 2023
	Balance Incurred			Paid		Balance	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred Charge on Refunding	\$	3,289,732	\$ -	\$	920,587	\$	2,369,145
Deferred Outflows of Resources for Pension Activities		47,930,252	43,707,354		14,096,340		77,541,266
Deferred Outflows of Resources for OPEB		33,459,861	(2,436,228)		2,971,428		28,052,205
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	•	84,679,845	\$ 41,271,126	¢	17,988,355	•	107,962,616
OI RESOUICES	<u> </u>	04,079,043	\$ 41,2/1,120	<u> </u>	17,700,333	<u> </u>	107,902,010

#### Note 17. Prior Period Restatement

The District determined that \$6.76M of payments recorded as principal payments in the Debt Service Fund correctly belong in a restricted cash account. The payments sent to the paying agent will be used to satisfy upcoming principal payments. A restricted cash asset has been recognized along with a increase in Debt Service fund balance.

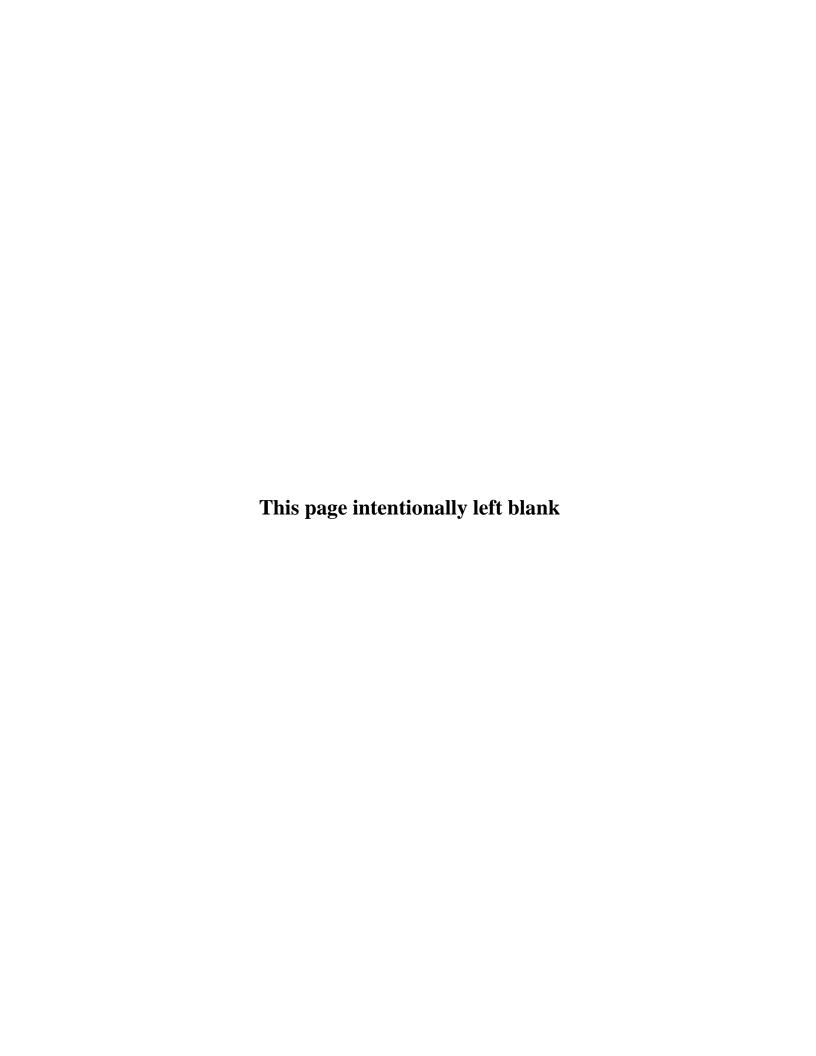
Fund Balance as originally presented	\$ 91,495,627
Prior Period Restatement	\$ 6,760,000
	 _
Fund Balance as restated	\$ 98,255,627

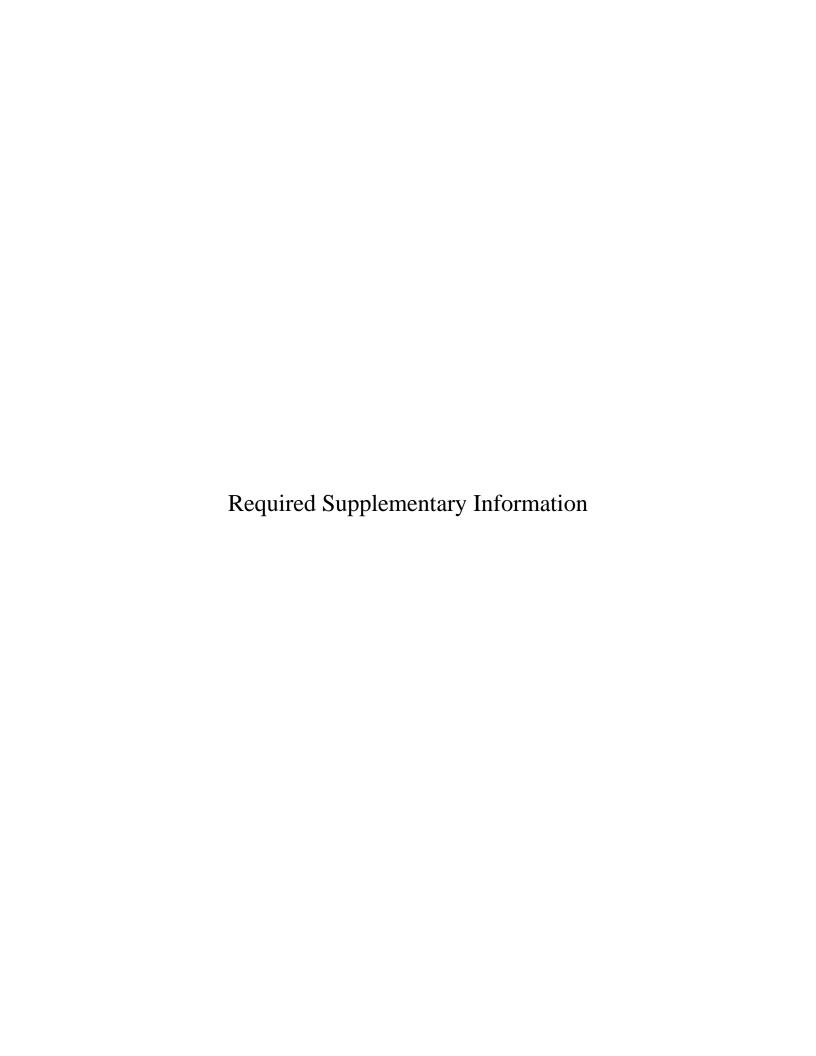
The District implemented GASB 96 during the 2023 fiscal year. GASB 96 establishes a single model for subscription-based IT arrangement accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an subscription. Due to implementation, an adjustment to capital assets and long-term liability were required to recognize a subscription liability and intangible right-to-use subscription assets. The right to use assets did not exist at June 30, 2022.

Capital Assets	As originally presented	GASB 96 Implementation	Restated
SBITA	\$ -	\$ 14,427,500	\$ 14,427,500
Accumulated Depreciation -SBITA		(2,964,992)	(2,964,992)
Total	\$ -	\$ 11,462,508	\$ 11,462,508
Long-term Liabilities	As originally presented	GASB 96 Implenentation	Restated
Right to Use SBITA Liability	\$ -	\$ 14,427,500	\$ 14,427,500
Total	\$ -	\$ 14,427,500	\$ 14,427,500

#### Note 18. Subsequent Events

In August 2023 the District issued \$144,255,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2023.





#### Exhibit G-1

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Budgeted Amounts
------------------

	Budgeted Amounts				
			Actual Amounts	Variance With	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(GAAP BASIS)	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 230,757,209	\$ 247,499,173	\$ 252,905,616	\$ 5,406,443	
5800 State Program Revenues	261,091,692	253,197,393	256,354,950	3,157,557	
5900 Federal Program Revenues	16,400,000	13,000,000	13,282,192	282,192	
5020 Total Revenues	508,248,901	513,696,566	522,542,758	8,846,192	
EXPENDITURES: Current:					
0011 Instruction	328,921,556	319,248,678	306,231,985	13,016,693	
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	8,164,013	8,377,593	8,181,695	195,898	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	15,044,413	15,251,564	12,296,927	2,954,637	
0021 Instructional Leadership	9,943,401	9,798,594	8,014,511	1,784,083	
0023 School Leadership	34,456,718	35,097,275	33,356,913	1,740,362	
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	27,449,597	27,443,986	25,484,216	1,959,770	
0032 Social Work Services	659,967	546,751	508,927	37,824	
0033 Health Services	8,765,168	8,957,040	8,341,368	615,672	
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	19,584,114	20,991,755	19,887,438	1,104,317	
0035 Food Services	352,111	202,111	80,523	121,588	
0036 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	12,672,902	13,968,752	12,507,979	1,460,773	
0041 General Administration	20,877,560	21,109,862	18,892,634	2,217,228	
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	49,375,146	51,380,380	46,811,681	4,568,699	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	8,896,894	8,790,085	7,593,285	1,196,800	
0053 Data Processing Services	15,833,006	15,896,313	15,362,592	533,721	
0061 Community Services	1,736,811	1,732,781	1,669,370	63,411	
0071 Debt Service - Principal on Long-Term Debt	482,517	2,740,902	1,954,489	786,413	
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed Program	36,000	124,000	58,632	65,368	
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	983,947	983,947	982,453	1,494	
6030 Total Expenditures	564,235,841	562,642,369	528,217,618	34,424,751	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditure	s (55,986,940)	(48,945,803)	(5,674,860)	(25,578,559)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property			234,922	234,922	
7948 Other Finance Source - SBITA			1,205,298	1,205,298	
8911 Transfers Out		(18,830,539)	(18,830,539)	-	
7080 Total Other Financing Uses		(18,830,539)	(17,390,319)	1,440,220	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(55,986,940)	(67,776,342)	(23,065,179)	44,711,163	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	241,515,368	247,822,261	285,585,445	-	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 185,528,428	\$ 180,045,919	\$ 262,520,266	\$ 44,711,163	
₹:					

#### Exhibit G-2

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Budgeted Amounts

		buagetea	AIIIO	unts			
	ORIGINAL FINAL		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		 iance With		
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	7,050,000	\$	5,050,000	\$	5,712,762	\$ 662,762
5800 State Program Revenues		170,000		170,000		157,115	(12,885)
5900 Federal Program Revenues		28,720,226		30,720,226		30,805,733	85,507
5020 Total Revenues		35,940,226		35,940,226		36,675,610	735,384
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
0035 Food Services		36,652,342		35,156,842		31,545,595	 3,611,247
6030 Total Expenditures		36,652,342		35,156,842		31,545,595	3,611,247
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(712,116)		783,384		5,130,015	 4,346,631
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		3,870,733		9,710,316		15,150,395	5,440,079
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	3,158,617	\$	10,493,700	\$	20,280,410	\$ 9,786,710

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Note 1. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the General Fund, National School Lunch and Breakfast Program and Debt Service Fund. Special Revenue Funds, other than the Food Service Fund, are required to be budgeted on a project basis. Each budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District uses the following procedures in establishing the budgets reflected in the financial statements:

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board of Trustees is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board of Trustees.

The officially adopted district budget, as amended, must be filed with TEA through PEIMS (Public Education Information Management System) by the date prescribed in the annual system guidelines. This requirement for filing the amended budget with TEA is satisfied when the school district files its Annual Financial and Compliance Report.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at the function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board of School Trustees. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal yearend as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the Executive Director of Budget at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board of School Trustees. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

During the course of the year, the District monitors revenues and expenditures and submits monthly amendments to the Board for approval to be more in line with expected final results. Over the course of the year, the District recommended and the Board approved, several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments fall into the following categories:

- Amendments approved shortly after the beginning of the new fiscal year for amounts reserved and designated in the prior year
- Amendments approved shortly after the beginning of the new fiscal year to align the payroll budget with job assignment changes
- Amendments to revise estimates for local and state revenue based on the latest information on student attendance numbers and tax collections
- Amendments throughout the year for transfers to and from other funds and federal indirect cost calculations
- Amendments during the year for changes in program

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Note 1. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability – continued

Significant differences between the original and final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

#### GENERAL FUND

#### Revenues

- \$1,800,000 increase in local revenue to higher than projected tax collections
- \$9,000,000 increases in interest income.
- \$3,400,000 decrease in SHARS revenue due to change in the programmatic requirements
- \$3,400,000 decrease in state funding due to changes in projected Teacher Incentive Allotment

Expenditures by function are amended monthly to fulfill requests from campuses and central organizations to appropriately code expenses as required by the state accountability system.

Additionally, the District made and the Board approved the transfers in and out:

- \$2,396,375 transferred out to capital projects to replace video scoreboards at Williams and HBJ Stadium.
- \$8,910,408 transferred out to capital projects to fund Turf, Track, and Scoreboard projects at selected high school campuses.
- \$1,000,000 transferred out to capital projects to fund the remaining portion of the Hudson MS Sanitary Line Replacement Phase I & II.
- \$196,901 transferred out to capital projects to fund the remaining construction of the Park Crest Elementary School Garden Project.
- \$2,695,934 transferred out to capital projects to fund the eight Fine Arts Semi-Trailers and Cabs.
- \$2,497,630 transferred out to capital projects to fund HVAC Capital Improvements Increase and HVAC Controls Upgrade.
- \$380,000 was transferred out to the Curtis Culwell Center Internal Service Fund to make improvements to the digital signage.

After appropriations were amended as described above, actual revenues were \$8,846,192 more than final budgeted amounts due to more revenue from local taxes than final budgeted estimates. Actual expenditures were \$34,424,751 less than final budget amounts primarily due to savings from vacant positions. Actual year-end revenues were less than expenditures, thus creating a deficit to fund balance.

#### NATIONAL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM

# Revenues

• \$2,000,000 decrease in local revenue offset by a \$2,000,000 increase in federal revenue due to increase in anticipated meal participation.

#### Expenditures

• \$1,500,000 decrease in food services expenditures due savings from the adopted budget.

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability – continued

Actual revenues were \$735,384 greater than final budgeted amounts due to more revenue in local sources than final budgeted estimates. Actual expenditures were \$3,611,247 less than final budget amounts due to the year-end payroll accrual being less than estimated and higher than normal vacancy rate. Year-end expenditures were less than revenue, thus increasing existing fund balance.

#### DEBT SERVICE FUND

#### Revenues

- \$11,001,837 increase in local revenue for proposed tax rate and taxable values reporting.
- \$830,000 Increase in state revenue due to funding for debt service revenue loss due to additional homestead exemption
- \$1,000,000 increase in local revenue due to collections coming in higher than the projected 99% collection rate.

#### Expenditures

• \$40,000,000 increase in function 71 for defeasance of outstanding debt.

After appropriations were amended as described above, actual revenues were \$6,122,365 greater than final budgeted amounts due to more revenue in local and intermediate sources than final budgeted estimates. Actual expenditures were \$2,669,456 less than final budget amounts. The bond principal was less than budgeted due to an anticipated principal payment being a sinking fund payment.

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# Schedule of The District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Eight Measurement Years

Exhibit G-3

	2022	2021	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.3194%	0.3147%	0.3043%	0.3395%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 189,642,334	\$ 80,131,846	\$ 162,986,411	\$ 176,503,815
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	248,416,464	122,192,639	262,092,489	252,140,175
Total	\$ 438,058,798	\$ 202,324,485	\$ 425,078,900	\$ 428,643,990
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 384,845,741	\$ 387,363,687	\$ 377,293,999	\$ 368,013,193
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's				
covered-payroll	49.28%	20.69%	43.20%	47.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *	75.65%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	112.72%	51.08%	110.36%	114.93%
	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	2018 0.3392%	<b>2017</b> 0.3214%	2016 0.3313%	2015 0.3352%
District's proportion of the net pension liability  District's proportionate share of the net pension liability				
	0.3392%	0.3214%	0.3313%	0.3352%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443 276,023,160	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987 171,872,468	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074 204,940,921	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570 203,123,426
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443 276,023,160	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987 171,872,468	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074 204,940,921	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570 203,123,426
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443 276,023,160 \$ 462,745,603	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987 171,872,468 \$ 274,635,455	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074 204,940,921 \$ 330,119,995	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570 203,123,426 \$ 321,624,996
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total  District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443 276,023,160 \$ 462,745,603	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987 171,872,468 \$ 274,635,455	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074 204,940,921 \$ 330,119,995	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570 203,123,426 \$ 321,624,996
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total  District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443 276,023,160 \$ 462,745,603 \$ 358,144,722	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987 171,872,468 \$ 274,635,455 \$ 349,184,036	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074 204,940,921 \$ 330,119,995 \$ 344,899,599	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570 203,123,426 \$ 321,624,996
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total  District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-payroll	0.3392% \$ 186,722,443 276,023,160 \$ 462,745,603 \$ 358,144,722 52,14%	0.3214% \$ 102,762,987 171,872,468 \$ 274,635,455 \$ 349,184,036 29,43%	0.3313% \$ 125,179,074 204,940,921 \$ 330,119,995 \$ 344,899,599 36.29%	0.3352% \$ 118,501,570 203,123,426 \$ 321,624,996 \$ 335,610,114 35,31%

The amounts presented for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Net pension liability is presented prospectively in accordance with GASB 68.

#### Schedule of The District's Contributions- Last Ten Fiscal Years

Exhibit G-4

	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019*	2018	2017		2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contributions	\$ 16,602,650	\$ 14,715,978	\$ 13,329,913	\$ 12,355,875	\$	9,843,028	\$ 11,569,823	\$ 10,831,873	\$	10,403,722	\$	9,926,491	\$	5,460,162
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	 16,602,650	14,715,978	13,329,913	12,355,875		9,843,028	11,569,823	10,831,873	_	10,403,722		9,926,491		5,460,162
0 (7) (15)											_			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 407,673,204	\$ 385,010,955	\$ 385,003,791	\$ 376,867,068	\$ 3	303,878,167	\$ 358,144,722	\$ 349,184,036	\$	344,899,599	\$ 3	335,610,114	\$ 3	322,119,883
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.07%	3.82%	3.46%	3.28%		3.24%	3.23%	3.10%		3.01%		2.95%		1.70%

During the fiscal year 2015, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 68 and 71.

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

2023: There was a change in the actuarial assumptions. The primary change was lowering the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.0%

2021: The public education employer contribution rate changed from 1.5% in 2020 to 1.6% in 2021.

2020: The state and employer contribution rate changed from 6.8% to 7.5%. The 1.5% public education employer contribution applied to just employers whose employees were not covered by OASDI in 2019 and it changed in 2020 to apply to all public schools, charter schools and regional education centers irrespective of participation in OASDI.

2018: The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to a blended rate of 6.907% as of August 31, 2018. The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 7.25% as of August 31, 2018. Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

<sup>\*</sup> Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' annual comprehensive financial report.

<sup>\*</sup>For the ten months ended June 30, 2019

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

# **Changes of Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Other Information

Effective September 1, 2014, employers who did not contribute to Social Security for TRS-eligible employees were required to contribute an additional 1.5% of TRS-eligible compensation which nearly doubled the District's contributions into the Plan. Because the District's proportional share of the plan is determined by its proportional share of contributions, the District recognized a corresponding increase in its share of net pension liability.

# Schedule of The District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Last Five Measurement Years

Exhibit G-5

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.40090%	0.41052%	0.41250%	0.43220%	0.43300%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 95,995,296	\$ 158,355,733	\$ 156,820,871	\$ 204,393,433	\$ 216,200,422
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	117,099,180	212,161,392	210,729,659	271,593,152	303,753,062
Total	\$ 213,094,476	\$ 370,517,125	\$ 367,550,530	\$ 475,986,585	\$ 519,953,484
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 384,845,741	\$ 387,363,687	\$ 377,293,999	\$ 368,013,193	\$ 358,144,722
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	24.94%	40.88%	41.56%	55.54%	60.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability $\ensuremath{^*}$	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	59.10%	100.13%	101.46%	135.21%	146.64%

The amounts presented for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Net OPEB liability is presented prospectively in accordance with GASB 75.

# Schedule of The District's Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Exhibit G-6 Last Five Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019*
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,530,292	\$ 3,444,489	\$ 3,194,942	\$ 3,119,673	\$ 2,546,976
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	3,530,292	3,444,489	3,194,942	3,119,673	2,546,976
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 407,673,204	\$ 385,010,955	\$ 385,003,791	\$ 376,867,068	\$ 303,878,167
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.87%	0.89%	0.83%	0.83%	0.84%

During the fiscal year 2018, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 75.

<sup>\*</sup> Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' annual comprehensive financial report.

<sup>\*</sup>For the ten months ended June 30, 2019

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM AND POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS SCHEDULES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### **Changes in Assumptions**

2023: The single discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability. In addition, lower participation rates and updates to healthcare trend rate assumptions were also factors that decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

2022: The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022.

2021: The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021.

2020: The discount rate changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020, lowered the participation rate assumption for employees who retire after the age of 65, and lowered the ultimate health care trend rate assumption to reflect the repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans.

2019: The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019, lowered the participation rates and updated the health care trend rate assumption.

2018: The discount rate changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018, updated the health care trend rate assumption, and revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

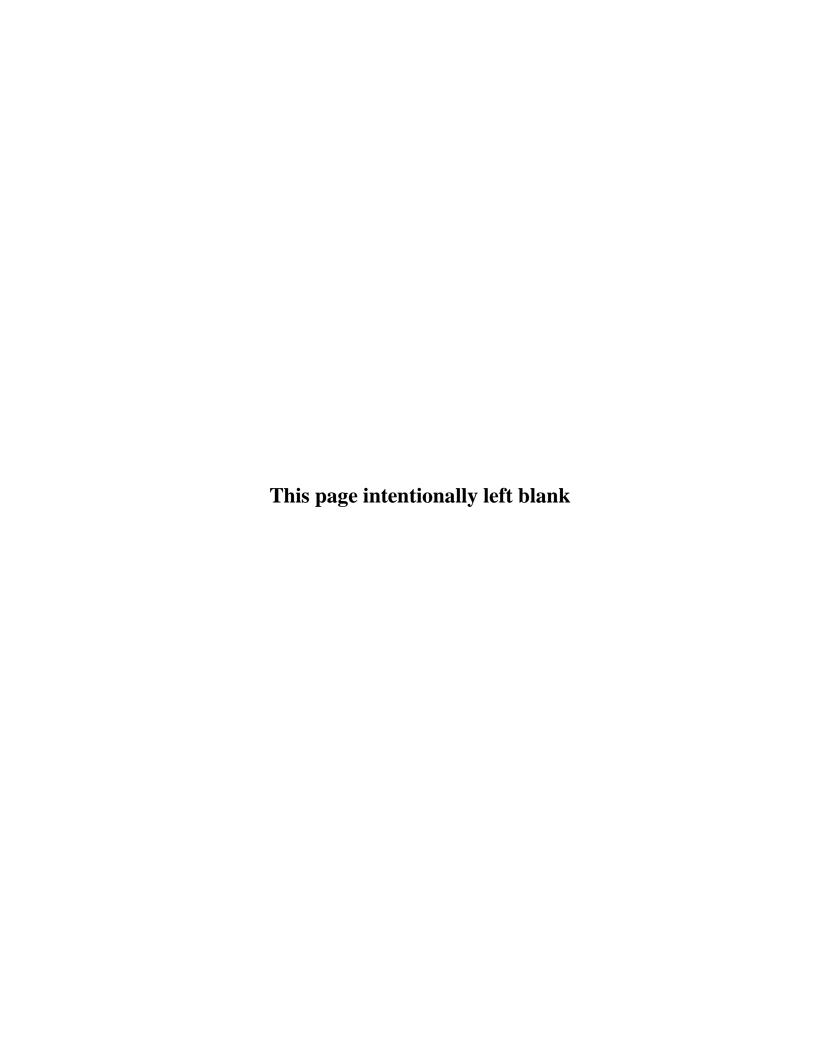
# **Changes in Benefit Terms**

During 2023, there were no changes of benefit terms during the measurement period that affected measurement of the Total OPEB Liability.

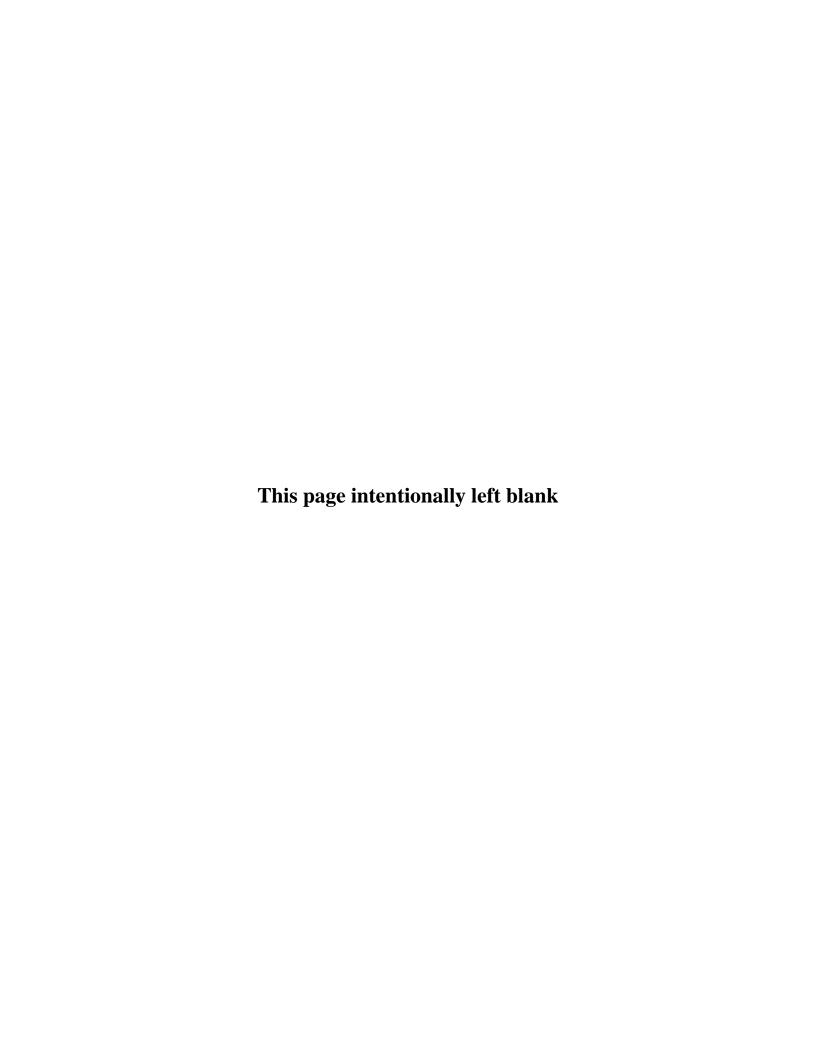
Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions, including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates. This change in plan benefits significantly lowered the OPEB liability and had an immediate effect on the OPEB expenses recognized by participating entities.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicareeligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.







# INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments on a cost reimbursement basis. The departments included within these funds are as follows:

<u>Motor Pool</u> – this fund is used to account for costs associated with certain vehicles used to transport students to/from co-curricular and extracurricular activities and staff to/from business-related activities.

<u>Print Shop</u> – this fund is used to account for printing services.

<u>Risk Management</u> – this fund is used to account for the costs associated with the workers' compensation self-funded program.

<u>Copier Pool</u> – this fund is used to account for the cost of copier rental.

<u>Curtis Culwell Center</u> – this fund is used to account for the operation of the Curtis Culwell Center.

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Current Assets:   Cash and Cash Equivalents   S   110,261   \$ 1,373,307   \$ 7,294,316     Other Receivables   - 69,282   - 7,294,316     Other Receivables   - 69,282   - 7,294,316     Other Receivables   - 69,282   - 7,294,316     Noncurrent Assets   - 110,261   1,442,589   7,294,316     Noncurrent Assets:	A COLUMN		751 Motor Pool		752 Print Shop	M	753 Risk Ianagement
Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 110,261         \$ 1,373,307         \$ 7,294,316           Other Receivables         -         69,282         -           Total Current Assets         -         69,282         7,294,316           Noncurrent Assets:         -         -         7,294,316           Capital Assets:         -         -         -         -           Building and Building Improvements         -         -         -         -           Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,677,935         113,184           Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Building and         -         -         -         -         -           Accumulated Appreciation - Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,1520,483         (113,184)           Accumulated Appreciation - Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,1520,483         (113,184)           Total Assets         -         157,452         -         -           Accumulated Appreciation - Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,1520,483         (113,184)           Total Assets         -         157,452         -         -           LIABILITIES	ASSETS						
Other Receivables         1         69,282         -           Total Current Assets         110,261         1,442,589         7,294,316           Noncurrent Assets:         Security Assets:           Capital Assets:         Use of the colspan="2">Use of the cols		•	110.261	ф	1 272 207	ф	7.204.216
Total Current Assets         110,261         1,442,589         7,294,316           Noncurrent Assets:         2         3         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         7,294         3         7,292         3         1,207,935         113,184         1,677,935         113,184         3         1,677,935         113,184         3         1,677,935         113,184         3         1,677,935         113,184         3         1,677,935         113,184         3         1,677,935         113,184         3         1,677,935         113,184         3         4         2         2         4         2         2         2         7         7,720         3         3         1,520         3         3         1,520         3         3         1,520         3         3         1,520         3         1,520         3         1,520         3         1,520         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3         1,521         3	•	\$	110,261	\$		\$	7,294,316
Noncurrent Assets:   Capital Assets:   Land Improvements			110.261				7.204.216
Capital Assets:         Image: Capital Assets of the Improvements of the Improvement			110,261		1,442,589		7,294,316
Land Improvements         -         -         -         7.720           Building and Building Improvements         -         -         7.720           Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,677,935         113,184           Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Other Land Improvements         -         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Building and         - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Building and Building Improvements         7,720           Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,677,935         113,184           Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Other Land Improvements         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Building and         -         -         -         -           Accumulated Amortization - Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Fight to Use Asset - Equipment         (418,237)         (1,520,483)         (113,184)           Total Noncurrent Assets         -         157,452         -           Total Noncurrent Assets         -         157,452         -           Total Assets         -         157,452         -           Current Liabilities         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         9,915         2,540,914           Unearned Revenues         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -							
Furniture and Equipment         418,237         1,677,935         113,184           Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Other Land Improvements         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Building and         -         -         -         -           Building Improvements         -<	-		-		-		-
Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Other Land Improvements         -         -         -           Accumulated Depreciation - Building and         -			-		-		
Accumulated Depreciation - Other Land Improvements         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>418,237</td><td></td><td>1,677,935</td><td></td><td>113,184</td></t<>			418,237		1,677,935		113,184
Accumulated Depreciation - Building and         -         -         (7,720)           Building Improvements         -         -         -         -           Accumulated Amortization - Right to Use Asset - Equipment         (418,237)         (1,520,483)         (113,184)           Total Noncurrent Assets         -         157,452         -           Total Assets         110,261         1,600,041         7,294,316           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accrued Wages Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         -         -           Accrued Wages Payable         -         9,915         2,540,914           Unearned Revenues         -         9,915         2,540,914           Unearned Revenues         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term         -         -         -           Claims Liabilities         -         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due wit			-		-		-
Building Improvements           Accumulated Amortization - Right to Use Asset - Equipment         (418,237)         (1,520,483)         (113,184)           Accumulated Depreciation - Furniture and Equipment         (418,237)         (1,520,483)         (113,184)           Total Noncurrent Assets         -         157,452         -           Total Assets         110,261         1,600,041         7,294,316           LLABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accrude Wages Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         9,915         2,540,914           Unearned Revenues         -         -         -         -           Total Current Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term         -         -         -         -           Claims Liability Long-Term         -         -         -         -         -           Total Noncu			-		-		-
Accumulated Amortization - Right to Use Asset - Equipment         -			-		-		(7,720)
Accumulated Depreciation - Furniture and Equipment         (418,237)         (1,520,483)         (113,184)           Total Noncurrent Assets         -         157,452         -           Total Assets         110,261         1,600,041         7,294,316           LIABILITIES         Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         -         -           Accrued Wages Payable         -         -         -           Claims Liability         -         -         -         -           Unearmed Revenues         -         -         -         -         -           Total Current Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367         -							
Total Noncurrent Assets         -         157,452         -           Total Assets         110,261         1,600,041         7,294,316           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         -         -           Accrued Wages Payable         -         -         -         -           Claims Liability         -         -         -         -         -           Claims Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         9,915         2,542,367           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term         -         -         -         -           Claims Liability Long-Term         -			_		-		-
Total Assets         110,261         1,600,041         7,294,316           LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:         ————————————————————————————————————			(418,237)				(113,184)
LIABILITIES           Current Liabilities:           Accounts Payable         -         9,915         1,453           Interest Payable         -         -         -           Accrued Wages Payable         -         -         -           Claims Liability         -         -         2,540,914           Unearned Revenues         -         -         -         -           Total Current Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         -         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -							-
Current Liabilities:         Accounts Payable       -       9,915       1,453         Interest Payable       -       -       -         Accrued Wages Payable       -       -       -         Claims Liability       -       -       -       -         Unearned Revenues       -       -       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities       -       9,915       2,542,367         Noncurrent Liabilities       -       9,915       2,542,367         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term       -       -       -         Claims Liability Long-Term       -       -       -       -         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       -       -       1,240,980         Total Liabilities       -       9,915       3,783,347         NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets       -       157,452       -         Unrestricted Net Position       110,261       1,432,674       3,510,969	Total Assets		110,261		1,600,041		7,294,316
Accounts Payable       -       9,915       1,453         Interest Payable       -       -       -         Accrued Wages Payable       -       -       -         Claims Liability       -       -       2,540,914         Unearned Revenues       -       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities       -       9,915       2,542,367         Noncurrent Liabilities:       -       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year       -       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term       -       -       -       -       -         Claims Liability Long-Term       -       -       1,240,980       -       -       1,240,980         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       -       -       9,915       3,783,347         NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets       -       157,452       -         Unrestricted Net Position       110,261       1,432,674       3,510,969	LIABILITIES						
Interest Payable       -       -       -         Accrued Wages Payable       -       -       -         Claims Liability       -       -       -       2,540,914         Unearned Revenues       -       -       -       -         Total Current Liabilities       -       9,915       2,542,367         Noncurrent Liabilities:       -       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year       -       -       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term       - <td>Current Liabilities:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Current Liabilities:						
Accrued Wages Payable       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       2,540,914         Unearned Revenues       -       <	Accounts Payable		-		9,915		1,453
Claims Liability         -         -         2,540,914           Unearned Revenues         -         -         -           Total Current Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities:         -         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         1,240,980         -         -         -         <	Interest Payable		-		-		-
Unearned Revenues         -	Accrued Wages Payable		_		-		-
Total Current Liabilities         -         9,915         2,542,367           Noncurrent Liabilities:         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year         -         -         -         -           Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term         -         -         -         -         -           Claims Liability Long-Term         -         -         -         1,240,980           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         -         -         9,915         3,783,347           NET POSITION           Net Investment in Capital Assets         -         157,452         -           Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	Claims Liability		-		-		2,540,914
Noncurrent Liabilities:         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term       -       -       -       -         Claims Liability Long-Term       -       -       -       1,240,980         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       -       -       9,915       3,783,347         NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets       -       157,452       -         Unrestricted Net Position       110,261       1,432,674       3,510,969	Unearned Revenues		_		-		-
Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year       -       -       -         Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term       -       -       -         Claims Liability Long-Term       -       -       1,240,980         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       -       -       9,915       3,783,347         NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets       -       157,452       -         Unrestricted Net Position       110,261       1,432,674       3,510,969	Total Current Liabilities		-		9,915		2,542,367
Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       1,240,980         Claims Liability Long-Term       -       -       -       1,240,980         Total Noncurrent Liabilities       -       -       9,915       3,783,347         NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets       -       157,452       -         Unrestricted Net Position       110,261       1,432,674       3,510,969	Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Claims Liability Long-Term         -         -         1,240,980           Total Noncurrent Liabilities         -         -         1,240,980           Total Liabilities         -         9,915         3,783,347           NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets         -         157,452         -           Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Due within one year		-		-		-
Total Noncurrent Liabilities         -         -         1,240,980           Total Liabilities         -         9,915         3,783,347           NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets         -         157,452         -           Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	Right to Use Lease Asset Payable - Long Term		-		-		-
Total Liabilities         -         9,915         3,783,347           NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets         -         157,452         -           Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	Claims Liability Long-Term		_		-		1,240,980
NET POSITION         Net Investment in Capital Assets       - 157,452       -         Unrestricted Net Position       110,261       1,432,674       3,510,969	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		_		-		1,240,980
Net Investment in Capital Assets         -         157,452         -           Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	Total Liabilities		-		9,915		3,783,347
Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	NET POSITION						
Unrestricted Net Position         110,261         1,432,674         3,510,969	Net Investment in Capital Assets		-		157,452		-
	-		110,261				3,510,969
		\$		\$		\$	

756			757		Total
Copier			Curtis		Internal
Pool		Culv	vell Center	Se	ervice Funds
\$ 513	3,686	\$	1,912,034	\$	11,203,604
	-		-		69,282
513	3,686		1,912,034		11,272,886
	-		251,316		251,316
	-		691,515		699,235
	-		2,070,683		4,280,039
5,00	1,199		-		5,001,199
	-		(155,797)		(155,797)
	-		(198,874)		(206,594)
(42:	5,917)		_		(425,917)
(.2.	-		(981,356)		(3,033,260)
4.57:	5,282		1,677,487		6,410,221
	3,968		3,589,521	-	17,683,107
84	4,135		176,993		272,496
1	1,409		-		11,409
	-		8,291		8,291
	-		-		2,540,914
			652,879		652,879
9:	5,544		838,163		3,485,989
0.47	204				0.42.20.4
	3,384		-		843,384
3,/1	9,963		-		3,719,963
	<del>-</del> -				1,240,980
	3,347				5,804,327
4,653	3,891		838,163		9,290,316
1	1,935		1,677,487		1,846,874
	3,142		1,073,871		6,545,917
\$ 430	0,077	\$	2,751,358	\$	8,392,791

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	1	751 Motor	752 Print	753 Risk Management		
		Pool	Shop			
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	35,410	\$ 712,383	\$	2,625,966	
Total Operating Revenues		35,410	712,383		2,625,966	
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Payroll Costs		-	185,698		453,201	
Professional and Contracted Services		-	154,241		112,445	
Supplies and Materials		29,292	359,201		20,580	
Other Operating Costs		-	777		2,955,581	
Depreciation/Amortization		-	44,782		-	
Total Operating Expenses		29,292	744,699		3,541,807	
Operating Income (Loss)		6,118	(32,316)		(915,841)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Interest on Capital Lease		-	-		-	
Transfer In		-	-		-	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		-	-		-	
Change in Net Position		6,118	(32,316)		(915,841)	
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)		104,143	1,622,442		4,426,810	
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)		110,261	\$ 1,590,126	\$	3,510,969	

756		757		Total
Copier		Curtis		Internal
Pool	Cu	lwell Center	Se	rvice Funds
		_		
\$ 931,699	\$	4,089,588	\$	8,395,046
931,699		4,089,588		8,395,046
-		1,343,458		1,982,357
382,538		1,866,283		2,515,507
-		327,010		736,083
-		67,625		3,023,983
 425,917		180,043		650,742
808,455		3,784,419		8,908,672
123,244		305,169		(513,626)
(87,597)		_		(87,597)
(07,557)		380,000		380,000
(87,597)		380,000		292,403
35,647		685,169		(221,223)
394,430		2,066,189		8,614,014
\$ 430,077	\$	2,751,358	\$	8,392,791

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		751 Motor Pool		752 Print Shop	N	753 Risk Ianagement
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:				эпор		ianagement
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	35,410	\$	-	\$	-
Cash Received from Assessments - Other Funds Cash Payments to Employees for Services		-		712,383		2,696,209 (453,201)
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims		-		(192,037)		(2,498,970)
Cash Payments for Suppliers		(29,292)		(415,633)		(58,569)
Cash Payments for Other Operating Expenses		(2),2)2)		(777)		(9,054)
Cash Payments for Prof. and Contracted Services		_		(154,241)		(112,445)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		6,118		(50,305)		(436,030)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:						
Transfer In				-		
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Noncapital Financing Activities				-		
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities:						
Acquisition of Capital Assets		-		(106,229)		-
Lease Payments		-		-		-
Lease Interest Expense Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital Financing Activities				(106,229)		
Net Cash Flovided by (Used 101) Capital Financing Activities		-		(100,229)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,118		(156,534)		(436,030)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Year:		104,143		1,529,841		7,730,346
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year:	\$	110,261	\$	1,373,307	\$	7,294,316
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:						
Operating Income (Loss):	\$	6.118	\$	(32,316)	\$	(915,841)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net	Ψ	0,110	Ψ	(32,310)	Ψ	()13,011)
Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:						
Depreciation/Amortization		-		44,782		-
Assets and Liabilities:						
(Increase) Decrease in Other Receivables		-		(59,147)		70,243
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		-		2,715		(37,989)
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		-		(6,339)		-
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenue		-		-		-
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Liability			_	- (50.005)		447,557
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	6,118	\$	(50,305)	\$	(436,030)

756		757	Total			
Copier		Curtis		Internal		
Pool	C	ulwell Center	5	Service Funds		
\$ 931,699	\$	3,636,716	\$	4,603,825		
-		380,000		3,788,592		
-		(1,354,719)		(1,999,957)		
-		-		(2,498,970)		
-		(334,031)		(837,525)		
-		(67,625)		(77,456)		
 (399,897)		(1,866,283)		(2,532,866)		
531,802		394,058		445,643		
<u>-</u>		380,000		380,000		
-		380,000		380,000		
_		(1,567,307)		(1,673,536)		
(493,392)		-		(493,392)		
(87,597)		_		(87,597)		
 (580,989)		(1,567,307)		(2,254,525)		
 <u> </u>				, , , ,		
(49,187)		(793,249)		(1,428,882)		
562,873		2,705,283		12,632,486		
\$ 513,686	\$	1,912,034	\$	11,203,604		
\$ 123,244	\$	305,169	\$	(513,626)		
425,917		180,043		650,742		
-		236		11,332		
(17,359)		(7,020)		(59,653)		
-		(11,262)		(17,601)		
-		(73,108)		(73,108)		
-		-		447,557		
\$ 531,802	\$	394,058	\$	445,643		

#### **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

Custodial Funds account for monies held for the benefit of student and employee groups, neither of which are held in trust, to which the District provides accounting services. The District does not have administrative or financial involvement and the student and employee groups are not part of the District's financial reporting entity.

Custodial funds are established to account for assets received and held by the District in the capacity of trustee, agent, or custodian. Expenditures are made only in accordance with the purpose for which assets are received.

<u>Student Activity Custodial Fund</u> accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies from student activity organizations.

Other Activity Custodial Fund accounts for the receipt and disbursement of monies from employee activity groups and fundraisers for outside charitable groups/scholarships.

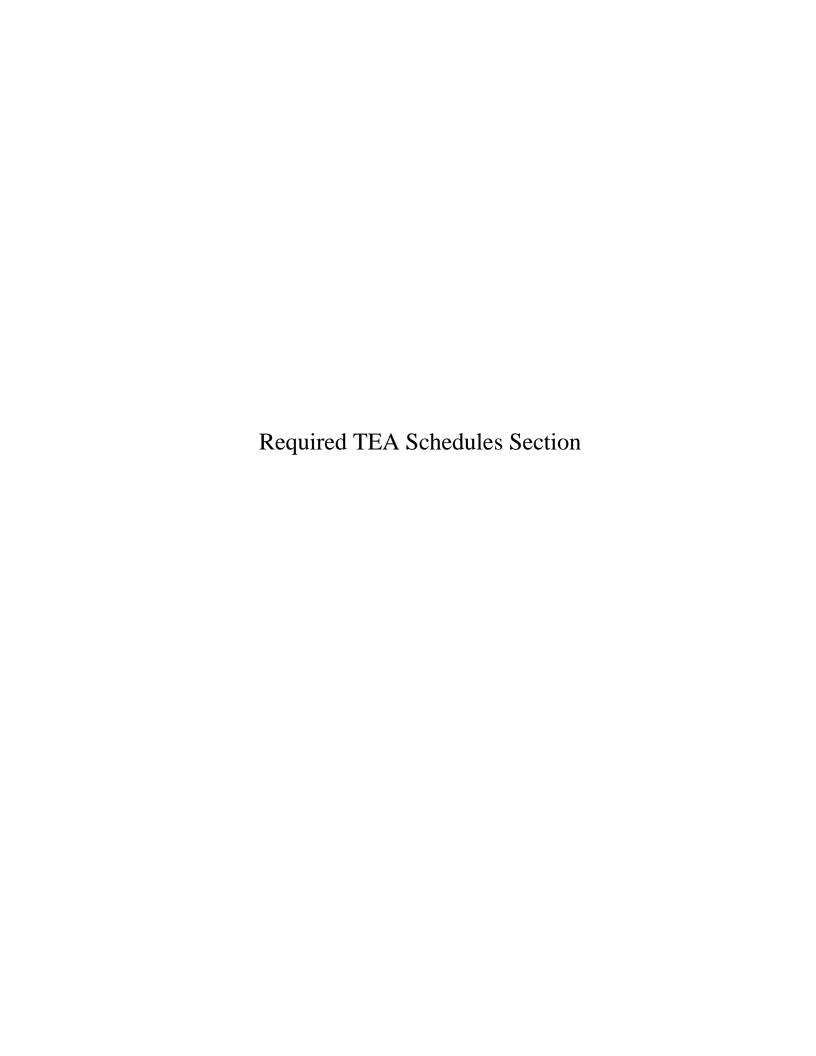
## Exhibit H-4

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	ent Activity Funds	Oth	er Activity Funds	Total		
ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Assets	\$ 531,638 531,638	\$ 249,053 249,053		\$	780,691 780,691	
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	29,783 29,783		5,172 5,172		34,955 34,955	
NET POSITION Restricted for student scholarships and other activities Total Net Position	\$ 501,855 501,855	\$	243,881 243,881	\$	745,736 745,736	

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Student Activity Funds			er Activity Funds	Total		
		Tunas	-	Tunus			
ADDITIONS							
Activity fund revenues	\$	846,242	\$	269,214	\$	1,115,456	
Total Additions		846,242		269,214		1,115,456	
DEDUCTIONS							
Activity fund expenses		778,261		225,905		1,004,166	
Total Deductions		778,261		225,905		1,004,166	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		67,981		43,309		111,290	
Net position - beginning of year		433,874		200,572		634,446	
Net position - end of year	\$	501,855	\$	243,881	\$	745,736	



#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Last Ten Years Ended		<b>1</b> Ta:	x Rate	2 es	N	3 et Assessed/Appraised Value For School	10 Beginning Balance			
June 30	Ma	Maintenance		Debt Service		Tax Purposes **	7/1/2022			
2014 and prior years	,	various	various			various	\$	947,930		
2015	\$	1.0400	\$	0.2133	\$	13,678,153,355		133,022		
2016		1.0400		0.3133		14,001,530,407		134,947		
2017		1.0400		0.4200		15,362,186,673		155,091		
2018		1.0400		0.4200		17,823,103,077		212,053		
2019		1.0400		0.4200		19,701,949,552		527,385		
2020		0.9700		0.4200		21,361,636,951		687,413		
2021		0.9513		0.3050		23,585,754,912		1,031,110		
2022		0.9384		0.3179		24,565,242,897		3,863,797		
2023		0.8546		0.3179		28,883,975,715				
							\$	7,692,748		
Tax Refunds Issued under 2	26.1115(	c), Tax Coo	de				\$	62,431		

<sup>\*\*</sup> Net Assessed Values takes the DCAD July supplement value and adjusts for district calculated frozen ceilings and prorations.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Levy is net of all DCAD supplements for the year since values were certified by the Tax Office.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> Adjustments include district calculated Ag rollbacks.

T	20 Current Year's otal Levy ***	31 Maintenance Total Collections	32 Debt Service Total Collections		Adjı	40 Entire Year's ustments ****	50 Ending Balance 6/30/2023	
\$	-	\$ 48,507	\$ 11,918		\$	(44,349)	\$	843,156
		6,230		1,278		(1,200)		124,314
		6,807		2,051		(1,910)		124,179
		8,420		3,400		(4,209)		139,062
		27,063		10,929		(6,230)		167,831
		69,333		28,000		(192,404)		237,648
		144,562		62,594		2,548		482,805
		214,270		65,741		(147,080)		604,019
		685,684		232,289		(1,839,476)		1,106,348
	325,740,392	 233,880,643		86,970,764		83,270		4,972,255
\$	325,740,392	\$ 235,091,519	\$	87,388,964	\$	(2,151,040)	\$	8,801,617

#### Exhibit J-2

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL – DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data				
Control	Budgeted	l Amounts		
Codes			Actual Amounts	Variance With
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(GAAP BASIS)	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 73,836,516	\$ 85,838,353	\$ 90,139,002	\$ 4,300,649
5800 State Program Revenues		830,000	2,649,396	1,819,396
5900 Federal Program Revenues	471,993	471,993	474,313	2,320
5020 Total Revenues	74,308,509	87,140,346	93,262,711	6,122,365
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Debt Service-Principal on Long Term Debt	41,900,000	81,900,000	80,201,643	1,698,357
0072 Debt Service-Interest on Long Term Debt	18,598,642	18,598,643	18,598,642	1
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,000,000	999,999	28,900	971,099
6030 Total Expenditures	61,498,642	101,498,642	98,829,185	2,669,457
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	12,809,867	(14,358,296)	(5,566,474)	8,791,822
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances			(5,566,474)	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	84,283,646	89,550,646	98,255,627	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 97,093,513	\$ 75,192,350	\$ 92,689,153	\$ 8,791,822

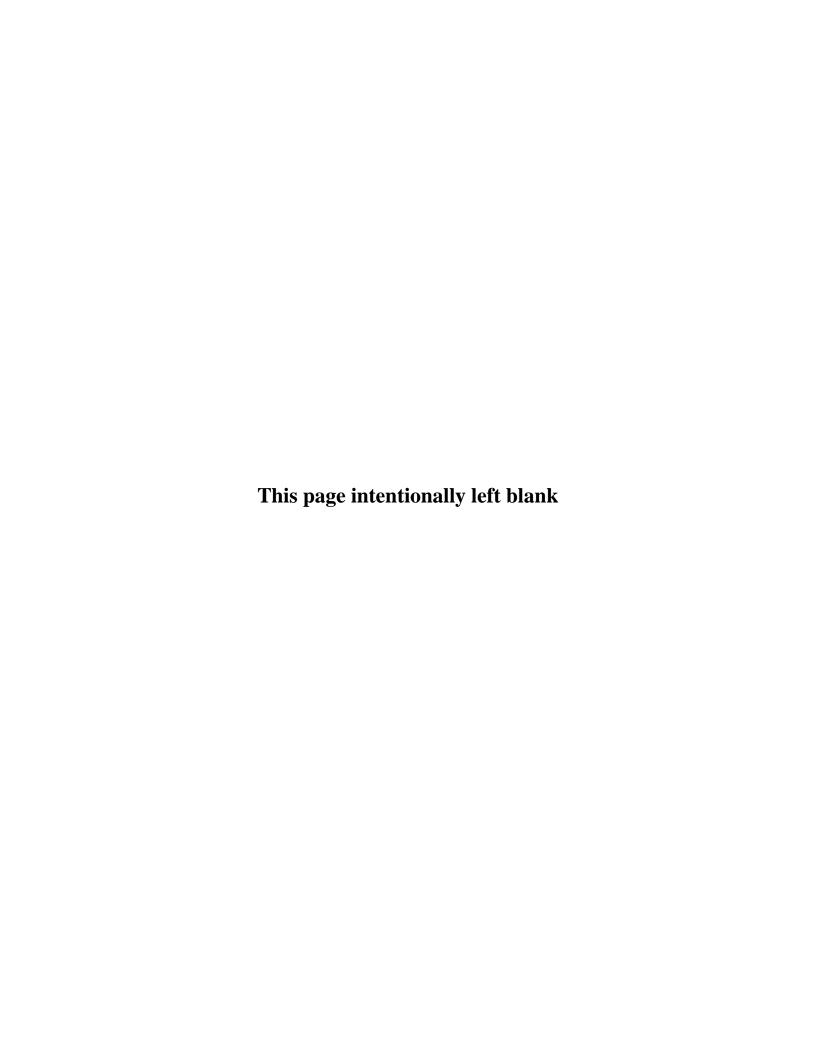
#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAM AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM COMPLIANCE RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

<b>Data Codes</b>	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	]	Responses
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	57,431,609
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	34,511,591
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	12,643,847
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	5,200,909

Notes: The TEA spending requirement for compensatory education and bilingual education funding is 55% of the funding received from the state allotment. The District allocates PIC99 expenditures to the direct costs listed above and is in compliance with the spending requirements set by the state.

Total District spending on the state compensatory and bilingual education programs are as follows:

		TEA			PIC 99	
	State	Required	Required	Direct	Spending	Total
PIC Description	Allotment	Spending %	Spending Total	Spending	Allocation	Spending
State Compensatory Education	\$ 57,431,609	55%	\$ 31,587,385	\$ 34,511,591	\$ 3,642,333	\$ 38,153,924
Bilingual Education	12,643,847	55%	6,954,116	5,200,909	2,343,762	7,544,671



#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED) STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Garland Independent School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends 86-99 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and wellbeing have changed over time. Revenue Capacity 100-103 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. **Debt Capacity** 104-106 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Demographic and Economic Information 107-109 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place. Operating Information 110-123 These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year							
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Governmental net position				_				_
Net investment in capital assets	\$	162,891,590	\$	173,975,555	\$	186,102,148	\$	230,598,662
Restricted								
Food Service				2,753,549		4,543,133		6,624,529
Debt Service		5,841,400		9,556,908		8,043,823		13,172,040
Grant Funds		9,155,138		3,926,659		11,563,497		17,492,426
Construction		6,614,366						
Unrestricted		163,033,042		104,414,137		90,509,434		88,318,803
Total governmental net position	_	347,535,536		294,626,808		300,762,035		356,206,460
Business-type net position								
Net investment in capital assets		9,023		6,445		-		-
Unrestricted		(130,792)		(6,661)				
Total Business-type net position		(121,769)		(216)		-		-
Total net position								
Net investment in capital assets		162,900,613		173,982,000		186,102,148		230,598,662
Restricted								
Food Service				2,753,549		4,543,133		6,624,529
Debt Service		5,841,400		9,556,908		8,043,823		13,172,040
Grant Funds		9,155,138		3,926,659		11,563,497		17,492,426
Construction		6,614,366						
Unrestricted		162,902,250		104,407,476		90,509,434		88,318,803
Total net position	\$	347,413,767	\$	294,626,592	\$	300,762,035	\$	356,206,460

Source: The Statement of Net Position for the Garland Independent School District

Fiscal Year

					Fisca	1 1 62	lT .				
	2018	_	2019	_	2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023
\$	291,998,041	\$	339,849,519	\$	352,783,669	\$	344,843,626	\$	361,452,377	\$	428,738,434
	10,265,688		13,250,762		7,588,492		3,861,592		15,150,395		20,280,410
	22,490,186		42,716,002		64,641,353		71,019,364		86,051,888		88,907,143
	14,140,160		1,728,391		1,648,765		326,321		4,637,366		2,390,707
	(177,634,686)		(135,726,703)		(125,543,118)		(125,598,808)		(95,716,573)		(104,390,058)
	161,259,389		261,817,971		301,119,161		294,452,095		371,575,453		435,926,636
	-		-		-		-		-		-
_		_		_		_				_	
	291,998,041		339,849,519		352,783,669		344,843,626		361,452,377		428,738,434
	10,265,688		13,250,762		7,588,492		3,861,592		15,150,395		20,280,410
	22,490,186		42,716,002		64,641,353		71,019,364		86,051,888		88,907,143
	14,140,160		1,728,391		1,648,765		326,321		4,637,366		2,390,707
	(177,634,686)		(135,726,703)		(125,543,118)		(125,598,808)		(95,716,573)		(104,390,058)
\$	161,259,389	\$	261,817,971	\$	301,119,161	\$	294,452,095	\$	371,575,453	\$	435,926,636

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXPENSES, PROGRAM REVENUES, AND NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Fisca	l Year		
	2014	2015		2016	2017
Expenses	 				
Governmental activities					
Instruction	\$ 293,173,717	\$ 302,936,954	\$	326,193,632	\$ 319,232,860
Instructional resource and media services	7,897,014	8,240,779		8,476,668	8,397,550
Curriculum and staff development services	11,848,699	13,966,276		15,289,822	15,833,458
Instructional leadership	9,444,098	9,476,390		9,404,380	9,239,512
School leadership	28,022,164	29,359,186		31,430,176	31,663,652
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	19,318,654	21,727,176		23,134,956	23,589,312
Social work services	1,339,419	1,253,128		1,057,374	800,029
Health services	6,228,989	6,545,294		6,867,464	6,893,327
Student transportation	12,966,006	13,717,097		15,154,555	15,456,729
Food Service	31,285,050	32,701,421		31,575,592	31,390,062
Cocurricular/Extracurricular activities	8,556,794	9,077,240		10,327,317	9,046,761
General administration	15,141,046	15,338,293		15,353,186	16,081,858
Facilities maintenance and operations	38,454,227	39,578,630		40,912,661	38,997,523
Security and monitoring services	4,100,656	4,348,891		6,318,189	5,970,986
Data processing services	15,490,524	24,346,683		40,659,486	21,610,633
Community services	3,198,004	3,462,272		4,063,974	3,939,824
Interest on long-term debt	11,926,352	13,571,186		18,083,049	22,221,597
Bond issuance cost and fees	176,140	1,486,831		434,984	1,050,341
Facilities repairs and maintenance	5,364,055	1,605,080		1,984,797	19,131
Payments to Fiscal Agent of Shared Services Arrangement	74,889	81,790		78,603	82,925
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs	4,824	10,716		30,168	25,536
Intergovernmental Charges	662,918	667,640		692,137	745,631
Total governmental activities expenses	 524,674,239	553,498,953		607,523,170	582,289,237
Business-type activities					
Concessions	259,754	282,724		213	-
Total business-type activities expenses	 259,754	282,724		213	_
Total expenses	\$ 524,933,993	\$ 553,781,677	\$	607,523,383	\$ 582,289,237
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Charges for services					
Instruction	\$ 428,438	\$ 419,763	\$	477,147	\$ 797,456
Curriculum and staff development					
Food service	9,276,095	9,272,764		7,729,332	7,194,211
Cocurricular/Extracurricular activities	5,261,990	4,292,064		4,974,632	4,752,685
Plant maintenance and operations	151,719	184,070		209,727	329,971
Security and monitoring services					
Community services					
Operating grants and contributions	90,430,370	98,476,190		114,478,252	111,116,480
Total governmental entities program revenue	105,548,612	112,644,851		127,869,090	124,190,803
Business-type activities					
Charges for services					
Concessions	252,564	 271,241			 
Total governmental entities business-type revenue	 252,564	 271,241			 
Total program revenues	\$ 105,801,176	\$ 112,916,092	\$	127,869,090	\$ 124,190,803
Net Expense					
Governmental activities	\$ (419,125,627)	\$ (440,854,102)	\$	(479,654,080)	\$ (458,098,434)
Business-type activities	 (7,190)	(11,483)		(213)	
Total net expenses	\$ (419,132,817)	\$ (440,865,585)	\$	(479,654,293)	\$ (458,098,434)

Source: The Statement of Activities for the Garland Independent School District

Fiscal	Vear

	2018		2019	2019 2020 2021							2023
ф	207.016.070	ф	220 115 752	Φ.	250 104 060	ф	260 100 755	ф	217 410 705	ф	244.250.620
\$	207,916,878	\$	328,115,753	\$	358,104,960	\$	369,188,755	\$	317,418,795	\$	344,259,620
	6,073,555		8,207,096		9,157,876		9,072,406		7,980,212		8,487,030
	12,133,420		16,034,427		20,666,755		21,989,875		16,481,755		22,058,677
	6,132,427		8,474,957 30,139,683		10,023,316 36,632,987		10,519,666		9,355,818		12,080,850 33,203,007
	21,293,586 16,606,572		23,382,685		27,630,458		35,831,035 27,513,261		32,252,551 24,836,588		27,249,421
	595,506		23,382,083 871,175		1,247,338		1,019,642		759,241		852,798
	4,573,637		6,964,692		7,931,437		8,993,248		7,810,094		8,094,188
	14,983,937		15,440,622		19,181,850		20,286,452		22,384,920		22,770,194
	27,716,685		29,264,833		33,165,956		27,247,110		29,564,837		30,487,660
	12,441,464		13,093,002		13,774,426		13,408,253		15,286,225		16,258,162
	11,846,283		13,725,592		17,326,424		17,617,058		16,676,471		19.524.991
	37,334,029		42,209,307		43,253,497		60,144,444		54,552,442		58,623,991
	5,961,321		7,776,293		8,820,570		7,933,703		6,883,742		7,553,802
	13,282,338		19,561,761		19,680,574		27,680,360		38,757,440		19,469,150
	2,623,819		3,393,311		3,552,435		3,442,178		2,754,483		3,173,845
	22,796,188		18,848,982		21,321,564		18,387,683		16,146,467		10,946,790
	680,874		197,174		291,142		10,307,003		21,814		28,900
	929,320		131,639		166,576		16,257		541,822		592,688
	103,090		117,609		134,796		179,365		176,895		137,800
	15,996		10,944		28,764		7,446		30,702		58,632
	835,727		925,839		928,362		963,769		897,947		982,673
	426,876,652		586,887,376		653,022,063		681,441,966		621,571,261		646,894,869
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\$	426,876,652	\$	586,887,376	\$	653,022,063	\$	681,441,966	\$	621,571,261	\$	646,894,869
\$	1,078,595	\$	1,004,136	\$	710,330	\$	97,175	\$	185,304	\$	168,737
	7.05.515		- 00 <del>-</del> 1- 0		4 505 040		<b>55.4 5.6</b> 0		1 0 10 110		4050 500
	7,105,515		5,907,159		4,687,943		774,760		1,948,410		4,968,582
	4,744,058		4,656,066		3,508,725		1,037,409		3,965,199		4,796,141
	152,110		145,580		121,935		168,180		350,428		412,626
	1 262 560		112 700 521		121 075 047		125 101 520		124 022 244		121 227 661
	1,262,569		112,798,531 124,511,472		121,875,947		135,181,539		134,922,344 141,371,685		121,327,664
	14,342,847		124,511,472		130,904,880		137,239,003		141,371,083		131,673,750
	_						_		_		
	<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>				<u> </u>			_	<u> </u>
\$	14,342,847	\$	124,511,472	\$	130,904,880	\$	137,259,063	\$	141,371,685	\$	131,673,750
\$	(412,533,805)	\$	(462,375,904)	\$	(522,117,183)	\$	(544,182,903)	\$	(480,199,576)	\$	(515,221,119)
\$	(412,533,805)	\$	(462,375,904)	\$	(522,117,183)	\$	(544,182,903)	\$	(480,199,576)	\$	(515,221,119)

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL REVENUES AND TOTAL CHANGE IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		2014	2015	2016	2017
Net Expense			 		
Governmental activities	\$	(419,125,627)	\$ (440,854,102)	\$ (479,654,080)	\$ (458,098,434)
Business-type activities		(7,190)	(11,483)	(213)	-
Total net expenses	\$	(419,132,817)	\$ (440,865,585)	\$ (479,654,293)	\$ (458,098,434)
General Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes levied for general purposes	\$	137,162,011	\$ 143,261,249	\$ 147,147,310	\$ 160,752,789
Property taxes levied for debt service		28,090,094	29,406,886	44,156,322	64,727,260
State Aid Formula Grants		270,830,210	278,214,031	290,555,354	280,753,101
Grants and contributions not restricted		504,719	457,688	1,614,381	1,697,891
Investment earnings		96,855	155,049	1,152,599	2,981,631
Miscellaneous		896,992	1,496,153	917,065	2,252,773
Transfers in (out) from business-type activities			(132,561)	(429)	-
Special Items:					
Gain (Loss) on disposal of assets		256,242	265,904	246,705	377,414
Liquidation of Claims Liability (Note 10)					
Extraordinary Items:					
Insurance recoveries		72,014			
Total governmental general revenues		437,909,137	453,124,399	485,789,307	513,542,859
Business-type activities					
Investment earnings		52	475		
Transfers in/(out) to governmental activities			 132,561	 429	-
Total business-type general revenues		52	133,036	429	-
Total primary government general revenues	\$	437,909,189	\$ 453,257,435	\$ 485,789,736	\$ 513,542,859
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$	18,783,510	\$ 12,270,297	\$ 6,135,227	\$ 55,444,425
Business-type activities		(7,138)	 121,553	216	 
Total primary government	\$	18,776,372	\$ 12,391,850	\$ 6,135,443	\$ 55,444,425

Source: The Statement of Activities for the Garland Independent School District

		Fiscal	l Year						
2018	2019	 2020		2021		2022		2023	
\$ (412,533,805)	\$ (462,375,904)	\$ (522,117,183)	\$	(544,182,903)	\$	(480,199,576)	\$	(515,221,119)	
\$ (412,533,805)	\$ (462,375,904)	\$ (522,117,183)	\$	(544,182,903)	\$	(480,199,576)	\$	(515,221,119)	
	40400040	100 = 1100							
177,189,925 71,576,774	196,893,187 79,322,278	199,764,239 86,252,334		214,437,931 68,918,356		223,608,648 75,753,284		237,293,135 88,248,515	
274,441,570	258,315,850	264,547,309		262,806,481		244,406,171		227,774,513	
2,054,402	1,734,601	1,863,128		3,713,285		7,337,809		8,033,656	
6,653,988	8,228,220	6,333,387	368,37			159,053		15,700,767	
1,899,433	1,215,452	1,863,505		798,189		4,513,724		1,893,857	
553,941	1,222,636	794,471		283,574		1,544,245		627,859	
534,370,033	546,932,224	561,418,373		551,326,192	_	557,322,934		579,572,302	
\$ 534,370,033	\$ 546,932,224	\$ 561,418,373	\$	551,326,192	\$	557,322,934	\$	579,572,302	
\$ 121,836,228	\$ 84,556,320	\$ 39,301,190	\$	7,143,289	\$	77,123,358	\$	64,351,183	
\$ 121,836,228	\$ 84,556,320	\$ 39,301,190	\$	7,143,289	\$	77,123,358	\$	64,351,183	

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Fisca	l Year	
General Fund	2014	2015	2016	2017
Non-Spendable - Inventories	\$ 841,310	\$ 898,601	\$ 985,030	\$ 890,698
Non-Spendable - Prepaid Items	1,947,959	1,453,566	1,044,039	-
Committed - Capital Expenditures for Equipment				
Committed - Self-Insurance	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000
Assigned - Other	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	143,786,285	150,065,060	162,004,045	178,872,613
	\$ 154,575,554	\$ 160,417,227	\$ 172,033,114	\$ 187,763,311
All Other Governmental Funds				
Non-Spendable - Inventories	2,022,565	1,665,298	2,049,499	1,906,372
Non-Spendable - Prepaid Items	877,145	1,775,222	1,655,335	-
Restricted - Grant Funds	6,840,334	3,487,530	12,437,623	22,210,583
Restricted - Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations	6,614,366	183,774,730	97,915,261	158,771,545
Restricted - Retirement of Long-term Debt	6,008,006	9,961,155	8,345,668	13,716,951
Committed - Local Special Revenue Fund	3,096,524	2,321,589	2,330,898	2,493,805
Assigned - Construction and Capital Expenditures	23,176,096	22,091,992	21,289,184	15,501,859
	\$ 48,635,036	\$ 225,077,516	\$ 146,023,468	\$ 214,601,115

Source: The Balance Sheet of Governmental funds for the Garland Independent School District

		Fiscal	Year		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 907,053	\$ 925,912	\$ 998,377	\$ 1,117,564	\$ 1,321,726	\$ 1,718,341
-	-				
0.000.000	0.000.000	0.000.000	7 000 000	7 000 000	7,000,000
8,000,000	8,000,000	8,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000	7,000,000
-	673,486	587,312	587,312	1,122,900	1,122,900
184,480,205	4,480,205 220,271,987 257,899,782			276,140,819	252,679,025
\$ 193,387,258	\$ 229,871,385	\$ 267,485,471	\$ 270,944,616	\$ 285,585,445	\$ 262,520,266
2,069,511	1,507,585	1,648,765	1,822,884	2,022,903	3,061,132
-					
22,336,337	13,471,568	13,603,962	4,095,812	17,764,858	19,609,985
126,954,526	75,272,373	26,326,966	18,841,281	11,743,460	5,446,933
22,925,084	50,239,546	71,517,196	76,901,253	91,495,627	92,689,153
2,778,486	3,088,140	3,087,876	3,145,316	3,650,870	3,917,895
6,096,195	23,960,584	19,528,565	16,725,738	12,961,937	24,121,862
\$ 183,160,139	\$ 167,539,796	\$ 135,713,330	\$ 121,532,284	\$ 139,639,655	\$ 148,846,960

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS REVENUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Fiscal Year									
	2014			2015		2016		2017			
Local sources:											
Property taxes	\$	165,665,203	\$	172,925,921	\$	191,213,265	\$	225,136,669			
Earnings on Investments		99,336		151,757		1,185,673		3,097,611			
Other local sources		17,532,397		16,158,382		15,031,358		15,651,100			
Total local sources		183,296,936		189,236,060		207,430,296		243,885,380			
State sources:											
Per Capita	\$	14,229,508	\$	14,300,164	\$	9,745,185	\$	21,076,581			
Foundation School Program		256,600,702		263,762,268		280,665,610		259,534,696			
On-behalf Payments		20,763,720		21,863,803		21,873,710		21,332,244			
Other State Sources		17,349,345		20,619,462		25,246,920		26,644,134			
Total state sources		308,943,275		320,545,697		337,531,425		328,587,655			
Federal sources:		51,334,853		56,740,087		56,398,403		60,268,133			
Total revenues	\$	543,575,064	\$	566,521,844	\$	601,360,124	\$	632,741,168			

Source: The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and changes in fund Balance for the Garland Independent School District

Fiscal Year

		1 1504	1 iscar 1 car							
2018	2019			2020		2021		2022		2023
\$ 248,652,345	\$	274,636,369	\$	285,771,808	\$	283,024,048	\$	299,662,160	\$	324,349,554
7,062,195		8,894,333		6,722,485		368,376		159,053		15,700,767
15,063,980		13,259,911		11,174,237		3,170,917		11,476,056		13,481,857
270,778,520		296,790,613		303,668,530		286,563,341		311,297,269		353,532,178
\$ 11,062,727	\$	25,704,088	\$	16,674,101	\$	25,176,938	\$	23,833,645	\$	30,909,963
263,378,843		232,611,762		247,846,209		237,629,543		217,728,769		196,864,550
23,208,664		19,313,463		27,012,627		26,602,024		25,977,900		28,465,299
12,131,942		6,560,794		12,314,782		3,159,986		8,421,451		8,336,010
309,782,176		284,190,107		303,847,719		292,568,491		275,961,765		264,575,822
67,513,974		67,360,453		62,253,721		75,318,252		136,169,471		119,580,890
\$ 648,074,670	\$	648,341,173	\$	669,769,970	\$	654,450,084	\$	723,428,505	\$	737,688,890

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES AND DEBT SERVICE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

				Fiscal	Year		
		2014		2015		2016	2017
Expenditures							
Governmental funds							
11 Instruction	\$	278,396,221	\$	292,682,387	\$	295,875,044	\$ 296,735,311
12 Instructional resources and media services		7,414,899		7,635,828		7,976,025	7,715,713
13 Curriculum and staff development services		11,821,331		14,150,661		14,955,504	 15,302,908
Total function 10		297,632,451		314,468,876		318,806,573	 319,753,932
21 Instructional leadership		9,136,533		9,267,235		8,909,833	8,745,559
23 School leadership		27,735,396		29,106,054		30,227,932	30,381,505
Total function 20		36,871,929		38,373,289		39,137,765	39,127,064
31 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		19,203,404		21,512,159		22,461,110	22,844,915
32 Social work services		1,346,199		1,338,547		1,045,330	791,786
33 Health services		6,132,616		6,389,549		6,618,661	6,603,999
34 Student transportation		14,052,926		15,163,237		16,638,683	16,363,472
35 Food service		30,293,793		31,790,346		29,920,357	29,606,960
36 Extracurricular activities		8,007,892		7,795,306		9,052,990	8,518,724
Total function 30		79,036,830		83,989,144		85,737,131	84,729,856
41 General administration		14,962,000		15,054,618		14,799,780	15,414,043
Total function 40		14,962,000		15,054,618		14,799,780	15,414,043
51 Facilities maintenance and operations		37,405,228		37,643,590		38,407,218	38,255,742
52 Security and monitoring services		3,821,316		4,072,994		6,123,148	5,720,961
53 Data processing services		12,235,673		21,405,047		48,340,584	19,626,462
Total function 50		53,462,217		63,121,631		92,870,950	63,603,165
61 Community service		2,302,771		2,695,992		3,059,647	2,923,205
Total function 60		2,302,771		2,695,992		3,059,647	2,923,205
71 Debt service							
Principal on long-term debt		25,368,218		25,765,010		38,298,252	48,531,442
Interest on long-term debt		14,637,796		15,807,117		20,492,629	25,536,628
Bond issuance costs and fees		176,140		1,486,831		434,984	1,050,341
Total function 70		40,182,154		43,058,958		59,225,865	75,118,411
81 Facilities acquisition/construction		15,407,928		20,168,396		54,519,046	118,361,627
Total function 80		15,407,928		20,168,396		54,519,046	118,361,627
93 Payments related to Shared Services Arrangements		74,889		81,790		78,603	82,925
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative		4,824		10,716		30,168	25,536
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		662,918	_	667,640	_	692,137	 745,631
Total function 90		742,631		760,146		800,908	854,092
Total expenditures	\$	540,600,911	\$	581,691,050	\$	668,957,665	\$ 719,885,395
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	7.6%		7.4%		8.9%	12.5%	

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds for the Garland Independent School District

Fiscal	

2018		2019		2020	1 Year	2021		2022		2023
\$ 311,197,039	\$	289,498,626	\$	313,376,748	\$	332,557,093	\$	333,950,073	\$	357,540,423
7,823,749		7,217,229		8,024,543		8,101,282		8,037,956		8,539,542
 17,104,803		14,656,530	18,605,901			19,906,532		18,494,595		24,193,337
336,125,591		311,372,385		340,007,192		360,564,907	360,482,624			390,273,302
9,233,263		7,525,112		8,904,397		9,406,788		10,268,732		13,325,894
 31,796,289		27,282,621		32,873,981		32,935,531		34,798,715		35,627,821
41,029,552		34,807,733		41,778,378		42,342,319		45,067,447		48,953,715
24,485,165		21,300,563		24,888,743		25,585,408		26,682,496		28,935,121
745,589		830,424		1,198,380		890,595		889,880		983,358
6,981,160		6,280,318		7,144,408		8,353,605		8,385,657		8,635,615
17,567,596		12,804,688		18,520,848		20,589,514		23,587,583		21,902,000
29,549,801		27,001,019		33,679,845		24,518,211		31,261,239		31,625,806
11,429,637		10,809,099		10,990,385		10,963,157		13,434,820		14,428,365
90,758,948		79,026,111		96,422,609		90,900,490		104,241,674		106,510,265
15,222,824		12,657,677		16,007,105		16,481,795		17,555,931		20,067,502
15,222,824		12,657,677		16,007,105		16,481,795		17,555,931		20,067,502
40,824,190				39,966,515		48,359,044		42,798,724		48,270,507
9,668,579		7,706,790		8,733,696		7,751,435		6,979,083		7,632,605
24,237,927	18,426,974		18,446,887			20,946,771		36,252,125		18,970,581
74,730,696		59,118,847		67,147,098		77,057,250		86,029,932		74,873,693
2,653,384		2,419,362		2,329,983		2,324,494		2,119,405		2,554,270
2,653,384		2,419,362		2,329,983	2,324,494		2,119,405			2,554,270
47,726,335		41,850,089		43,165,629		43,557,517		42,985,925		84,592,657
26,651,612		16,118,574		24,383,826		22,423,626		20,559,389		18,598,642
 680,874		973,543		291,142				21,815		28,900
75,058,821		58,942,206		67,840,597		65,981,143		63,567,129		103,220,199
 127,989,717		69,907,342		38,591,012		9,043,998		11,054,863		13,154,207
127,989,717		69,907,342		38,591,012		9,043,998		11,054,863		13,154,207
103,090		117,609		134,796		179,365		176,895		137,800
15,996		10,944		28,764		7,446		30,702		58,632
835,727		925,839		928,362		963,769		897,947		982,673
954,813		1,054,392		1,091,922		1,150,580		1,105,544		1,179,105
\$ 764,524,346	\$	629,306,055	\$	671,215,896	\$	665,846,976	\$	691,224,550	\$	760,786,258
12.1%	_	10.4%		10.8%		10.1%		9.4%		13.8%

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES AND NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year								
	2014			2015		2016		2017	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	2,974,153	\$	(15,169,206)	\$	(67,597,541)	\$	(87,144,227)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Capital related debt issued (Bonds)				193,320,000				150,250,000	
Refunding Bonds Issued		26,725,000				40,560,000			
Sale of real or personal property		247,181		265,904		371,262		377,414	
Non-Current Loan Proceeds									
Transfers in		12,000,000		12,880,477		9,305,830		10,978,893	
Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		1,574,982		16,754,162		6,405,364		20,810,175	
Other Financing Sources - SBITA									
Other Resources		-				21,799		14,483	
Insurance Recovery		37,855							
Transfers out		(12,000,000)		(13,000,000)		(9,243,249)		(10,978,894)	
Payments to refunded bond escrow agents		(28,920,859)		(12,767,184)		(47,261,626)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(335,841)		197,453,359		159,380		171,452,071	
Extraordinary Item - Insurance Recovery									
Net change in fund balances	\$	2,638,312	\$	182,284,153	\$	(67,438,161)	\$	84,307,844	

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds for the Garland Independent School District

Year

2018	2019		2020		2021		2022	2023
\$ (116,449,676)	\$	19,035,117	\$	(1,445,926)	\$	(11,396,892)	\$ 32,203,955	\$ (23,097,368)
78,565,000								
		14,525,000		28,420,000		47,830,000	-	-
551,166		1,229,284		794,472		294,314	1,544,245	627,859
13,600,000		37,284,586		20,380,497		5,814,949	4,317,037	18,450,539
11,539,604		984,675		2,538,455		6,685,636	-	-
-		404,544		6,170,152		-	-	2,231,635
(13,623,123)		(37,284,586)		(20,380,497)		(5,814,949)	(5,317,037)	(18,830,539)
 		(15,314,836)		(30,689,533)		(54,134,959)	-	 
 90,632,647		1,828,667		7,233,546		674,991	544,245	 2,479,494
\$ (25,817,029)	\$	20,863,784	\$	5,787,620	\$	(10,721,901)	\$ 32,748,200	\$ (20,617,874)

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT APPRAISED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Appraised Value												
Fiscal Year	Commercial Real Property		Residential Real Property			Business Personal Property		Less: Exemptions		Total Estimated Taxable Value		Total Direct Rate(1)	
2014	\$	4,366,481,800	\$	9,530,491,010	\$	1,901,121,140	\$	2,733,098,338	\$	13,064,995,612	\$	1.2533	
2015		4,596,551,430		9,917,340,240		1,953,899,600		2,789,637,915		13,678,153,355		1.2533	
2016		4,912,097,630		10,770,670,000		1,973,566,770		3,654,803,993		14,001,530,407		1.3533	
2017		5,237,181,850		12,432,249,640		2,241,206,040		4,548,450,857		15,362,186,673		1.4600	
2018		5,555,397,220		13,884,449,680		2,402,031,290		4,018,775,113		17,823,103,077		1.4600	
2019		6,099,742,420		15,822,057,720		2,434,599,740		4,654,450,328		19,701,949,552		1.4600	
2020		6,775,777,870		16,942,990,930		2,709,456,950		5,066,588,799		21,361,636,951		1.3900	
2021		7,572,707,190		18,133,235,407		2,555,486,650		4,675,674,335		23,585,754,912		1.2563	
2022		8,020,161,090		18,941,653,660		2,595,808,550		4,992,380,403		24,565,242,897		1.2563	
2023		9,370,575,200		24,503,093,160		2,963,226,130		7,952,918,775		28,883,975,715		1.1725	

Source: Appraised Value - Dallas Central Appraisal District

Total Direct Rate - District Information

## Notes:

- \* The Garland ISD Tax Office is the collecting agent for the District
- \* Property is appraised at full market value. Properties are reappraised at least once every three years.
- \* Represents total appraised value before exemptions.
- (1) Per \$100 of assessed value

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Garland I	ndependent School	ol District	Overlapping Rates								
	Maintenance			City		City	City	City	City			
	and	Debt		of	Dallas	of	of	of	of			
Fiscal Year	Operations	Service	Total	Garland	County	Rowlett	Sachse	Dallas	Mesquite			
2014	\$ 1.0400	\$ 0.2133	\$ 1.2533	\$ 0.7046	\$ 0.6538	\$ 0.7472	\$ 0.7708	\$ 0.7970	\$ 0.6400			
2015	1.0400	0.2133	1.2533	0.7046	0.6639	0.7872	0.7708	0.7970	0.6400			
2016	1.0400	0.3133	1.3533	0.7046	0.6628	0.7872	0.7573	0.7970	0.6400			
2017	1.0400	0.4200	1.4600	0.7046	0.6547	0.7872	0.7573	0.7825	0.6870			
2018	1.0400	0.4200	1.4600	0.7046	0.6567	0.7772	0.7473	0.7804	0.6870			
2019	1.0400	0.4200	1.4600	0.7046	0.6565	0.7572	0.7200	0.7767	0.7340			
2020	0.9700	0.4200	1.3900	0.7696	0.6466	0.7572	0.7200	0.7766	0.7340			
2021	0.9513	0.3050	1.2563	0.7696	0.6398	0.7450	0.7200	0.7763	0.7086			
2022	0.9384	0.3179	1.2563	0.7570	0.6165	0.7450	0.7007	0.7733	0.7086			
2023	0.8546	0.3179	1.1725	0.7167	0.5796	0.6810	0.6504	0.7458	0.6581			

Source: Appropriate government entities' tax departments.

Note: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

The District tax rate is set in accordance with the Texas Education Code and Texas Tax Code

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			2023				2014	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
BVFV	\$	300,630,080	1	1.41%	\$	_		
BMEF	Ψ	276,500,000	2	1.29%	Ψ			
Kraft Foods/ U.S. Foods		197,988,187	3	0.93%		83,408,820	3	0.64%
NTT Global		136,309,850	4	0.64%		05,.00,020		0.0.70
Oboe LLC		134,451,210	5	0.63%				
Harmony Hill LLC		128,025,360	6	0.60%				
Walmart/Sams		114,965,120	7	0.54%		121,317,680	2	0.93%
Oncor		101,621,110	8	0.48%		64,782,530	5	0.50%
TX Parkside		100,934,010	9	0.47%				
Omnient Town Center		100,000,000	10	0.47%				
Simon Property Group						127,036,990	1	0.97%
Verizon/G.T.E.						67,925,650	4	0.52%
Sears Roebuck Co.						63,684,490	6	0.49%
Landmark at Lakeways						56,416,610	7	0.43%
Plastipak Packaging						52,948,777	8	0.41%
Engineered Polymer						49,711,257	9	0.38%
S S T Truck						46,403,250	10	0.36%
Total	\$	1,591,424,927		7.46%	\$	733,636,054		5.63%

Source: Dallas Central Appraisal District.

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS PRIOR (UNAUDITED)

		Collected Within th	e Fiscal Year	Collec	tions other than		
		of the Le	evy	Current Year		 Total Collections to Date	
	Taxes Levied		Percentage				Percentage
Fiscal Year	for the		of	I	Delinquent		of
Ending	Fiscal Year	Amount (1)	Levy		Taxes	Amount (2)	Levy (3)
2014	\$ 163,743,590	\$ 163,150,757	99.64%	\$	939,079	\$ 164,089,836	100.21%
2015	171,428,296	170,432,734	99.42%		1,113,835	171,546,569	100.07%
2016	189,482,711	188,970,074	99.73%		1,164,457	190,134,531	100.34%
2017	224,287,930	222,388,900	99.15%		1,162,676	223,551,576	99.67%
2018	247,692,044	245,609,092	99.16%		747,395	246,356,487	99.46%
2019	275,024,718	271,302,643	98.65%		2,298,643	273,601,286	99.48%
2020	285,501,471	281,232,708	98.50%		2,449,703	283,682,411	99.36%
2021	282,599,717	278,778,941	98.65%		1,515,546	280,294,487	99.18%
2022	298,877,100	295,136,156	98.75%		917,973	296,054,129	99.06%
2023	325,740,392	320,851,407	98.50%		-	320,851,407	98.50%

Source: Dallas Central Appraisal District and District records.

#### Notes:

- (1) The Garland ISD Tax Office is the collecting agent for the District
- (2) Total cash collections are total cash net of interest and penalty collections and other judgments
- (3) Total Collections as a percentage of the levy may exceed 100% as a result of the collection of Ag Rollback taxes which do not result in an adjustment of the levy.

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

_		Governmental	Governmental Activities				Ratio of	Outstanding	
	General					Total	Debt to	Debt	
Fiscal Year	Obligation	Notes				Primary	Assessed	Per	
Ending	Bonds (2)	Payable	Leases (3)	SBITA		Government	Value	Capita	
2014	270 027 625		1 122 602		Φ	201 260 227	2.020/	1 220	
2014	379,927,635		1,432,602		\$	381,360,237	2.92%	1,329	
2015	545,521,903		1,055,034		\$	546,576,937	4.00%	1,898	
2016	504,535,143		3,636,975		\$	508,172,118	3.63%	1,741	
2017	620,993,611		2,936,191		\$	623,929,802	4.06%	2,077	
2018	657,001,234		2,217,326		\$	659,218,560	3.70%	2,179	
2019	606,644,756	404,545	1,604,125		\$	608,653,426	3.09%	1,983	
2020	557,829,529	6,466,357	983,047		\$	565,278,933	2.65%	1,828	
2021	508,692,699	6,044,757	478,438		\$	515,215,894	2.18%	1,672	
2022	461,796,316	5,593,284	635,978		\$	468,025,578	1.91%	1,534	
2023	380,456,448	5,182,134	4,882,480	13,393,154	\$	403,914,216	1.40%	1,287	

Source: Dallas Central Appraisal District and District records.

#### Note:

- (1) The ratio of outstanding debt to personal income has not been included as personal income data is not available.
- (2) Includes accreted interest and premium on bond issuance.
- (3) GASB No. 87, Leases, was implemented in FY 2022. Lease balances prior to FY 2022 were presented in accordance with lease guidance in effect at that time.
- (4) GASB No. 96, SBITA, was implemented in FY 2023. SBITA's prior to FY 2023 were presented in accordance with guidance in effect at that time.

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING AS OF JUNE 30, 2020 (UNAUDITED)

				Percentage of	
				Estimated	
	General	Less: Reserve for		Actual Taxable	
Fiscal	Obligation	Retirement of		Value of	Per
Year Ended	Bonds (1)	Bonded Debt (2)	Total	Property (3)	Capita (4)
2014	379,927,635	5,841,400	374,086,235	2.86%	1,303
2015	545,521,903	9,556,908	535,964,995	3.92%	1,861
2016	504,535,143	8,043,823	496,491,320	3.55%	1,701
2017	620,993,611	13,172,040	607,821,571	3.96%	2,024
2018	657,001,234	22,490,186	634,511,048	3.56%	2,097
2019	606,644,756	42,716,002	563,928,754	2.86%	1,837
2020	557,829,529	64,641,353	493,188,176	2.31%	1,595
2021	508,692,699	71,019,364	437,673,335	1.86%	1,420
2022	461,796,316	86,051,888	375,744,428	1.53%	1,232
2023	380,456,448	88,907,143	291,549,305	1.01%	929

#### Source:

- (1) This is the general bonded debt of both governmental and business-type activities, net of original issuance discounts and premiums
- (2) This is the amount restricted for debt service principal payments
- (3) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and the Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property value data
- (4) Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	`	,		
		Estimated		Estimated Share of Direct and
	Debt	Percentage		Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstand	U		Debt
Direct:				
Garland Independent School District				
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 380,45	66,448 100.00%	\$	380,456,448
Notes Payable		32,134 100.00%		5,182,134
Leases		<u>100.00</u> %		13,393,154
Total Direct Debt	399,03	31,736		399,031,736
Overlapping:				
City of Garland	391,32	20,000 90.98%		356,022,936
City of Rowlett	112,41	0,000 86.37%		97,088,517
City of Sachse	58,73	61.15%		35,913,395
City of Dallas	2,175,17	75,416 0.24%		5,220,421
City of Mesquite	202,82	20,000 0.07%		141,974
City of Richardson	374,49	0,000 0.15%		561,735
City of Wylie	63,53	35,000 2.17%		1,378,710
Dallas County	236,60	05,000 8.02%		18,975,721
Dallas County Community College District	375,51	5,000 8.02%		30,116,303
Dallas County Hospital District	559,90	<u>05,000</u> 8.02%		44,904,381
Total Overlapping Debt	4,550,50	05,416		590,324,093
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 4,949,53	37,152	\$	989,355,829
Taxable Assessed Valuation			2	28,883,975,715
Ratio of Direct and Overlapping Debt to taxable ass	sessed valuation			3.43%
Direct and Overlapping Debt per Capita			\$	3,387

Source: Debt outstanding and estimated percentage applicable for taxing entities other than the District was obtained from the Municipal Advisory Council of Texas.

#### Note:

(1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. The overlapping percentage represents an estimate of the overlapping geographic area between the District and the respective governments listed above. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses within the boundaries of the District. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Chapter 45 (School District Funds) Subchapter A (Taxes Bonds and Maintenance Taxes) of the Texas Education Code governs the issuance of bonds by independent school districts in the State of Texas. Key points regarding limitations on the issuance of bonds are:

- Sec. 45.001(b) The bonds must mature serially or otherwise not more than 40 years from their date.
- Sec. 45.0031(a) Before issuing bonds described by Section 45.001, a school district must demonstrate to the attorney general under Subsection (b) or (c) that, with respect to the proposed issuance, the district has a projected ability to pay the principal of and interest on the proposed bonds and all previously issued bonds other than bonds authorized to be issued at an election held on or before April, 1 1991, and issued before September 1, 1992, from a tax at a rate not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of valuation.

The full text of Chapter 45 of the Texas Education Code can be found at www.capitol.state.tx.us.

The District's debt service tax rate for fiscal year 2022 is \$0.3179 per \$100 of valuation.

Source: Texas Education Code and District records.

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Period Ending	Estimated Population	Personal Income (hundreds of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income (dollars)	Unemployment Rate
	•	<u> </u>		
2014	287,049	(1)	(1)	5.6%
2015	287,927	(1)	(1)	4.1%
2016	291,956	(1)	(1)	3.9%
2017	300,347	(1)	(1)	3.1%
2018	302,602	(1)	(1)	3.2%
2019	306,932	(1)	(1)	3.3%
2020	309,221	(1)	(1)	3.3%
2021	308,193	70,302	(1)	4.4%
2022	305,018	(1)	(1)	3.7%
2023	313,777	(1)	(1)	4.1%

#### Sources:

Population: District estimate

Personal Income (thousands of dollars): U. S. Bureau of Economic Analysis - Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX Metropolitan Division

Per Capita Personal Income (dollars): U. S. Bureau of Economic Analysis - Dallas-Plano-Irving, TX Metropolitan Division

Unemployment Rate: U.S. Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics

#### Note:

(1) Data not available

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

		2023			2014	
	•		Percentage of			Percentage of
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Garland ISD	7,173	1	50.29%	7,300	1	47.10%
City of Garland	2,000	2	14.02%	2,000	2	12.90%
Kraft Heinz Company	1,200	3	8.41%			
Baylor Scott & White Medical Center - Lake Pointe	721	4	5.05%			
Wal-Mart Super Centers	663	5	4.65%	1,250	4	8.06%
Sherwin Williams / Valspar	540	6	3.79%			
City of Rowlett	521	7	3.65%			
US Food Service	520	8	3.65%	520	6	3.35%
Hatco (Resistal)	500	9	3.51%			
Anderson Windows	425	10	2.98%			
Raytheon				1,700	3	10.97%
Baylor Medical Center Garland				1,185	5	7.65%
APEX Took Group				467	7	3.01%
Atlas Copco				409	8	2.64%
Home Depot				339	9	2.19%
Karlee				330	10	2.13%
Total	14,263		100.00%	15,500		100.00%

Source: Garland Chamber of Commerce

Notes:

<sup>\*</sup> Total employment for all employers within the District is not available

### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT FULL TIME EQUIVALENT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNADUTIED)

	Full Time Equivalent Employees					
	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Teachers	3,646.8	3,679.1	3,664.0	3,648.3		
Professional Support						
Athletic Trainer	4.8	6.7	8.2	7.2		
Audiologist	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Campus Professional Personnel	31.3	27.2	26.0	24.6		
Corrective Therapist	-	-	-	-		
Counselor	134.6	140.2	139.3	140.6		
Department Head	12.7	-	-	-		
Educational Diagnostician	56.6	57.8	56.8	54.2		
Librarian	75.0	72.9	74.8	69.0		
LSSP/Psychologist	8.0	9.0	9.0	9.0		
Musical Therapist	1.0	0.7	1.0	1.0		
Non-Campus Professional Personnel	173.3	183.5	197.5	207.1		
Occupational Therapist	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0		
Orientation/Mobility Instructor	2.0	0.9	2.0	2.0		
Physical Therapist	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0		
Psychological Associate	-	-	-	-		
School Nurse	82.0	82.0	85.0	84.0		
Social Worker	7.0	6.0	7.0	7.0		
Speech Therapist/Speech-Language Pathologist	52.5	54.6	56.1	56.1		
Teacher Facilitator	107.2	107.4	117.3	127.1		
Visiting Teacher	4.0	4.0	3.0	2.0		
Work-Based Learning Site Coordinator	4.3	-	-	-		
Total Professional Support	774.3	770.9	801.0	808.9		
Campus Administration						
Assistant Principal	108.9	106.8	116.0	112.9		
Principal	71.0	71.0	70.1	71.2		
Teacher Supervisor	0.1	71.0	70.1	-		
Registrar	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
Total Campus Administration	182.0	179.8	188.1	186.1		
Central Administration	102.0	177.0	100.1	100.1		
	5.5	5.5	5.0	2.0		
Assistant/Assoc/Deputy Superintendent Instructional Coach	3.3	3.3	3.0	3.0		
	19.0	16.0	16.0	13.0		
District Instructional Program Director Superintendent	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0		
Teacher Supervisor	27.5	27.5	26.8	22.5		
Athletic Director	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.0		
Business Manager	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Tax Assessor and/or Collector	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Director of Personnel/HR	4.0	4.0	4.0	2.9		
Total Central Administration	61.0	58.0	56.8	46.4		
Educational Aides	516.7	547.2	538.1	552.4		
Auxiliary Staff	2,126.8	2,183.4	2,044.7	1,997.7		
Total All Full Time Equivalent Employees	7,307.6	7,418.4	7,292.7	7,239.8		

Source: District records for the fall PEIMS submission

Eu11 7	Cimo.	Far	1111010	nt En	nnlovees
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2018	2019	Time Equiva 2020	2021	2022	2023
3,643.9	3,668.2	3,594.1	3,609.3	3,448.1	3,476.4
9.1	7.5	7.30	8.0	14.0	11.0
2.0	2.0	2.00	2.0	2.0	2.0
28.7	32.0	33.00	30.7	29.1	35.4
-	-	-	-	-	-
144.5	144.5	154.50	159.9	157.4	155.6
1.0	-	-	-	_	1.0
56.8	56.8	54.20	55.8	54.8	53.6
74.9	76.0	75.10	75.0	67.0	68.8
8.9	9.0	9.00	9.0	8.0	6.9
1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	1.0	1.0
209.2	212.0	222.50	223.1	249.4	244.8
10.0	11.0	10.00	11.9	12.0	12.0
2.0	2.4	2.20	2.1	2.2	1.2
6.0	6.0	6.00	5.0	5.0	5.0
-	-	-	-	-	-
84.2	85.0	83.30	86.3	86.9	87.9
7.0	7.0	3.00	2.0	2.2	1.5
55.2	56.0	53.20	55.6	51.4	53.4
136.1	141.7	134.40	160.0	129.5	178.0
1.0	1.0	1.00	2.0	2.0	2.0
837.6	850.9	851.7	889.4	873.9	921.1
637.0	830.9	631.7	007.4	673.9	921.1
117.2	1176	1155	115 /	115 6	117.0
117.3 73.0	117.6 72.8	115.5 73.6	115.4 70.3	115.6 71.0	117.2 71.0
73.0	12.0			71.0	/1.0
-	-	2.0	2.0	-	-
190.3	190.4	191.1	187.7	186.6	188.2
170.5	170	171.1	107.7	100.0	100.2
2.0	3.0	3.0	4.9	4.0	4.0
-	-	-	-	-	18.0
16.0	14.0	12.0	12.5	10.0	10.1
2.0	3.0	3.0	1.0	2.0	3.0
22.0	22.0	21.0	22.4	22.0	23.5
1.0	-	-	-	0.5	-
0.5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
4.0	3.0				
4.0	47.0	44.0	45.8	43.5	63.6
			45.8 569.9	43.5 577.8	63.6 629.7
48.5	47.0	44.0			

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNADUTIED)

Percentage of Students Receiving Free or

Fiscal Year	Enrollment	Operating Expenditures(1)	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Reduced-Price Meals
2014	57,616	413,888,034	7,184	6.21%	3,647	15.8	60.8%
2015	57,436	432,733,720	7,534	4.55%	3,679	15.6	60.5%
2016	57,517	448,433,858	7,797	3.63%	3,664	15.7	65.6%
2017	57,029	448,968,306	7,873	0.12%	3,648	15.6	63.8%
2018	56,471	473,451,617	8,384	5.45%	3,644	15.5	60.6%
2019	55,987	421,154,072	7,522	-11.05%	3,668	15.3	64.8%
2020	55,701	482,641,273	8,665	14.60%	3,594	15.5	65.8%
2021	53,921	506,958,474	9,402	5.04%	3,609	14.9	70.7%
2022	53,674	496,173,061	9,244	-2.13%	3,448	15.6	74.0%
2023	52,767	528,217,618	10,010	6.46%	3,476	15.2	71.5%

Source: District records

Note:

(1) Operating expenditures represent general fund only.

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT OPERATING INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNADUTIED)

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Teachers By Highest Degree Held										
No Degree	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	0.8%	0.7%	0.8%	1.4%	0.6%
Bachelors	69.8%	69.4%	69.5%	69.2%	68.9%	67.6%	66.7%	66.8%	67.4%	69.9%
Masters	28.8%	29.3%	29.3%	29.4%	29.4%	30.6%	31.6%	31.4%	30.1%	28.2%
Doctorate	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	1.0%	1.1%	1.2%	1.3%
Teachers By Years of Experience										
Beginning Teachers	5.3%	4.5%	5.3%	4.9%	5.1%	4.5%	4.1%	5.3%	5.9%	13.8%
1 - 5 Years of Experience	22.9%	25.0%	27.2%	28.3%	29.6%	29.2%	27.2%	25.7%	24.9%	23.1%
6 - 10 Years of Experience	27.9%	25.9%	23.1%	21.4%	20.1%	19.9%	21.2%	22.3%	23.3%	19.9%
11 - 20 Years of Experience	28.8%	29.8%	30.2%	30.7%	31.4%	32.3%	32.9%	31.8%	30.8%	28.2%
Over 20 Years of Experience	15.0%	14.8%	14.2%	14.7%	13.8%	14.2%	14.6%	15.0%	15.1%	14.9%
Average Salaries by Experience										
Beginning Teachers	\$48,899	\$50,150	\$50,862	\$52,334	\$52,304	\$54,248	\$54,569	\$55,538	\$ 50,358	\$60,960
1 - 5 Years of Experience	\$49,232	\$50,565	\$52,115	\$53,263	\$54,149	\$54,851	\$56,593	\$56,856	\$ 57,738	\$ 61,905
6 - 10 Years of Experience	\$50,572	\$51,730	\$53,299	\$54,415	\$55,548	\$56,337	\$58,211	\$58,782	\$60,188	\$ 63,571
11 - 20 Years of Experience	\$52,332	\$53,729	\$55,083	\$56,124	\$57,223	\$58,241	\$60,343	\$61,464	\$ 62,654	\$ 66,337
Over 20 Years of Experience	\$59,925	\$61,323	\$61,984	\$62,358	\$63,055	\$63,806	\$65,504	\$65,775	\$ 66,560	\$70,216
Student Teacher Ratio	15.8	15.6	15.7	15.6	15.5	15.3	15.5	14.9	15.6	15.2

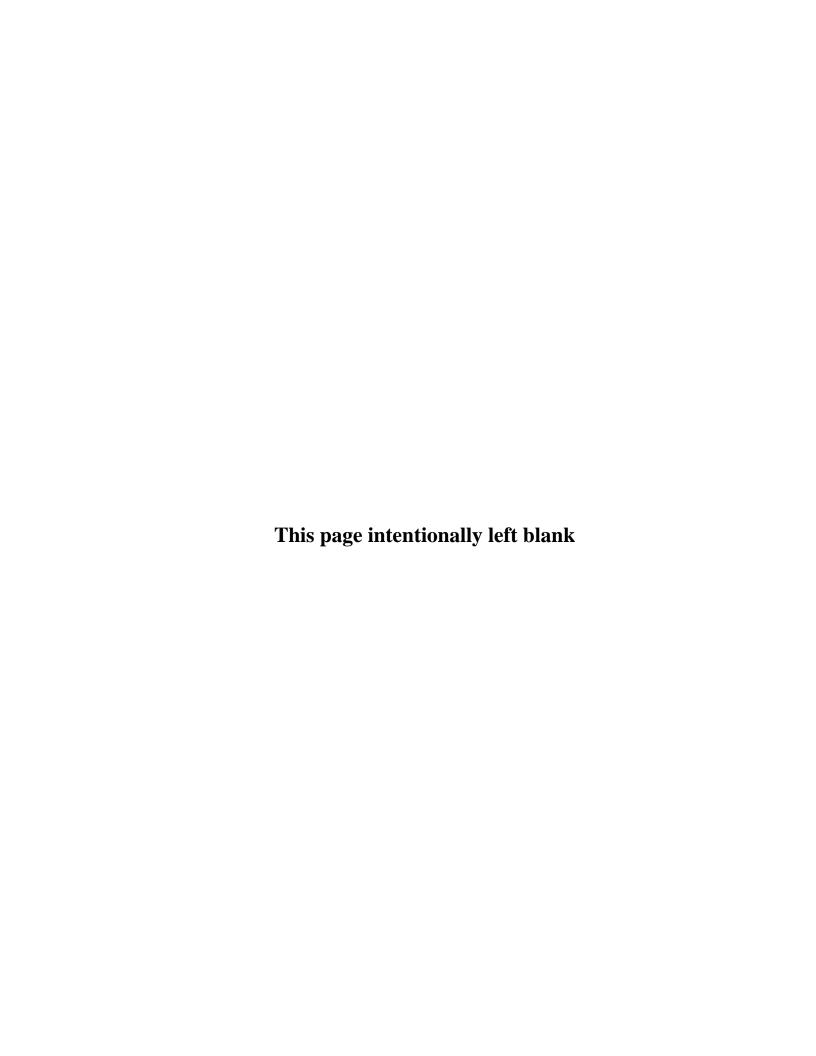
Source: District records for the fall PEIMS submission

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNADUTIED)

	Fiscal Year									
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Schools:										
Elementary										
Buildings	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47	47
Enrollment	26,351	26,135	25,971	25,579	24,246	23,606	23,208	22,062	21,843	21,642
Middle										
Buildings	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Enrollment	12,715	12,754	12,595	12,757	12,663	12,830	12,996	12,766	12,141	11,343
High										
Buildings	7	7	7	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Enrollment	16,993	17,091	17,470	17,474	17,439	17,324	17,312	17,210	17,325	17,375
	10,775	17,071	17,170	17,171	17,137	17,521	17,312	17,210	17,525	17,575
Pre-K		2				2			2	•
Buildings	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2 002	2 107
Enrollment	1,217	1,098	1,132	1,086	1,924	1,950	1,900	1,664	2,093	2,107
Other										
Buildings	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Enrollment	340	358	349	133	199	277	285	219	272	300
Student Services										
Buildings:										
Enrollment Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Transportation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Infant Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Other										
Buildings:										
Administration	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tax Office	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Technology	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Professional Development Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Curtis Culwell Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Facility Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Agriculture Training Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Athletics										
Stadiums (includes Athletic Office)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Running Tracks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Tennis Courts	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Softball Fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Baseball Fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7

Source: District records







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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Garland Independent School District Garland, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Garland Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2023.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To the Board of Trustees
Garland Independent School District

Whitley FERN LLP

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dallas, Texas

November 14, 2023



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Garland Independent School District Garland, Texas

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

#### **Opinion On Each Major Program**

We have audited Garland Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Basis for Opinion On Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
  audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
  regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such
  other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
  over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
  on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

To the Board of Trustees
Garland Independent School District

Whitley FERN LLP

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dallas, Texas

November 14, 2023

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(1) FEDERAL GRANTOR/	(2) ASSISTANCE	(3) PASS-THROUGH	TOTAL
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	LISTING	ENTITY IDENTIFYING	FEDERAL
PROGRAM OF CLUSTER TITLE	NUMBER	NUMBER	EXPENDITURES
US Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education			
Texas Education for Homeless Children & Youth	84.196A	224600057110030	\$ 18,974
Texas Education for Homeless Children & Youth	84.196A	234600057110030	79,081
Total ALN 84.196A			98,055
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101057909	510,168
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101057909	16,676,389
2021-2022 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	216101627110019	20,624
2021-2022 School Action Fund - Planning 2021-2022 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A 84.010A	216101627110020 216101627110021	9,642 9,654
2021-2022 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	216101627110021	22,410
2021-2022 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	216101627110023	15,297
2021-2022 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	216101627110024	19,355
2022-2024 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	236101627110009	105,646
2022-2024 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	236101627110010	154,752
2022-2024 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A	236101627110011	117,904
2022-2024 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A 84.010A	236101627110012	263,606
2022-2024 School Action Fund - Planning 2022-2024 School Action Fund - Planning	84.010A 84.010A	236101627110013 236101627110014	127,946 178,076
Total ALN 84.010A	04.010A	230101027110014	18,231,469
			10,231,109
Special Education Cluster IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	226600010579096600	278,455
IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	236600010579096600	10,091,906
IDEA - Part B, Formula ARP - COVID-19	84.027X	225350010579095350	2,052,775
IDEA - Part B, Formula ARP - COVID-19	84.027X	225360020579095360	88,794
IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A	226610010579096610	2,106
IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A	236610010579096610	157,860
Total Special Education Cluster (84.027A, 84.173A)			12,671,896
Vocation Education - Basic Grant	84.048A	22420006057909	14,572
Vocation Education - Basic Grant	84.048A	23420006057909	706,115
Total ALN 84.048A			720,687
ESEA Title III, Part A, ELA	84.365A	22671001057909	55,629
ESEA Title III, Part A, ELA	84.365A	23671001057909	2,569,304
Total ALN 84.365A			2,624,933
ESEA Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	22694501057909	95,758
ESEA Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	23694501057909	2,180,812
Total ALN 84.367A			2,276,570
ESEA Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	23680101057909	646,328
Total ALN 84.424A			646,328
ESSER GRANT - COVID-19	84.425D	20521001057909	12,173
CRRSA ESSER GRANT - COVID-19	84.425D	21521001057909	30,244,053
ARP ESSER III - COVID-19 TOLAS ESSER III HICH OHALITY AFTER SCHOOL COVID 10	84.425U	21528001057909 215280587110058	9,358,148
TCLAS ESSER III HIGH-QUALITY AFTER-SCHOOL - COVID-19 TCLAS - ESSER III - COVID-19	84.425U 84.425U	21528042057909	241,448 1,419,210
ARP ESSER III Homeless I TEHCY Supplemental- COVID-19	84.425U	215280587110058	18,356
Total ALN 84.425D			41,293,388
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69552002	98,891
COVID-19 School Health Support Grant	93.323	39352201	1,260,764
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			79,922,981
Total US Department of Education			79,922,981
US Department of Health & Human Services			
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			
Medicaid Administrative Claiming	93.778	HHS000537900274	526,629
Total Medicaid Cluster (93.778)			526,629
Human Services Commission			526,629
Total US Department of Health and Human Services			526,629
Co Department of French and Human Dol 1900			520,027

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(1)	(2)	(3)	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OF CLUSTER TITLE	ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PASS-THROUGH ENTITY IDENTIFYING NUMBER	TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES
	NUMBER	NUMBER	EAFENDITURES
US Department of Justice			
Preventing School Violence	16.839	O-BJA-2021-47003	129,070
Total Federal Communicatons Commission			129,070
Total US Department of Justice			127,000
Federal Communications Comission			
Emergency Connectivity - COVID-19	32.009		405,000
Total Federal Communicatons Commission			405,000
US Department of Agriculture			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Passed Through State Department of Education			
School Breakfast Program - Cash Assistance	10.553	NT4XL1YGLGC5	6,205,131
National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	22,084,835
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			28,289,966
Passed Through State Department of Agriculture			
USDA Donated Commodities - Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	1,609,556
Supply Chain Assistance Grant	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	2,035,137
NSLP Equipment Assistance Grant	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	25,600
Summer Food Service Program - Cash Assistance	10.559	NT4XL1YGLGC5	230,125
Total Passed Through State Department of Agriculture			3,900,418
Total Child Nutrition Cluster (10.553, 10.555, 10.559)			32,190,384
COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT)	10.649	NT4XL1YGLGC5	5,950
Child and Adult Care Food Program - Cash Assistance	10.558	NT4XL1YGLGC5	360,021
Total US Department of Agriculture			32,556,355
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 113,540,035

<sup>\*\*</sup> Total Title IV, Part A funds Transferred to Title I Part A See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

#### GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Note 1. Fund Types

The District utilizes the fund types specified in the Texas Education Agency Resource Guide.

**Special Revenue Fund** – used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state awards generally are accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified grant periods.

#### Note 2. Accounting and Financial Reporting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal grant funds were accounted for in the Special Revenue Fund, which are Governmental Funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards was prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Funds. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned. The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de-minimis indirect cost rate.

# Note 3. Period of Availability

The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extends 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H: Period of Availability of Federal Funds, Part 3, OMB Compliance Supplement.

#### Note 4. Contingent Liabilities

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refund of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2023, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

# Note 5. Title I, Part A Transferability

As described in the U.S. Department of Education Cross-Cutting Section (ALN 84.000), sections III.A.3 Activities *Allowed* or *Unallowed* - *Transferability* (*SEAs and LEAs*) and IV.3 *Other Information* - *Transferability* of the 2023 OMB Compliance Supplement, expenditures of funds should be included in the audit universe and total expenditures of the receiving program. For fiscal year 2023, the District transferred Title IV, Part A (ALN 84.424) expenditures to its Title I, Part A (ALN 84.010A) program as submitted to the Texas Education Agency in its consolidated application and as denoted on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. As such, Title IV, Part A (ALN 84.424) expenditures were included as part of Title I, Part A (ALN 84.010).

# GARLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### Note 6. Reconciliation to the Basic Financial Statements

The following is a reconciliation of expenditures of federal awards program per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and federal revenues reported on Exhibit C-2 of the District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report:

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards	\$ 113,540,035
School Health and Related Services (SHARS)	5,363,674
JROTC	77,138
E-Rate	125,730
Qualified School Construction Bonds Interest Subsidy	474,313
Federal Revenues Reported on Exhibit C-2	\$ 119,580,890

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

#### I. Summary of Auditors' Results

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness (es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No

#### **Federal Awards**

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?

#### Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Assistance Listing Number

No

\$3,000,000

#### **US Department of Health and Human Services**

COVID-19 School Health Support Grant 93.323

#### **US Department of Education**

 ESSER Grant - COVID-19
 84.425D

 CRRSA ESSER II - COVID-19
 84.425D

 ARP ESSER III - COVID-19
 84.425U

 TCLAS - ESSER III - COVID-19
 84.425U

ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs 84.010A School Action Fund - Planning 84.010A

Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and Type B Federal

**Programs** 

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

**II. Financial Statement Findings** 

None reported

**III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs** 

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal regulations, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Section 200.511 states, "The auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings." The summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs and
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

# I. Prior Audit Findings

No prior year findings reported.

**CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN** 

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal regulations, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511 states, "At the completion of the audit, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in the current year auditor's reports."

#### I. Corrective Action Plan

Not applicable