Seizure Management and Treatment Plan Form



This form is designed to help create a plan for managing student seizures. It consists of questions about seizure history, medications, precautions, and other considerations. This form should be completed jointly by the student's parents and treating physician and provided to the campus nurse or other appropriately identified personnel.

Student Name:		Date of Birth:	Date:
Parent/Guardian:	Phone:	Email:	
Emergency Contact/ Relationship:	Phone:	Email:	

Seizure Information

Seizure Type	Length (How long it lasts)	Frequency (How often)	What Happens During a Seizure

Known Seizure Triggers or Warning Signs

- Missed Medicine
- Emotional Stress
- Lack of Sleep

- Physical Stress
- Flashing Lights
- Missing Meals

- □ Illness with High Fever □ Alcohol/Drugs
- Menstrual Cycle

Response to specific food or excess caffeine. Specify:

VNS/Devices

Devices: VNS RNS DBS	
Date Implanted:	
Magnet Use/Instructions:	

Other:	

Basic first aid to be provided during a seizure

- STAY calm, keep calm, begin timing the seizure
- Keep the student **SAFE**: remove harmful objects, don't restrain, and protect their head
- Turn the student on **SIDE** if not awake, keep airway clear, don't put objects in mouth
- STAY until the student recovers
- SWIPE magnet for VNS
- Write down what happened during the seizure
- Other:

When to call 911 - A seizure emergency for the student

- · Seizure with a loss of consciousness longer than five minutes and not responding to rescue medicine if available
- Repeated seizures lasting longer than 10 minutes, with no recovery between them and the student is not responding to available rescue medicine
- · Difficulty breathing after seizure
- Serious injury occurs or is suspected; seizure in water

When to call student's doctor first

- A change in seizure type, number, or pattern
- Student does not return to usual behavior (i.e., confused for a long period)
- A first time seizure that stops on its own
- · Other medical problems or a pregnancy needs to be checked

Seizure Emergency Protocol for District Personnel to Follow

· Administer emergency medications

- · Notify Parent or emergency contact and doctor
- · Other:

· Contact school nurse: · Call 911; transport to:

> Check here if the school administrator may assign and the School RN will train and unlicensed school employee to administer Diazepam only in the event a school RN is not present. *Midazolam can only be given by an RN

When and What to Do When Rescue Therapy is Needed

If seizure (cluster, # or length):	If seizure (cluster, # or length):
Name of Med/Rx:	Name of Med/Rx:
How much to give (dose):	How much to give (dose):
How to give:	How to give:
**** If student is not transported to hospital, student will be releas	ed to parent in order to ensure extended observation at home. ****
Student's Response and Care After a Seizure	

What type of help is needed?

When is the student able to resume usual activity?

Does the student need to leave the classroom? Yes \Box No \Box

If yes, when can the student return to the classroom?

Is the student able to manage and understand their seizures? Yes 🗌 No 🗌

Special Instructions

First Responders: **Emergency Department:**

Daily Seizure Medication

Medication Name	Dosage	Time to be Given	Common Side Effects	Special Instructions

they information

s, sports, etc.):
Phone:
Phone:
Phone:
Phone:
Date:

Form defined by TEC §38.032 &GISD

Date: